

**COURSE STRUCTURE
&
DETAILED SYLLABUS
(R23 Regulation)**

**For
Bachelor of Technology
B.Tech (CSE)
(Applicable for Batches Admitted from 2023-2024)**

**Department of
COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING
(Applicable for Batches Admitted from 2023-2024)**



**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING
JNTU-GV, COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, VIZIANAGARAM (A)
JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY- GURAJADA VIZIANAGARAM
VIZIANAGARAM - 535003, ANDHRA PRADESH, INDIA**

B.Tech - COURSE STRUCTURE – R23**(Applicable from the academic year 2023-24 onwards)**

I-B.Tech I-Semester							
S.No	Category	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	Credits
1.	BS	R23BS01	Linear Algebra & Calculus	3	0	0	3
2.	BS	R23BS03	Engineering Physics	3	0	0	3
3.	HS	R23HS01	Communicative English	2	0	0	2
4.	ES	R23ES01	Basic Civil & Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0	3
5.	ES	R23ES07	Introduction to Programming	3	0	0	3
6.	HS	R23HS01	Communicative English Lab	0	0	2	1
7.	BS	R23BS03	Engineering Physics Lab	0	0	2	1
8.	BS	R23ES02	Engineering Workshop	0	0	3	1.5
9.	ES	R23ES06	IT Workshop	0	0	2	1
10.	ES	R23ES07	Computer Programming Lab	0	0	3	1.5
11.	Audit	R23MC01	Health and Wellness, Yoga and Sports	0	0	1	0.5
			Total				20.5

I-B.Tech II-Semester							
S.No	Category	Course Code	Course Name	L	T	P	Credits
1.	BS	R23BS02	Differential Equations and Vector calculus	3	0	0	3
2.	BS	R23BS05	Chemistry	3	0	0	3
3.	ES	R23ES03	Engineering Graphics	1	0	4	3
4.	ES	R23ES04	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering	3	0	0	3
5.	PC	R23PC04	Data Structures	3	0	0	3
6.	BS	R23BS05	Chemistry Lab	0	0	2	1
7.	ES	R23ES05	Electrical & Electronics Engineering workshop	0	0	3	1.5
8.	PC	R23PC04	Data Structures Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9.	Audit	R23MC02	NSS/NCC/Scouts & Guides/Community Service	0	0	1	0.5
			Total				19.5

II-B.Tech II-Semester						
S.No	Category	Course Name	L	T	P	Credits
1.	Management Elective-I	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	2	0	0	2
2.	BS	Probability & Statistics	3	0	0	3
3.	PC	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3
4.	PC	Object Oriented Programming Through JAVA	3	0	0	3
5.	PC	Formal Languages and Automata Theory	3	0	0	3
6.	PC	Operating Systems Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7.	PC	Object Oriented Programming Through JAVA Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8.	Skill Enhancement Course	Full Stack Development-I	0	1	2	2
9.	BS & H	Design Thinking & Innovations	1	0	2	2
		Total	15	1	10	21
Mandatory Community Service Project Internship of 08 weeks duration during summer vacation						

III-B.Tech I-Semester						
S.No	Category	Course Name	L	T	P	Credits
1.	Professional Core	Data Warehousing and Data Mining	3	0	0	3
2.	Professional Core	Compiler Design	3	0	0	3
3.	Professional Core	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	3	0	0	3
4.	Professional Elective-I	1. DevOps 2. Computer Architecture 3. Principles of Programming Languages 4. Computer Graphics 5. 12 week MOOC Swayam/ NPTEL course recommended by the BoS	3	0	0	3
5.	Open Elective-I		3	0	0	3
6.	Professional Core	Data Mining Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7.	Professional Core	Compiler Design Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8.	Skill Enhancement Course	Full Stack Development-2	0	1	2	2
9.	Engineering Science	Tinkering LAB	0	0	2	1
10.	Evaluation of Community Service Internship		--	--	--	2
Total			15	1	10	23
MC	Minor Course (Student may select from the same specialized minors pool)		3	0	0	3
MC	Minor Course through SWAYAM/NPTEL (minimum 12 week, 3 credit course)		3	0	0	3
HC	Honors Course (Student may select from the same honors pool)		3	0	0	3
HC	Honors Course through SWAYAM/NPTEL (minimum 12 week, 3 credit course)		3	0	0	3

III-B.Tech II-Semester						
S.No	Category	Course Name	L	T	P	Credits
1.	Professional Core	Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning	3	0	0	3
2.	Professional Core	Object Oriented Software Engineering	3	0	0	3
3.	Professional Core	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
4.	Professional Elective- II	1. Prompt Engineering (Integrated)	2	0	2	3
		2. Mobile Computing	3	0	0	3
		3. Software Testing Methodologies				
		4. Natural Language Processing				
		5. 12 week MOOC Swayam/NPTEL course recommended by the BoS				
5.	Professional Elective- III	1. Distributed Systems 2. Internet of Things 3. Cloud Computing 4. Human Computer Interaction 5. 12 week MOOC Swayam/NPTEL course recommended by the BoS	3	0	0	3
6.	Open Elective-II		3	0	0	3
7.	Professional Core	Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8.	Professional Core	Object Oriented Software Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9.	Skill Enhancement Course	Soft skills // SWAYAM Plus - 21st Century Employability Skills	0	1	2	2
10.	Audit Course	Technical papers writing & IPR	2	0	0	-
Total			20	1	23	23
Mandatory Industry Internship of 08 weeks duration during summer vacation						
MC	Minor Course (Student may select from the same specialized minors pool)		3	0	0	3
MC	Minor Course through SWAYAM/NPTEL (minimum 12 week, 3 credit course)		3	0	0	3
HC	Honors Course (Student may select from the same honors pool)		3	0	0	3
HC	Honors Course through SWAYAM/NPTEL		3	0	0	3

	(minimum 12 week, 3 credit course)					
IV-B.Tech I-Semester						
S.No	Category	Course Name	L	T	P	Credits
1.	Professional Core	Cryptography and Network Security	3	0	0	3
2.	Management Course-II	Human Resources & Project Management	2	0	0	2
3.	Professional Elective- IV	1. Deep Learning 2. Cyber Security 3. Software Project Management 4. Big Data Analytics 5. 12 week MOOC Swayam/NPTEL course recommended by the BoS	3	0	0	3
4.	Professional Elective - V	1. Software Architecture and Design Patterns 2. Soft Computing 3. Quantum Computing 4. Blockchain Technologies 5. 12 week MOOC Swayam/NPTEL course recommended by the BoS	3	0	0	3
5.	Open Elective- III		3	0	0	3
6.	Open Elective-IV		3	0	0	3
7.	Skill Enhancement Course	No SQL Databases	0	1	2	2
8.	Audit Course	Constitution of India	2	0	0	--
9.	Internship	Evaluation of Industry Internship	--	--	--	2
Total			19	01	02	21
MC	Minor Course (Student may select from the same specialized minors pool)		3	0	0	3
MC	Minor Course through SWAYAM/NPTEL (minimum 12 week, 3 credit course)		3	0	0	3
HC	Honors Course (Student may select from the same honors pool)		3	0	0	3
HC	Honors Course through SWAYAM/NPTEL		3	0	0	3

	(minimum 12 week, 3 credit course)				
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B.Tech IV Year II Semester

S.No.	Category	Title	L	T	P	Credits
1	Internship & Project Work	Full semester Internship & Project Work	0	0	24	12

Note: *Student need to do at least ONE MOOC/NPTEL Course (of 3 credits out of 160 credits) to meet the mandatory requirement (11th criteria, as per R23 Regulations); they are allowed to register one semester in advance*

OPEN ELECTIVES OFFERED BY DEPARMENT OF CSE**Open Elective-I:**

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Data Structures	3	0	0	3
2	Database Management Systems	3	0	0	3
3	Computer Organization	3	0	0	3
4	Scripting Languages	3	0	0	3
5	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3

Open Elective-II:

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Web services	3	0	0	3
2	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
3	OOPS through Java	3	0	0	3
4	Fundamentals of Cloud Computing	3	0	0	3
5	Fundamentals of Information Security	3	0	0	3

Open Elective-III:

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Big Data Analytics	3	0	0	3
2	Block Chain Technologies	3	0	0	3
3	Cyber Security	3	0	0	3
4	Devops	3	0	0	3
5	Quantum Computing	3	0	0	3

Open Elective-IV:

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Fundamentals of Optimization Techniques	3	0	0	3
2	Computer Forensics and Law Protection	3	0	0	3
3	Ethical Hacking	3	0	0	3
4	Augmented Reality & Virtual Reality	3	0	0	3
5	Biometrics	3	0	0	3

HONOR DEGREE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**(I) Computer Networks**

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Data Communication	3	0	0	3
2	Internetworking with TCP/IP	3	0	0	3
3	Network Programming	3	0	0	3
4	Wireless Network Technologies	3	0	0	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course) (Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				6
Total					18

(II) Cyber Security

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Cyber Security Essentials	3	0	0	3
2	Secure Coding	3	0	0	3
3	Vulnerability Assessment & Penetration Testing	3	0	0	3
4	Malware Analysis	3	0	0	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course) (Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/ SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				6
Total					18

(III) Pattern Recognition

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Mathematics for Image Processing	3	0	0	3
2	Biometrics	3	0	0	3
3	Speech Processing	3	0	0	3
4	Advanced Computer Vision	3	0	0	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course)				6

	(Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/ SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				
Total					18

(IV) Data Science

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Mathematical Essential for Data Science	3	0	0	3
2	Introduction to Data Science	3	0	0	3
3	Data Analytics and Visualization	2	0	2	3
4	Python for Data Science	2	0	2	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course) (Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/ SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				6
Total					18

Note: Students who have registered for honors program can opt a maximum of two (02) courses per semester.

MINOR DEGREE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**(For Non CSE Students)****(I) Minor Degree in Computer Science & Engineering**

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Data Structures	2	0	2	3
2	Database Management Systems	2	0	2	3
3	Operating Systems	3	0	0	3
4	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course) (Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/ SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				6
Total					18

(II) Artificial Intelligence

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	3
2	Mathematics for Machine Learning	3	0	0	3
3	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3
4	Deep Learning	3	0	0	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course) (Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/ SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				6
Total					18

(III) Computer Security

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Cyber Security	3	0	0	3
2	Cyber Crime Investigation and Digital Forensics	3	0	0	3
3	Cryptography and Applications	3	0	0	3
4	Blockchain Technology	3	0	0	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course)				6

	(Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				
Total					18

(IV) Programming and Web Development

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Object Oriented Programming through Java (Integrated)	2	0	2	3
2	Basic Web Designing (Integrated)	2	0	2	3
3	Advanced Web Technologies (Integrated)	2	0	2	3
4	Mobile Application Development (Integrated)	2	0	2	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course) (Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				6
Total					18

(V) Advanced Computing

S.No	Subject Title	L	T	P	C
1	Computer Organization and Architecture	3	0	0	3
2	Distributed Systems	3	0	0	3
3	Cloud Computing	3	0	0	3
4	Quantum Computing	3	0	0	3
5	03 MOOCS courses @ 2credits each (8 weeks course) 02 MOOCS courses @ 3credits each (12 weeks course) (Any CSE/IT related Program Core subject from NPTEL/SWAYAM course other than the courses listed above needs to be taken)				6
Total					18

Note: Students who have registered for minors program can opt a maximum of two (02) courses per semester.

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

LINEAR ALGEBRA & CALCULUS**(Common to all branches)****Course Objectives:**

To equip the students with standard concepts and tools of mathematics to handle various real-world problems and their applications.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Develop matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications.
2. To find the eigen values and eigen vectors and solve the problems by using linear transformation
3. Learn important tools of calculus in higher dimensions.
4. Familiarize with functions of several variables which is useful in optimization.
5. Familiarize with double and triple integrals of functions of several variables in two and three dimensions.

UNIT - I:

Matrices Rank of a matrix by echelon form, normal form. Cauchy –Binet formulae (without proof). Inverse of Non- singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method System of linear equations: Solving system of Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations by Gauss elimination method, Gauss Seidel Iteration Method.

UNIT- II:

Linear Transformation and Orthogonal Transformation: Eigen values, Eigen vectors and their properties (without Proof), Diagonalization of a matrix, CayleyHamilton Theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Quadratic forms and Nature of the Quadratic Forms, Reduction of Quadratic form to canonical forms by Orthogonal Transformation

UNIT- III:

Calculus Mean Value Theorems: Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem with their geometrical interpretation, Cauchy's mean value theorem, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders (without proof), Problems and applications on the above theorems.

UNIT- IV:

Partial differentiation and Applications (Multi variable calculus) Partial derivatives, total derivatives, chain rule, change of variables, Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion of functions of two variables. Jacobians, maxima and minima of functions of two variables, method of Lagrange multipliers.

UNIT – V:

Multiple Integrals (Multi variable Calculus) Double integrals - change of variables (Cartesian and Polar coordinates), Change of order of integration, cylindrical and spherical coordinates. Finding areas (by double integrals) and volumes (by double integrals and triple integrals).

Text books:

1. B.S.Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44/e, Khanna Publishers, 2017.
2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10/e, John Wiley & Sons, 2018.

Reference Books:

1. R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 5/e, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2021 (9th reprint).
2. George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Thomas Calculus, 14th edition, Pearson Publishers, 2018.
3. Glyn James, Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, 5/e, Pearson publishers, 2018.
4. Michael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th edition, Pearson edn
5. H. K Das, Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S. Chand, 2021

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

ENGINEERING PHYSICS

(Common to all branches)

Course Objectives:

- To bridge the gap between the Physics in school at 10+2 level and UG level engineering courses by identifying the importance of the optical phenomenon like interference, diffraction etc, enlightening the periodic arrangement of atoms in crystalline solids and concepts of quantum mechanics, introduce novel concepts of dielectric and magnetic materials, physics of semiconductors.

Course Outcomes:

1. Analyze the intensity variation of light due to polarization, interference and diffraction.
2. Familiarize with the basics of crystals and their structures.
3. Explain fundamentals of quantum mechanics and apply it to one dimensional motion of particles.
4. Summarize various types of polarization of dielectrics and classify the magnetic materials.
5. Explain the basic concepts of Quantum Mechanics and the band theory of solids.
6. Identify the type of semiconductor using Hall effect.

UNIT - I:

Wave Optics Interference: Introduction - Principle of superposition –Interference of light - Interference in thin films (Reflection Geometry) & applications - Colours in thin films- Newton's Rings, Determination of wavelength and refractive index. Diffraction: Introduction - Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffractions - Fraunhofer diffraction due to single slit, double slit & N-slits (Qualitative) – Diffraction Grating - Dispersive power and resolving power of Grating (Qualitative). Polarization: Introduction - Types of polarization - Polarization by reflection, refraction and Double refraction - Nicol's Prism -Half wave and Quarter wave plates.

UNIT – II:

Crystallography and X-ray diffraction Crystallography: Space lattice, Basis, Unit Cell and lattice parameters – Bravais Lattices – crystal systems (3D) – coordination number - packing fraction of SC, BCC & FCC - Miller indices – separation between successive (hkl) planes. X-ray diffraction: Bragg's law - X-ray Diffractometer – crystal structure determination by Laue's and powder methods

UNIT - III:

Dielectric and Magnetic Materials Dielectric Materials: Introduction - Dielectric polarization - Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility, Dielectric constant and Displacement Vector – Relation between the electric vectors - Types of polarizations- Electronic (Quantitative), Ionic (Quantitative) and Orientation polarizations (Qualitative) - Lorentz internal field - Clausius- Mossotti equation - complex dielectric constant – Frequency dependence of polarization – dielectric loss Magnetic Materials: Introduction - Magnetic dipole moment - Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability – Atomic origin of magnetism - Classification of magnetic materials: Dia, para, Ferro, anti-ferro & Ferri magnetic materials - Domain concept for Ferromagnetism & Domain walls (Qualitative) - Hysteresis - soft and hard magnetic materials.

UNIT – IV:

Quantum Mechanics and Free electron Theory Quantum Mechanics: Dual nature of matter – Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle – Significance and properties of wave function – Schrodinger's time independent and dependent wave equations– Particle in a one-dimensional infinite potential well. Free Electron Theory: Classical free electron theory (Qualitative with discussion of merits and demerits) – Quantum free electron theory – electrical conductivity based on quantum free electron theory - Fermi-Dirac distribution - Density of states - Fermi energy

UNIT – V:

Semiconductors Semiconductors: Formation of energy bands – classification of crystalline solids - Intrinsic semiconductors: Density of charge carriers – Electrical conductivity – Fermi level – Extrinsic semiconductors: density of charge carriers – dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature - Drift and diffusion currents – Einstein's equation – Hall effect and its applications.

Text books:

1. A Text book of Engineering Physics, M. N. Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar & TVS Arun Murthy, S. Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019.
2. Engineering Physics - D.K.Bhattacharya and Poonam Tandon, Oxford press (2015)

Reference Books:

1. Engineering Physics - B.K. Pandey and S. Chaturvedi, Cengage Learning 2021.
2. Engineering Physics - Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, Pearson Education, 2018.
3. Engineering Physics|| - Sanjay D. Jain, D. Sahasrabudhe and Girish, University Press. 2010
4. Engineering Physics - M.R. Srinivasan, New Age international publishers (2009).

Web Resources:

1. <https://www.loc.gov/rr/scitech/selected-internet/physics.html>

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

(Common to all branches)

Course Objectives:

- The main objective of introducing this course, Communicative English, is to facilitate using Listening, Reading, Speaking and Writing skills effectively by the students. It should result in their better comprehending abilities, oral presentations, reporting useful information and with enhanced knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary. This course helps the students in using speaking and writing (productive) skills more efficiently and to make them industryready

Course Outcomes:

1. By the end of the course the students will have Learned how to understand the context, topic, and specific information from social or transactional dialogues.
2. Remedially learn applying grammatical structures to formulate sentence sand use appropriate words and correct word forms.
3. Using discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in formal as well as informal discussions.(not required)
4. Improved communicative competence in formal and informal contexts and for social and academic purposes.
5. Critically comprehending and appreciatingeading /listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.
6. Writing coherent paragraphs essays, letters/e-mails and resume.

Instructions:

1. The reading texts can be given as podcasts to the students so that their listening skills can be enhanced
2. While listening and reading to the text can be given as homework, the class work for the students can be to discuss and critically evaluate the texts based on the context, purpose or writing the text and understanding it from the author's as well as reader's point of view.
3. Reading as habit for both academic and non-academic (pleasure) purposes has to be inculcated in the students. So training has to be given in intensive and extensive reading strategies.

4. Writing for both academic (assignments, examinations, reports, e-mails/letters etc)
5. The writing tasks given in the class are to be self and peer evaluated by the students before they are finally graded by the faculty. Note: Please note that the texts given here are just contexts for teaching various language skills and sub skills. The students' ability to use language cannot be confined to comprehending or using the language related to the given texts (textbooks). The given texts can be used only for practice.
6. All the activities to develop language skills have to be integrated and interconnected, within each unit and across the units.
7. Use as many supplementary materials as possible in various modes (Audio, visual and printed versions) in the classroom so that the students get multimode input and will know how to use language skills in the absence of the teacher.

UNIT – I:

Lesson: HUMAN VALUES: A Power of a Plate of Rice by Ifeoma Okoye (Short story)

Listening: Identifying the topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.

Speaking: Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others.

Reading: Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

Writing: Mechanics of Writing-Capitalization, Spellings, Punctuation-Parts of Sentences.(That has to be part of the bridge course- 2 weeks before the actual academic programme starts)

Grammar: Parts of Speech, Basic Sentence Structures-forming questions

Vocabulary: Synonyms, Antonyms, Affixes (Prefixes/Suffixes), Root words.

UNIT-II:

Lesson: NATURE: Night of the Scorpion by Nissim Ezekiel (Indian and contemporary)

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main ideas and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/small groups on specific topics followed by short structure talks.

Reading: Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Writing: Structure of a paragraph - Paragraph writing (specific topics)

Grammar: Cohesive devices -linkers, use of articles and zero article prepositions.

Vocabulary: Homonyms, Homophones, Homographs.

UNIT-III:

Lesson: BIOGRAPHY: Steve Jobs

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to.

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed

Reading: Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences-recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.

Writing: Summarizing, Note-making, paraphrasing

Grammar: Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; Compound words, Collocations

Vocabulary: Compound words, Collocations

UNIT – IV:

Lesson: INSPIRATION: The Toys of Peace by Saki

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video.

Speaking: Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions.

Reading: Studying the use of graphicalements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data. Writing: Letter

Writing: Official Letters, Resumes

Grammar: Reporting verbs, Direct & Indirect speech, Active & Passive Voice

Vocabulary: Words often confused, Jargons

UNIT –V:

Lesson: MOTIVATION: The Power of Intrapersonal Communication (An Essay)

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension.

Speaking: Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts

Reading: Reading comprehension.

Writing: Writings structured essays on specific topics.

Grammar: Editing short texts –identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject-verb agreement)

Vocabulary: Technical Jargons

Textbooks:

1. Pathfinder: Communicative English for Undergraduate Students, 1 stEdition,OrientBlackSwan,

2023 (Units 1,2 & 3)

2. Empowering English by Cengage Publications, 2023 (Units 4 & 5) Suggestion: Instead of giving the syllabus in the form of textbooks it would be better to procure the soft copies of individual texts (stories or poems or biographies and non-fiction texts)by the university and make them available on the university website for registered students to access and download

Reference Books:

1. Dubey, Sham Ji & Co. English for Engineers, Vikas Publishers, 2020
2. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A Handbook for International Students. Routledge, 2014.
3. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use, Fourth Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2019.
4. Lewis, Norman. Word Power Made Easy- The Complete Handbook for Building a Superior Vocabulary. Anchor, 2014.

Web Resources:**GRAMMAR:**

1. www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish
2. <https://dictionary.cambridge.org/grammar/british-grammar/>
3. www.eslpod.com/index.html
4. <https://www.learngrammar.net/>
5. <https://english4today.com/english-grammar-online-with-quizzes/>
6. <https://www.talkenglish.com/grammar/grammar.aspx>

VOCABULARY

1. <https://www.youtube.com/c/DailyVideoVocabulary/videos>
2. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC4cmBAit8i_NJZE8qK8sfpA

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

BASIC CIVIL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(Common to all branches)

Course Objectives:

1. Get familiarized with the scope and importance of Civil Engineering sub-divisions.
2. Introduce the preliminary concepts of surveying.
3. Acquire preliminary knowledge on Transportation and its importance in nation's economy.
4. Get familiarized with the importance of quality, conveyance and storage of water.
5. Introduction to basic civil engineering materials and construction techniques.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, the student should be able to:

1. Understand various sub-divisions of Civil Engineering and to appreciate their role in ensuring better society.
2. Know the concepts of surveying and to understand the measurement of distances, angles and levels through surveying.
3. Realize the importance of Transportation in nation's economy and the engineering measures related to Transportation.
4. Understand the importance of Water Storage and Conveyance Structures so that the social responsibilities of water conservation will be appreciated.
5. Understand the basic characteristics of Civil Engineering Materials and attain knowledge on prefabricated technology.

UNIT I Basics of Civil Engineering:

Role of Civil Engineers in Society- Various Disciplines of Civil Engineering- Structural Engineering- Geo-technical Engineering- Transportation Engineering - Hydraulics and Water Resources Engineering - Environmental Engineering-Scope of each discipline - Building Construction and Planning- Construction Materials-Cement - Aggregate - Bricks- Cement concrete- Steel. Introduction to Prefabricated construction Techniques.

UNIT II Surveying:

Objectives of Surveying- Horizontal Measurements- Angular MeasurementsIntroduction to Bearings

Levelling instruments used for levelling -Simple problems on levelling and bearings-Contour mapping.

UNIT III Transportation Engineering

Importance of Transportation in Nation's economic development- Types of Highway Pavements- Flexible Pavements and Rigid Pavements - Simple Differences. Basics of Harbour, Tunnel, Airport, and Railway Engineering. Water Resources and Environmental Engineering: Introduction, Sources of water- Quality of water- Specifications- Introduction to Hydrology–Rainwater Harvesting-Water Storage and Conveyance Structures (Simple introduction to Dams and Reservoirs).

Text books:

1. Basic Civil Engineering, M.S.Palanisamy, , Tata McGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd. Fourth Edition.
2. Introduction to Civil Engineering, S.S. Bhavikatti, New Age International Publishers. 2022. First Edition.
3. Basic Civil Engineering, Satheesh Gopi, Pearson Publications, 2009, First Edition.

Reference Books:

1. Surveying, Vol- I and Vol-II, S.K. Duggal, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers 2019. Fifth Edition.
2. Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering, Santosh Kumar Garg, Khanna Publishers, Delhi. 2016
3. Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures - Santosh Kumar Garg, Khanna Publishers, Delhi 2023. 38th Edition.
4. Highway Engineering, S.K.Khanna, C.E.G. Justo and Veeraraghavan, Nemchand and Brothers Publications 2019. 10th Edition.
5. Indian Standard DRINKING WATER — SPECIFICATION IS 10500-2012.

PART B: BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

The students after completing the course are expected to

1. Get familiarized with the scope and importance of Mechanical Engineering in different sectors and industries.
2. Explain different engineering materials and different manufacturing processes.
3. Provide an overview of different thermal and mechanical transmission systems and introduce basics of robotics and its applications.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, the student should be able to

1. Understand the different manufacturing processes.
 2. Explain the basics of thermal engineering and its applications.
 3. Describe the working of different mechanical power transmission systems and power plants.
- Describe the basics of robotics and its applications.

UNIT I Introduction to Mechanical Engineering:

Role of Mechanical Engineering in Industries and Society- Technologies in different sectors such as Energy, Manufacturing, Automotive, Aerospace, and Marine sectors. Engineering Materials - Metals- Ferrous and Non-ferrous, Ceramics, Composites, Smart materials.

UNIT II Manufacturing Processes:

Principles of Casting, Forming, joining processes, Machining, Introduction to CNC machines, 3D printing, and Smart manufacturing. Thermal Engineering – working principle of Boilers, Otto cycle, Diesel cycle, Refrigeration and air-conditioning cycles, IC engines, 2-Stroke and 4-Stroke engines, SI/CI Engines, Components of Electric and Hybrid Vehicles.

UNIT III Power plants

– working principle of Steam, Diesel, Hydro, Nuclear power plants. Mechanical Power Transmission - Belt Drives, Chain, Rope drives, Gear Drives and their applications. Introduction to Robotics - Joints & links, configurations, and applications of robotics.

(Note: The subject covers only the basic principles of Civil and Mechanical Engineering systems. The evaluation shall be intended to test only the fundamentals of the subject)

Text books:

1. Internal Combustion Engines by V.Ganesan, By Tata McGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
2. A Tear book of Theory of Machines by S.S. Rattan, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, (India) Pvt. Ltd.
3. An introduction to Mechanical Engg by Jonathan Wicker and Kemper Lewis, Cengage learning India Pvt. Ltd.

Reference Books:

1. Appuu Kuttan KK, Robotics, I.K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. Volume-I

2. 3D printing & Additive Manufacturing Technology- L. Jyothish Kumar, Pulak M Pandey, Springer publications
3. Thermal Engineering by Mahesh M Rathore Tata McGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.
4. G. Shanmugam and M.S.Palanisamy, Basic Civil and the Mechanical Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING**(Common to All branches of Engineering)****Course Objectives:**

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

1. To impart adequate knowledge on the need of programming languages and problem-solving techniques and develop programming skills.
2. To enable effective usage of Control Structures and Implement different operations on arrays.
3. To demonstrate the use of Strings and Functions.
4. To impart the knowledge of pointers and understand the principles of dynamic memory allocation.
5. To understand structures and unions and illustrate the file concepts and its operations.
6. To impart the Knowledge Searching and Sorting Techniques.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the Course, Student should be able to:

1. Illustrate the Fundamental concepts of Computers and basics of computer programming and problem-solving approach.
2. Understand the Control Structures, branching and looping statements.
3. Use of Arrays and Pointers in solving complex problems.
4. Develop Modular program aspects and Strings fundamentals.
5. Demonstrate the ideas of User Defined Data types, files. Solve real world problems using the concept of Structures, Unions and File operations.

UNIT-I Introduction to Computer Problem Solving:

Programs and Algorithms, Computer Problem Solving Requirements, Phases of Problem Solving, Problem Solving Strategies, Top-Down Approach, Algorithm Designing, Program Verification, Improving Efficiency, Algorithm Analysis and Notations.

UNIT-II Introduction to C Programming:

Introduction, Structure of a C Program, Comments, Keywords, Identifiers, Data Types, Variables,

Constants, Input/output Statements. Operators, Type Conversion, Control Flow, Relational Expressions: Conditional Branching Statements: if, if-else, if-else—if, switch. Basic Loop Structures: while, do-while loops, for loop, nested loops, The Break and Continue Statements, goto statement.

UNIT-III Arrays:

Introduction, Operations on Arrays, Arrays as Function Arguments, Two Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional Arrays

Pointers: Concept of a Pointer, Declaring and Initializing Pointer Variables, Pointer Expressions and Address Arithmetic, Null Pointers, Generic Pointers, Pointers as Function Arguments, Pointers and Arrays, Pointer to Pointer, Dynamic Memory Allocation, Dangling Pointer, Command Line Arguments.

UNIT-IV Functions:

Introduction Function: Declaration, Function Definition, Function Call, Categories of Functions, Passing Parameters to Functions, Scope of Variables, Variable Storage Classes, Recursion.

Strings: String Fundamentals, String Processing with and without Library Functions, Pointers and Strings.

UNIT-V

Structures, Unions, Bit Fields: Introduction, Nested Structures, Arrays of Structures, Structures and Functions, Self-Referential Structures, Unions, Enumerated Data Type —Enum variables, Using Typedef keyword, Bit Fields. Data Files: Introduction to Files, Using Files in C, Reading from Text Files, Writing to Text Files, Random File Access.

Note: The syllabus is designed with C Language as the fundamental language of implementation.

Text Books:

1. A Structured Programming Approach Using C, Forouzan, Gilberg, 3rd Edition, Cengage.
2. How to solve it by Computer, R. G. Dromey, 12th Edition, Pearson Education.
3. Programming In C A-Practical Approach. Ajay Mittal, 1st Edition Pearson

References:

1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, 4th Edition, 2020, McGraw-Hill.
2. Computer Programming. Reema Thareja, 3rd Edition, 2023, Oxford University Press
3. The C Programming Language, Dennis Richie And Brian Kernighan, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.
4. Programming In C, Ashok Kamthane, 2nd Edition, Pearson Publication.

5. Let us C , Yaswanth Kanetkar, 16th Edition, BPB Publication.
6. Computing fundamentals and C Programming, Balagurusamy, E., McGraw-Hill Education, 2008

Web References:

1. <http://www.c4learn.com/>
2. <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/c/>
3. <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/122104019/>
4. <http://www.learn-c.org/>
5. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/cprogramming/>

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH LAB**(Common to all branches)****Course Objectives:**

The main objective of introducing this course, Communicative English Laboratory, is to expose the students to a variety of self-instructional, learner friendly modes of language learning. (That can be for theory paper) is to train the students in oral communication skills in real situations. Students will get trained in the basic communication skills and also make them ready to face job interviews. They will be helped to overcome the mother tongue/local language influence and neutralize their accent which makes their speech more intelligible to all listeners.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course, the students will be have

1. Understand the different aspects of the English language oral communication with emphasis on Listening and Speaking S skills.
2. Apply communication skills through various language learning activities.
3. Analyze the English speech sounds, stress, rhythm and intonation for better listening and speaking comprehension.
4. Evaluate and exhibit professionalism in participating in debates and group discussions with polite turn taking strategies and sound more professional while communicating with others
5. Create effective resonate and prepare them to face interviews communicate appropriately in corporate settings.

List of Topics:

1. Vowels & Consonants (Not rules but use of them in various syllable structures)
2. Neutralization/Accent Rules(No rules again, required more practice)
3. Communication Skills & JAM
4. Role Play or Conversational Practice
5. (This can be part of theory course)Resume Writing, Cover letter, SOP
6. Group Discussions-methods & practice
7. Debates- Methods & Practice
8. PPT Presentations/ Poster Presentation

9. Interviews Skills

Suggested Software:

- Walden InfoTech
- Young India Films

Reference Books:

1. Meenakshi Raman, Sangeeta-Sharma. Technical Communication. Oxford Press.2018.(This can be for theory and not for lab)
2. Samson T : Innovate with English, Foundations
3. Grant Taylor: English Conversation Practice, Tata McGraw-Hill EducationIndia,2016
4. Jayashree, M Let's Hear them Speak: Developing Listening-Speaking skills in English. Sage Publications
5. Hewing's, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012. (That is for reading and writing and can be used in theory classes but not in Lab)
6. T.Balasubramanyam, A Textbook of English Phonetics for Indian Students,(3rd Ed) Trinity Press. (This is all theory and can be for MA English students but not for B.Tech students)

Web Resources:

Spoken English:

1. www.esl-lab.com
2. www.englishmedialab.com
3. www.englishinteractive.net
4. <https://www.britishcouncil.in/english/online>
5. <http://www.letstalkpodcast.com/>
6. https://www.youtube.com/c/mmmEnglish_Emma/featured
7. <https://www.youtube.com/c/ArnelsEverydayEnglish/featured>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/c/engvidAdam/featured>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/c/EnglishClass101/featured>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/c/SpeakEnglishWithTiffani/playlists>
11. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCV1h_cBE0Drdx19qkTM0WNw
12. <https://www.linguahouse.com/en-GB>
13. <https://www.ted.com/watch/ted-ed>

Voice & Accent:

1. <https://www.youtube.com/user/letstalkaccent/videos>

2. <https://www.youtube.com/c/EngLanguageClub/featured>
3. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC_OskgZBoS4dAnVUgJVexc
4. https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCNfm92h83W2i2ijc5Xwp_IA

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB**(Common to all branches)****Course Objectives:**

To study the concepts of optical phenomenon like interference, diffraction etc., recognize the importance of energy gap in the study of conductivity and Hall effect in semiconductors and study the parameters and applications of dielectric and magnetic materials by conducting experiments.

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to

1. Operate optical instruments like travelling microscope and spectrometer.
2. Estimate the wavelengths of different colours using diffraction grating.
3. Plot the intensity of the magnetic field of circular coil carrying current with distance.
4. Evaluate dielectric constant and magnetic susceptibility for dielectric and magnetic materials respectively.
5. Calculate the band gap of a given semiconductor.
6. Identify the type of semiconductor using Hall effect.

List of Experiments:

1. Determination of radius of curvature of a given Plano-convex lens by Newton's rings.
2. Determination of wavelengths of different spectral lines in mercury spectrum using diffraction grating in normal incidence configuration.
3. Verification of Brewster's law
4. Determination of dielectric constant using charging and discharging method.
5. Study the variation of B versus H by magnetizing the magnetic material (B-H curve).
6. Determination of wavelength of Laser light using diffraction grating.
7. Estimation of Planck's constant using photoelectric effect.
8. Determination of the resistivity of semiconductors by four probe methods.
9. Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor using p-n junction diode.
10. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil by Stewart Gee's Method.
11. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor using Hall effect.
12. Determination of temperature coefficients of a thermistor.

13. Determination of acceleration due to gravity and radius of Gyration by using a compound pendulum.
14. Determination of magnetic susceptibility by Kundt's tube method.
15. Determination of rigidity modulus of the material of the given wire using Torsional pendulum.
16. Sonometer: Verification of laws of stretched string.
17. Determination of young's modulus for the given material of wooden scale by non- uniform bending (or double cantilever) method.
18. Determination of Frequency of electrically maintained tuning fork by Melde's experiment.

Note: Any TEN of the listed experiments are to be conducted. Out of which any TWO experiments may be conducted in virtual mode.

References:

1. A Textbook of Practical Physics - S. Balasubramanian, M.N. Srinivasan, S. Chand Publishers, 2017.

Web Resources

1. www.vlab.co.in

<https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/filter?subjects=physics&type=html,prototype>

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

ENGINEERING WORKSHOP**(Common to all branches)****Course Objectives:**

To familiarize students with wood working, sheet metal operations, fitting and electrical house wiring skills

Course Outcomes:

1. Identify workshop tools and their operational capabilities.
2. Practice on manufacturing of components using workshop trades including fitting, carpentry, foundry and welding.
3. Apply fitting operations in various applications.
4. Apply basic electrical engineering knowledge for House Wiring Practice

SYLLABUS

1. **Demonstration:** Safety practices and precautions to be observed in workshop.
2. **Wood Working:** Familiarity with different types of woods and tools used in wood working and make following joints. a) Half – Lap joint b) Mortise and Tenon joint c) Corner Dovetail joint or Bridle joint
3. **Sheet Metal Working:** Familiarity with different types of tools used in sheet metal working, Developments of following sheet metal job from GI sheets. a) Tapered tray b) Conical funnel c) Elbow pipe d) Brazing
4. **Fitting:** Familiarity with different types of tools used in fitting and do the following fitting exercises. a) V-fit b) Dovetail fit c) Semi-circular fit d) Bicycle tire puncture and change of two-wheeler tyre
5. **Electrical Wiring:** Familiarity with different types of basic electrical circuits and make the following connections. a) Parallel and series b) Two-way switch c) Godown lighting d) Tube light e) Three phase motor f) Soldering of wires
6. **Foundry Trade:** Demonstration and practice on Moulding tools and processes, Preparation of Green Sand Moulds for given Patterns.
7. **Welding Shop:** Demonstration and practice on Arc Welding and Gas welding. Preparation of Lap joint and Butt joint.

8. **Plumbing:** Demonstration and practice of Plumbing tools, Preparation of Pipe joints with coupling for same diameter and with reducer for different diameters.

Text books:

1. Basic Workshop Technology: Manufacturing Process, Felix W.; Independently Published, 2019. Workshop Processes, Practices and Materials; Bruce J. Black, Routledge publishers, 5th Edn. 2015.
2. A Course in Workshop Technology Vol I. & II, B.S. Raghuwanshi, Dhanpath Rai & Co., 2015 & 2017.

Reference Books:

1. Elements of Workshop Technology, Vol. I by S. K. Hajra Choudhury & Others, Media Promoters and Publishers, Mumbai. 2007, 14th edition
2. Workshop Practice by H. S. Bawa, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2004. 3. Wiring Estimating, Costing and Contracting; Soni P.M. & Upadhyay P.A.; Atul Prakashan, 2021-22.

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

IT WORKSHOP**(Common to all branches of Engineering)****Course Objectives:**

1. To introduce the internal parts of a computer, peripherals, I/O ports, connecting cables
2. To demonstrate configuring the system as Dual boot both Windows and other Operating Systems Viz. Linux, BOSS
3. To teach basic command line interface commands on Linux.
4. To teach the usage of Internet for productivity and self-paced life-long learning
5. To introduce Compression, Multimedia and Antivirus tools and Office Tools such as Word processors, spread sheets and Presentation tools.

Course Outcomes:

1. Perform Hardware troubleshooting.
2. Understand Hardware components and inter dependencies.
3. Safeguard computer systems from viruses/worms.
4. Document/ Presentation preparation.
5. Perform calculations using spreadsheets.

PC Hardware & Software Installation

Task 1: Identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor.

Task 2: Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition. Lab instructors should verify the work and follow it up with a Viva. Also students need to go through the video which shows the process of assembling a PC. A video would be given as part of the course content.

Task 3: Every student should individually install MS windows on the personal computer. Lab instructor should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva.

Task 4: Every student should install Windows10 on the computer. Then every student should install Linux on the computer. The system should be configured as dual boot (VMWare) with both Windows

and Linux. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

Task 5: Every student should install BOSS on the computer. The system should be configured as dual boot (VMWare) with both Windows and BOSS. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva

Internet & World Wide Web

Task1: Orientation & Connectivity Boot Camp: Students should get connected to their Local Area Network and access the Internet. In the process they configure the TCP/IP setting. Finally students should demonstrate, to the instructor, how to access the websites and email. If there is no internet connectivity preparations need to be made by the instructors to simulate the WWW on the LAN.

Task 2: Web Browsers, Surfing the Web: Students customize their web browsers with the LAN proxy settings, bookmarks, search toolbars and pop up blockers. Also, plug-ins like Macromedia Flash and JRE for applets should be configured.

Task 3: Search Engines & Netiquette: Students should know what search engines are and how to use the search engines. A few topics would be given to the students for which they need to search on Google. This should be demonstrated to the instructors by the student.

Task 4: Cyber Hygiene: Students would be exposed to the various threats on the internet and would be asked to configure their computer to be safe on the internet. They need to customize their browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

LaTeX and WORD

Task 1 – Word Orientation: The mentor needs to give an overview of La TeX and Microsoft (MS) office or equivalent (FOSS) tool word: Importance of La TeX and MS office or equivalent (FOSS) tool Word as word Processors, Details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each, Using La TeX and word – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving files, Using help and resources, rulers, format painter in word.

Task 2: Using La TeX and Word to create a project certificate. Features to be covered:- Formatting Fonts in word, Drop Cap in word, Applying Text effects, Using Character Spacing, Borders and Colors, Inserting Header and Footer, Using Date and Time option in both La TeX and Word.

Task 3: Creating project abstract Features to be covered:- Formatting Styles, Inserting table, Bullets

and Numbering, Changing Text Direction, Cell alignment, Footnote, Hyperlink, Symbols, Spell Check, Track Changes.

Task 4: Creating a Newsletter: Features to be covered:- Table of Content, Newspaper columns, Images from files and clipart, Drawing toolbar and Word Art, Formatting Images, Textboxes, Paragraphs and Mail Merge in word.

EXCEL

Excel Orientation: The mentor needs to tell the importance of MS office or equivalent (FOSS) tool Excel as a Spreadsheet tool, give the details of the four tasks and features that would be covered in each. Using Excel – Accessing, overview of toolbars, saving excel files, Using help and resources.

Task 1: Creating a Scheduler - Features to be covered: Gridlines, Format Cells, Summation, auto fill, Formatting Text

Task 2: Calculating GPA -. Features to be covered:- Cell Referencing, Formulae in excel – average, std. deviation, Charts, Renaming and Inserting worksheets, Hyper linking, Count function, Macros

LOOKUP/VLOOKUP

Task 3: Split cells, freeze panes, group and outline, Sorting, Boolean and logical operators, Conditional formatting

POWER POINT

Task 1: Students will be working on basic power point utilities and tools which help them create basic power point presentations. PPT Orientation, Slide Layouts, Inserting Text, Word Art, Formatting Text, Bullets and Numbering, Auto Shapes, Lines and Arrows in PowerPoint.

Task 2: Interactive presentations - Hyperlinks, Inserting –Images, Clip Art, Audio, Video, Objects, Tables and Charts.

Task 3: Master Layouts (slide, template, and notes), Types of views (basic, presentation, slideslotter, notes etc), and Inserting – Background, textures, Design Templates, Hidden slides.

AI TOOLS – Chat GPT

Task 1: Prompt Engineering: Experiment with different types of prompts to see how the model responds. Try asking questions, starting conversations, or even providing incomplete sentences to see

how the model completes them.

- Ex: Prompt: "You are a knowledgeable AI. Please answer the following question: What is the capital of France?"

Task 2: Creative Writing: Use the model as a writing assistant. Provide the beginning of a story or a description of a scene, and let the model generate the rest of the content. This can be a fun way to brainstorm creative ideas

- Ex: Prompt: "In a world where gravity suddenly stopped working, people started floating upwards. Write a story about how society adapted to this new reality."

Task 3: Language Translation: Experiment with translation tasks by providing a sentence in one language and asking the model to translate it into another language. Compare the output to see how accurate and fluent the translations are.

- Ex: Prompt: "Translate the following English sentence to French: 'Hello, how are you doing today?'"

Reference Books:

1. Comdex Information Technology course tool kit, Vikas Gupta, WILEY Dream tech, 2003
2. The Complete Computer upgrade and repair book, Cheryl A Schmidt, WILEY Dream tech, 2013, 3rd edition
3. Introduction to Information Technology, ITL Education Solutions limited, Pearson Education, 2012, 2nd edition
4. PC Hardware - A Handbook, Kate J. Chase, PHI (Microsoft)
5. LaTeX Companion, Leslie Lamport, PHI/Pearson.
6. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Companion Guide, David Anfinson and Ken Quamme. – CISCO Press, Pearson Education, 3rd edition
7. IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Labs and Study Guide, Patrick Regan– CISCO Press, Pearson Education, 3rd edition

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LAB
(Common to all branches)

Course Objectives:

The course aims to give students hands – on experience and train them on the concepts of the C- programming language.

Course Outcomes:

1. Read, understand, and trace the execution of programs written in C language.
2. Select the right control structure for solving the problem.
3. Develop C programs which utilize memory efficiently using programming constructs like pointers.
4. Develop Debug and Execute programs to demonstrate the applications of arrays, functions, basic concepts of pointers in C.

UNIT-I**WEEK 1:**

Objective: Getting familiar with the programming environment on the computer and writing the first program.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 1: Problem-solving using Computers.

Lab1: Familiarization with programming environment

- i) Basic Linux environment and its editors like Vi, Vim & Emacs etc.
- ii) Exposure to Turbo C, gcc
- iii) Writing simple programs using printf(), scanf()

WEEK 2:

Objective: Getting familiar with how to formally describe a solution to a problem in a series of finite steps both using textual notation and graphic notation.

Suggested Experiments /Activities:

Tutorial 2: Problem-solving using Algorithms and Flow charts.

Lab 1: Converting algorithms/flow charts into C Source code.

Developing the algorithms/flowcharts for the following sample programs

- i) Sum and average of 3 numbers
- ii) Conversion of Fahrenheit to Celsius and vice versa
- iii) Simple interest calculation

WEEK 3:

Objective: Learn how to define variables with the desired data-type, initialize them with appropriate values and how arithmetic operators can be used with variables and constants.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 3: Variable types and type conversions:

Lab 3: Simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions.

- i) Finding the square root of a given number
- ii) Finding compound interest
- iii) Area of a triangle using heron's formulae
- iv) Distance travelled by an object

UNIT-II

WEEK 4:

Objective: Explore the full scope of expressions, type-compatibility of variables & constants and operators used in the expression and how operator precedence works.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 4: Operators and the precedence and associativity:

Lab 4: Simple computational problems using the operator's precedence and associativity

- i) Evaluate the following expressions.
 - a. $A+B*C+(D*E) + F*G$
 - b. $A/B*C-B+A*D/3$
 - c. $A+++B---A$
 - d. $J=(i++) + (++i)$
- ii) Find the maximum of three numbers using conditional operator
- iii) Take marks of 5 subjects in integers, and find the total, average in float

WEEK 5:

Objective: Explore the full scope of different variants of –if construct namely if-else, null- else, if-else if*-else, switch and nested-if including in what scenario each one of them can be used and how to use them. Explore all relational and logical operators while writing conditionals for –if construct.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 5: Branching and logical expressions:

Lab 5: Problems involving if-then-else structures.

- i) Write a C program to find the max and min of four numbers using if-else.
- ii) Write a C program to generate electricity bill.
- iii) Find the roots of the quadratic equation.
- iv) Write a C program to simulate a calculator using switch case.
- v) Write a C program to find the given year is a leap year or not.

WEEK 6:

Objective: Explore the full scope of iterative constructs namely while loop, do-while loop and for loop in addition to structured jump constructs like break and continue including when each of these statements is more appropriate to use.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 6: Loops, while and for loops

Lab 6: Iterative problems e.g., the sum of series

- i) Find the factorial of given number using any loop.
- ii) Find the given number is a prime or not.
- iii) Compute sine and cos series
- iv) Checking a number palindrome
- v) Construct a pyramid of numbers.

UNIT-III**WEEK 7:**

Objective: Explore the full scope of Arrays construct namely defining and initializing 1-D and 2-D and more generically n-D arrays and referencing individual array elements from the defined array. Using integer 1-D arrays, explore search solution linear search.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:**Tutorial 7:** 1 D Arrays: searching.**Lab 7:** 1D Array manipulation, linear search

- i) Find the min and max of a 1-D integer array.
- ii) Perform linear search on 1D array.
- iii) The reverse of a 1D integer array
- iv) Find 2's complement of the given binary number.
- v) Eliminate duplicate elements in an array.

WEEK 8:

Objective: Explore the difference between other arrays and character arrays that can be used as Strings by using null character and get comfortable with string by doing experiments that will reverse a string and concatenate two strings. Explore sorting solution bubble sort using integer arrays.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:**Tutorial 8:** 2 D arrays, sorting and Strings.**Lab 8:** Matrix problems, String operations, Bubble sort

- i) Addition of two matrices
- ii) Multiplication two matrices
- iii) Sort array elements using bubble sort
- iv) Concatenate two strings without built-in functions
- v) Reverse a string using built-in and without built-in string functions

UNIT-IV**WEEK 9:**

Objective: Explore pointers to manage a dynamic array of integers, including memory allocation value initialization, resizing changing and reordering the contents of an array and memory de-allocation using malloc (), calloc (), realloc () and free () functions. Gain experience processing command-line arguments received by C

Suggested Experiments/Activities:**Tutorial 9:** Pointers, structures and dynamic memory allocation**Lab 9:** Pointers and structures, memory dereference.

- i) Write a C program to find the sum of a 1D array using malloc()

- ii) Write a C program to find the total, average of n students using structures
- iii) Enter n students data using calloc() and display failed students list
- iv) Read student name and marks from the command line and display the student details alongwith the total.
- v) Write a C program to implement realloc()

WEEK 10:

Objective: Experiment with C Structures, Unions, bit fields and self-referential structures(Singly linked lists) and nested structures

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 10: Bitfields, Self-Referential Structures, Linked lists

Lab10 : Bitfields, linked lists

Read and print a date using dd/mm/yyyy format using bit-fields and differentiate the same without using bit- fields

- i) Create and display a singly linked list using self-referential structure.
- ii) Demonstrate the differences between structures and unions using a C program.
- iii) Write a C program to shift/rotate using bitfields.
- iv) Write a C program to copy one structure variable to another structure of the same type.

UNIT-V**WEEK 11:**

Objective: Explore the Functions, sub-routines, scope and extent of variables, doing some experiments by parameter passing using call by value. Basic methods of numerical integration

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 11: Functions, call by value, scope and extent,

Lab 11: Simple functions using call by value, solving differential equations using Eulers theorem.

- i) Write a C function to calculate NCR value.
- ii) Write a C function to find the length of a string.
- iii) Write a C function to transpose of a matrix.
- iv) Write a C function to demonstrate numerical integration of differential equations using Euler's method

WEEK 12:

Objective: Explore how recursive solutions can be programmed by writing recursive functions that can be invoked from the main by programming at-least five distinct problems that have naturally recursive solutions.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 12: Recursion, the structure of recursive calls

Lab 12: Recursive functions

- i) Write a recursive function to generate Fibonacci series.
- ii) Write a recursive function to find the lcm of two numbers.
- iii) Write a recursive function to find the factorial of a number.
- iv) Write a C Program to implement Ackermann function using recursion.
- v) Write a recursive function to find the sum of series.

WEEK 13:

Objective: Explore the basic difference between normal and pointer variables, Arithmetic operations using pointers and passing variables to functions using pointers

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 13: Call by reference, dangling pointers

Lab 13: Simple functions using Call by reference, Dangling pointers.

- i) Write a C program to swap two numbers using call by reference.
- ii) Demonstrate Dangling pointer problem using a C program.
- iii) Write a C program to copy one string into another using pointer.
- iv) Write a C program to find no of lowercase, uppercase, digits and other characters using pointers.

WEEK14:

Objective: To understand data files and file handling with various file I/O functions. Explore the differences between text and binary files.

Suggested Experiments/Activities:

Tutorial 14: File handling

Lab 14: File operations

- i) Write a C program to write and read text into a file.

- ii) Write a C program to write and read text into a binary file using fread() and fwrite()
- iii) Copy the contents of one file to another file.
- iv) Write a C program to merge two files into the third file using command-line arguments.
- v) Find no. of lines, words and characters in a file
- vi) Write a C program to print last n characters of a given file.

Text books:

- 1. Ajay Mittal, Programming in C: A practical approach, 1st Edition, Pearson.
- 2. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, 4th Edition, 2020, McGraw Hill.

Reference Books:

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice-Hall of India.
- 2. C Programming, A Problem-Solving Approach, Forouzan, Gilberg, Prasad, 3rd Edition, CENGAGE.

I Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	1	0.5

HEALTH AND WELLNESS, YOGA AND SPORTS**(Common to all branches)****Course Objectives:**

The main objective of introducing this course is to make the students maintain their mental and physical wellness by balancing emotions in their life. It mainly enhances the essential traits required for the development of the personality.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the student will be able to

1. Understand the importance of yoga and sports for Physical fitness and sound health.
2. Demonstrate an understanding of health-related fitness components.
3. Compare and contrast various activities that help enhance their health.
4. Assess current personal fitness levels.
5. Develop Positive Personality

UNIT – I:

Concept of health and fitness, Nutrition and Balanced diet, basic concept of immunity Relationship between diet and fitness, Globalization and its impact on health, Body Mass Index (BMI) of all age groups.

Activities: i) Organizing health awareness programmes in community ii) Preparation of health profile
iii) Preparation of chart for balance diet for all age groups

UNIT – II:

Concept of yoga, need for and importance of yoga, origin and history of yoga in Indian context, classification of yoga, Physiological effects of Asanas- Pranayama and meditation, stress management and yoga, Mental health and yoga practice.

Activities: Yoga practices – Asana, Kriya, Mudra, Bandha, Dhyana, Surya Namaskar

UNIT – III:

Concept of Sports and fitness, importance, fitness components, history of sports, Ancient and Modern Olympics, Asian games and Commonwealth games.

Activities: i) Participation in one major game and one individual sport viz., Athletics, Volleyball, Basketball, Handball, Football, Badminton, Kabaddi, Kho-kho, Table tennis, Cricket etc. Practicing general and specific warm up, aerobics ii) Practicing cardiorespiratory fitness, treadmill, run test, 9 min walk, skipping and running.

Reference Books:

1. Gordon Edlin, Eric Golanty. Health and Wellness, 14th Edn. Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2022
2. T.K.V.Desikachar. The Heart of Yoga: Developing a Personal Practice
3. Archie J.Bahm. Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, Jain Publishing Company, 1993
4. Wiseman, John Lofty, SAS Survival Handbook: The Ultimate Guide to Surviving Anywhere Third Edition, William Morrow Paperbacks, 2014
5. The Sports Rules Book/ Human Kinetics with Thomas Hanlon. -- 3rd ed. Human Kinetics, Inc.2014

General Guidelines:

1. Institutes must assign slots in the Timetable for the activities of Health/Sports/Yoga.
2. Institutes must provide field/facility and offer the minimum of five choices of as many as Games/Sports.
3. Institutes are required to provide sports instructor / yoga teacher to mentor the students.

Evaluation Guidelines:

1. Evaluated for a total of 100 marks.
2. A student can select 6 activities of his/her choice with a minimum of 01 activity per unit. Each activity shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 15 marks, totalling to 90 marks.
3. A student shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 10 marks by conducting viva voce on the subject.

I Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS**(Common to all branches)****Course Objectives:**

1. To enlighten the learners in the concept of differential equations and multivariable calculus.
2. To furnish the learners with basic concepts and techniques at plus two level to lead them in to advanced level by handling various real-world applications.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Solve the differential equations related to various engineering fields.
2. Model engineering problems as higher order differential equations and solve analytically.
3. Identify solution methods for partial differential equations that model physical processes.
4. Interpret the physical meaning of different operators such as gradient, curl and divergence.
5. Estimate the work done against a field, circulation and flux using vector calculus.

UNIT- I:

Differential equations of first order and first degree Linear differential equations – Bernoulli's equations- Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form. Applications: Newton's Law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay- Electrical circuits

UNIT – II:

Linear differential equations of higher order (Constant Coefficients) Definitions, homogenous and non-homogenous, complimentary function, general particular integral, Wronskian, method of variation of parameters. Simultaneous linear equations, Applications to L-C-R Circuit problems and Simple Harmonic motion.

UNIT – III: Partial Differential Equations Introduction and formation of Partial Differential Equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions, solutions of first order linear equations using Lagrange's method. Homogeneous Linear Partial differential equations with constant coefficients.

UNIT - IV:

Vector differentiation Scalar and vector point functions, vector operator del, del applies to scalar point

functions-Gradient, ∇ applied to vector point functions - Divergence and Curl, vector identities

UNIT –V:

Vector integration Line integral- circulation- work done, surface integral-flux, Green's theorem in the plane (without proof), Stoke's theorem (without proof), volume integral, Divergence theorem (without proof) and applications of these theorems.

Text books:

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10/e, John Wiley & Sons, 2018.
2. B.S.Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44/e, Khanna publishers, 2017.

Reference Books:

1. Dennis G.Zill and Warren S.Wright, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Jones and Bartlett, 2018.
2. Micheael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th edition, Pearson edn
3. George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Thomas Calculus, 14/e, Pearson Publishers, 2018.
4. R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 5/e, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2021 (9th reprint).
5. B.V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, McGraw Hill Education, 2017

I Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

CHEMISTRY**(Common to EEE, ECE, CSE, IT & allied branches)****Course Objectives:**

1. To familiarize engineering chemistry and its applications
2. To train the students on the principles and applications of electrochemistry and polymers
3. To introduce instrumental methods, molecular machines and switches.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Compare the materials of construction for battery and electrochemical sensors.
2. Explain the preparation, properties, and applications of thermoplastics & thermosetting & elastomers conducting polymers.
3. Explain the principles of spectrometry, slc in separation of solid and liquid mixtures.
4. Apply the principle of Band diagrams in the application of conductors and semiconductors.
5. Summarize the concepts of Instrumental methods.

UNIT - I:

Structure and Bonding Models: Fundamentals of Quantum mechanics, Schrodinger Wave equation, significance of Ψ and Ψ^2 , particle in one dimensional box, molecular orbital theory – bonding in homo- and heteronuclear diatomic molecules – energy level diagrams of O₂ and CO, etc. π -molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene, calculation of bond order.

UNIT – II:

Modern Engineering materials Semiconductors – Introduction, basic concept, application Super conductors-Introduction basic concept, applications. Supercapacitors: Introduction, Basic Concept-Classification – Applications. Nano materials: Introduction, classification, properties and applications of Fullerenes, carbon nano tubes and Graphines nanoparticles.

UNIT - III:

Electrochemistry and Applications Electrochemical cell, Nernst equation, cell potential calculations and numerical problems, potentiometry- potentiometric titrations (redox titrations), concept of conductivity, conductivity cell, conductometric titrations (acid-base titrations). Electrochemical sensors

– potentiometric sensors with examples, amperometric sensors with examples. Primary cells – Zinc-air battery, Secondary cells –lithium-ion batteries- working of the batteries including cell reactions; Fuel cells, hydrogen-oxygenfuel cell– working of the cells. Polymer Electrolyte Membrane Fuel cells (PEMFC).

UNIT - IV:

Polymer Chemistry Introduction to polymers, functionality of monomers, chain growth and step growth polymerization, coordination polymerization, with specific examples and mechanisms of polymer formation. Plastics –Thermo and Thermosetting plastics, Preparation, properties and applications of – PVC, Teflon, Bakelite, Nylon-6,6, carbon fibres. Elastomers–Buna-S, Buna-N–preparation, properties and applications. Conducting polymers – polyacetylene, polyaniline, – mechanism of conduction and applications. Bio-Degradable polymers - Poly Glycolic Acid (PGA), Polyl Lactic Acid (PLA).

UNIT - V:

Instrumental Methods and Applications Electromagnetic spectrum. Absorption of radiation: Beer-Lambert's law. UV-Visible Spectroscopy, electronic transition, Instrumentation, IR spectroscopies, fundamental modes and selection rules, Instrumentation. Chromatography-Basic Principle, Classification-HPLC: Principle, Instrumentation and Applications.

Text books:

1. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, 16/e, DhanpatRai, 2013.
2. Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula and James Keeler, Atkins' Physical Chemistry, 10/e, Oxford University Press, 2010.

Reference Books:

1. Skoog and West, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 6/e, Thomson, 2007.
2. J.D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edition, Wiley Publications, Feb.2008
3. Textbook of Polymer Science, Fred W. Billmayer Jr, 3rd Edition

I Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
1	0	4	3

ENGINEERING GRAPHICS
(Common to All branches of Engineering)

Course Objectives:

1. To enable the students with various concepts like dimensioning, conventions and standards related to Engineering Drawing
2. To impart knowledge on the projection of points, lines and plane surfaces
3. To improve the visualization skills for better understanding of projection of solids
4. To develop the imaginative skills of the students required to understand Section of solids and Developments of surfaces.
5. To make the students understand the viewing perception of a solid object in Isometric and Perspective projections.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the principles of engineering drawing, including engineering curves, scales, orthographic and isometric projections.
2. Draw and interpret orthographic projections of points, lines, planes and solids in front, top and side views.
3. Understand and draw projection of solids in various positions in first quadrant.
4. Explain principles behind development of surfaces.
5. Prepare isometric and perspective sections of simple solids.

UNIT I Introduction:

Lines, Lettering and Dimensioning, Geometrical Constructions and Constructing regular polygons by general methods. Curves: construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by general, Cycloids, Involute, Normal and tangent to Curves. Scales: Plain scales, diagonal scales and vernier scales.

UNIT II Orthographic Projections:

Reference plane, importance of reference lines or Plane, Projections of a point situated in any one of the four quadrants. Projections of Straight Lines: Projections of straight lines parallel to both reference planes, perpendicular to one reference plane and parallel to other reference plane, inclined to one reference plane and parallel to the other reference plane. Projections of Straight Line Inclined to both

the reference planes Projections of Planes: regular planes Perpendicular to both reference planes, parallel to one reference plane and inclined to the other reference plane; plane inclined to both the reference planes.

UNIT III Projections of Solids:

Types of solids: Polyhedra and Solids of revolution. Projections of solids in simple positions: Axis perpendicular to horizontal plane, Axis perpendicular to vertical plane and Axis parallel to both the reference planes, Projection of Solids with axis inclined to one reference plane and parallel to another plane.

UNIT IV Sections of Solids:

Perpendicular and inclined section planes, Sectional views and True shape of section, Sections of solids in simple position only. Development of Surfaces: Methods of Development: Parallel line development and radial line development. Development of a cube, prism, cylinder, pyramid and cone.

UNIT V Conversion of Views:

Conversion of isometric views to orthographic views; Conversion of orthographic views to isometric views. Computer graphics: Creating 2D&3D drawings of objects including PCB and Transformations using Auto CAD (Not for end examination).

Text book:

1. N. D. Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House, 2016.

Reference Books:

1. Engineering Drawing, K.L. Narayana and P. Kannaiah, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.
2. Engineering Drawing, M.B.Shah and B.C. Rana, Pearson Education Inc, 2009.
3. Engineering Drawing with an Introduction to AutoCAD, Dhananjay Jolhe, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.

I Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**(Common to All branches of Engineering)****Course Objectives:**

- To expose to the field of electrical & electronics engineering, laws and principles of electrical/electronic engineering and to acquire fundamental knowledge in the relevant field.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course students will be able to Course Outcomes:

1. Remember the fundamental laws, operating principles of motors, generators, MC and MI instruments.
2. Understand the problem solving concepts associated to AC and DC circuits, construction and operation of AC and DC machines, measuring instruments; different power generation mechanisms, Electricity billing concept and important safety measures related to electrical operations.
3. Apply mathematical tools and fundamental concepts to derive various equations related to machines, circuits and measuring instruments; electricity bill calculations and layout representation of electrical power systems.
4. Analyze different electrical circuits, performance of machines and measuring instruments.
5. Evaluate different circuit configurations, Machine performance and Power systems operation.

PART A: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**UNIT I DC & AC Circuits DC Circuits:**

Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), Ohm's Law and its limitations, KCL & KVL, series, parallel, series-parallel circuits, Super Position theorem, Simple numerical problems. AC Circuits: A.C. Fundamentals: Equation of AC Voltage and current, waveform, time period, frequency, amplitude, phase, phase difference, average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor, Voltage and current relationship with phasor diagrams in R, L, and C circuits, Concept of Impedance, Active power, reactive power and apparent power, Concept of power factor (Simple Numerical problems).

UNIT II Machines and Measuring Instruments Machines:

Construction, principle and operation of (i) DC Motor, (ii) DC Generator, (iii) Single Phase Transformer, (iv) Three Phase Induction Motor and (v) Alternator, Applications of electrical machines. Measuring Instruments: Construction and working principle of Permanent Magnet Moving Coil (PMMC), Moving Iron (MI) Instruments and Wheat Stone bridge.

UNIT III Energy Resources, Electricity Bill & Safety Measures Energy Resources:

Conventional and non-conventional energy resources; Layout and operation of various Power Generation systems: Hydel, Nuclear, Solar & Wind power generation. Electricity bill: Power rating of household appliances including air conditioners, PCs, Laptops, Printers, etc. Definition of —unitl used for consumption of electrical energy, two-part electricity tariff, calculation of electricity bill for domestic consumers. Equipment Safety Measures: Working principle of Fuse and Miniature circuit breaker (MCB), merits and demerits. Personal safety measures: Electric Shock, Earthing and its types, Safety Precautions to avoid shock.

Text books:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, Tata McGraw Hill, 2019, First Edition
2. Power System Engineering, P.V. Gupta, M.L. Soni, U.S. Bhatnagar and A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2013
3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Rajendra Prasad, PHI publishers, 2014, Third Edition

Reference Books:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, Mc Graw Hill, 2019, Fourth Edition
2. Principles of Power Systems, V.K. Mehtha, S.Chand Technical Publishers, 2020
3. Basic Electrical Engineering, T. K. Nagsarkar and M. S. Sukhija, Oxford University Press, 2017
4. Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, S. K. Bhattacharya, Person Publications, 2018, Second Edition.

Web Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105053>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108108076>

PART B: BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- To teach the fundamentals of semiconductor devices and its applications, principles of digital electronics.

UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES

Introduction - Evolution of electronics – Vacuum tubes to nano electronics - Characteristics of PN Junction Diode — Zener Effect — Zener Diode and its Characteristics. Bipolar Junction Transistor — CB, CE, CC Configurations and Characteristics — Elementary Treatment of Small Signal CE Amplifier.

UNIT II BASIC ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS AND INSTRUMENTATION

Rectifiers and power supplies: Block diagram description of a dc power supply, working of a full wave bridge rectifier, capacitor filter (no analysis), working of simple zener voltage regulator. Amplifiers: Block diagram of Public Address system, Circuit diagram and working of common emitter (RC coupled) amplifier with its frequency response. Electronic Instrumentation: Block diagram of an electronic instrumentation system.

UNIT III DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Overview of Number Systems, Logic gates including Universal Gates, BCD codes, Excess-3 code, Gray code, Hamming code. Boolean Algebra, Basic Theorems and properties of Boolean Algebra, Truth Tables and Functionality of Logic Gates – NOT, OR, AND, NOR, NAND, XOR and XNOR. Simple combinational circuits—Half and Full Adders. Introduction to sequential circuits, Flip flops, Registers and counters (Elementary Treatment only)

Text books:

1. R. L. Boylestad & Louis Nashlesky, Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory, Pearson Education, 2021.
2. R. P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2009

Reference Books:

1. R. S. Sedha, A Textbook of Electronic Devices and Circuits, S. Chand & Co, 2010.
2. Santiram Kal, Basic Electronics- Devices, Circuits and IT Fundamentals, Prentice Hall, India, 2002.
3. R. T. Paynter, Introductory Electronic Devices & Circuits – Conventional Flow Version, Pearson Education, 2009.

I Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

DATA STRUCTURES
(Common to CSE & IT)**Course Objectives:**

1. Understand the significance of linear data structures in problem-solving and basic time/space complexity analysis.
2. Create and manage linked lists to efficiently organize and manipulate data, emphasizing memory efficiency.
3. Implement and apply stacks to manage program flow and solve problems involving expression evaluation and backtracking.
4. Utilize queues to model real-world scenarios, such as process scheduling and breadth-first search algorithms and understand the versatility of deques and prioritize data management using priority queues.
5. Impart basic understanding of non-linear data structures such as trees.
6. Explore basic concepts of hashing and apply it to solve problems requiring fast data retrieval and management.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, Student will be able to

1. Explain the role of linear data structures in organizing and accessing data efficiently in algorithms.
2. Design, implement, and apply linked lists for dynamic data storage, demonstrating understanding of memory allocation.
3. Develop programs using stacks to handle recursive algorithms, manage program states, and solve related problems.
4. Apply queue-based algorithms for efficient task scheduling and breadth-first traversal in graphs and distinguish between deques and priority queues, and apply them appropriately to solve data management challenges.
5. Devise novel solutions to small scale programming challenges involving data structures such as stacks, queues, Trees.
6. Recognize scenarios where hashing is advantageous, and design hash-based solutions for specific problems.

UNIT I

Introduction to Linear Data Structures: Definition and importance of linear data structures,

Abstract data types (ADTs) and their implementation, Overview of time and space complexity analysis for linear data structures.

Sorting Techniques: Bubble sort, Selection sort, Insertion Sort

Searching Techniques: Linear & Binary Search

UNIT II

Linked Lists: Singly linked lists, representation and operations, doubly linked lists and circular linked lists, Comparing arrays and linked lists, Applications of linked lists

UNIT III

Stacks: Introduction to stacks: properties and operations, implementing stacks using arrays and linked lists, Applications of stacks in expression evaluation, backtracking, reversing list etc.

UNIT IV

Queues: Introduction to queues: properties and operations, implementing queues using arrays and linked lists, Applications of queues in breadth-first search, scheduling, etc.

Deque: Introduction to deque (double-ended queue), Operations on deque and their applications.

UNIT V

Trees: Introduction to Trees- what is Tree? Binary Tree, properties, Tree Traversals, Binary Search Tree – Insertion, Deletion & Traversals

Hashing: Brief introduction to hashing and hash functions, Collision resolution techniques: chaining and open addressing, Hash tables: basic implementation and operations, Applications of hashing in unique identifier generation, caching, etc.

Text Books:

1. Data Structures and algorithm analysis in C, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson, 2nd Edition.
2. Fundamentals of data structures in C, Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-Freed, Silicon Press, 2008

Reference Books:

1. Algorithms and Data Structures: The Basic Toolbox by Kurt Mehlhorn and Peter Sanders
2. C Data Structures and Algorithms by Alfred V. Aho, Jeffrey D. Ullman, and John E. Hopcroft
3. Problem Solving with Algorithms and Data Structures" by Brad Miller and David Ranum
4. Introduction to Algorithms by Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L.

Rivest, and Clifford Stein.

5. Algorithms in C, Parts 1-5 (Bundle): Fundamentals, Data Structures, Sorting, Searching, and Graph Algorithms" by Robert Sedgewick.

I Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

CHEMISTRY LAB
(Common to EEE, ECE, CSE, IT & allied branches)

Course Objectives:

- Verify the fundamental concepts with experiments.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

1. Determine the cell constant and conductance of solutions.
2. Prepare advanced polymer Bakelite materials.
3. Measure the strength of an acid present in secondary batteries.
4. Analyse the IR spectra of some organic compounds.
5. Calculate strength of acid in Pb-Acid battery.

List of Experiments:

1. Measurement of 10Dq by spectrophotometric method
2. Conductometric titration of strong acid vs. strong base
3. Conductometric titration of weak acid vs. strong base
4. Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions
5. Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and emfs
6. Determination of Strength of an acid in Pb-Acid battery
7. Preparation of a Bakelite
8. Verify Lambert-Beer's law
9. Wavelength measurement of sample through UV-Visible Spectroscopy
10. Identification of simple organic compounds by IR
11. Preparation of nanomaterials by precipitation method
12. Estimation of Ferrous Iron by Dichrometry

Reference:

1. "Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Edition 6th Edition" Pearson Publications by J. Mendham, R.C.Denney, J.D.Barnes and B. Sivasankar

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING WORKSHOP**(Common to All branches of Engineering)****Course Objectives:**

- To impart knowledge on the fundamental laws & theorems of electrical circuits, functions of electrical machines and energy calculations.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the Electrical circuit design concept; measurement of resistance, power, power factor; concept of wiring and operation of Electrical Machines and Transformer.
2. Apply the theoretical concepts and operating principles to derive mathematical models for circuits, Electrical machines and measuring instruments; calculations for the measurement of resistance, power and power factor.
3. Apply the theoretical concepts to obtain calculations for the measurement of resistance, power and power factor.
4. Analyse various characteristics of electrical circuits, electrical machines and measuring instruments.
5. Design suitable circuits and methodologies for the measurement of various electrical parameters; Household and commercial wiring.

Activities:

1. Familiarization of commonly used Electrical & Electronic Workshop Tools: Bread board, Solder, cables, relays, switches, connectors, fuses, Cutter, plier, screwdriver set, wire stripper, flux, knife/blade, soldering iron, de-soldering pump etc.
 - Provide some exercises so that hardware tools and instruments are learned to be used by the students.
2. Familiarization of Measuring Instruments like Voltmeters, Ammeters, multimeter, LCR-Q meter, Power Supplies, CRO, DSO, Function Generator, Frequency counter.
 - Provide some exercises so that measuring instruments are learned to be used by the students.
3. Components:
 - Familiarization/Identification of components (Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors, Diodes, transistors, IC's etc.) – Functionality, type, size, colour coding package, symbol, cost etc.

- Testing of components like Resistor, Capacitor, Diode, Transistor, ICs etc. - Compare values of components like resistors, inductors, capacitors etc with the measured values by using instruments

PART A: ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB

List of experiments:

1. Verification of KCL and KVL
2. Verification of Superposition theorem
3. Measurement of Resistance using Wheat stone bridge
4. Magnetization Characteristics of DC shunt Generator
5. Measurement of Power and Power factor using Single-phase wattmeter
6. Measurement of Earth Resistance using Megger
7. Calculation of Electrical Energy for Domestic Premises

Reference Books:

1. Basic Electrical Engineering, D. C. Kulshreshtha, Tata McGraw Hill, 2019, First Edition
2. Power System Engineering, P.V. Gupta, M.L. Soni, U.S. Bhatnagar and A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2013
3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering, Rajendra Prasad, PHI publishers, 2014, Third Edition

Note: Minimum Six Experiments to be performed.

PART B: ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB

Course Objectives:

- To impart knowledge on the principles of digital electronics and fundamentals of electron devices & its applications.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

1. Identify & testing of various electronic components.
2. Understand the usage of electronic measuring instruments.
3. Plot and discuss the characteristics of various electron devices.
4. Explain the operation of a digital circuit.

List of Experiments:

1. Plot V-I characteristics of PN Junction diode A) Forward bias B) Reverse bias.
2. Plot V – I characteristics of Zener Diode and its application as voltage Regulator.
3. Implementation of half wave and full wave rectifiers
4. Plot Input & Output characteristics of BJT in CE and CB configurations
5. Frequency response of CE amplifier.
6. Simulation of RC coupled amplifier with the design supplied
7. Verification of Truth Table of AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, Ex-OR, Ex-NOR gates using ICs.
8. Verification of Truth Tables of S-R, J-K& D flip flops using respective ICs. Tools / Equipment Required: DC Power supplies, Multi meters, DC Ammeters, DC Voltmeters, AC Voltmeters, CROs, all the required active devices.

References:

1. R. L. Boylestad & Louis Nashlesky, Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory, Pearson Education, 2021.
2. R. P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2009
3. R. T. Paynter, Introductory Electronic Devices & Circuits – Conventional Flow Version, Pearson Education, 2009.

Note: Minimum Six Experiments to be performed. All the experiments shall be implemented using both Hardware and Software.

I Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

DATA STRUCTURES LAB
(Common to CSE, IT & allied branches of Engineering)

Course Objectives:

1. Understand the significance of linear data structures in problem-solving and basic time/space complexity analysis.
2. Create and manage linked lists to efficiently organize and manipulate data, emphasizing memory efficiency.
3. Implement and apply stacks to manage program flow and solve problems involving expression evaluation and backtracking.
4. Utilize queues to model real-world scenarios, such as process scheduling and breadth-first search algorithms and understand the versatility of deques and prioritize data management using priority queues.
5. Impart basic understanding of non-linear data structures such as trees.
6. Explore basic concepts of hashing and apply it to solve problems requiring fast data retrieval and management.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, Student will be able to

1. Explain the role of linear data structures in organizing and accessing data efficiently in algorithms.
2. Design, implement, and apply linked lists for dynamic data storage, demonstrating understanding of memory allocation.
3. Develop programs using stacks to handle recursive algorithms, manage program states, and solve related problems.
4. Apply queue-based algorithms for efficient task scheduling and breadth-first traversal in graphs and distinguish between deques and priority queues, and apply them appropriately to solve data management challenges.
5. Devise novel solutions to small scale programming challenges involving data structures such as stacks, queues, Trees
6. Recognize scenarios where hashing is advantageous, and design hash-based solutions for specific problems.

List of Experiments:**Exercise 1: Array Manipulation**

- i) Write a program to reverse an array.
- ii) C Programs to implement the Searching Techniques – Linear & Binary Search
- iii) C Programs to implement Sorting Techniques – Bubble, Selection and Insertion Sort

Exercise 2: Linked List Implementation

- i) Implement a singly linked list and perform insertion and deletion operations.
- ii) Develop a program to reverse a linked list iteratively and recursively.
- iii) Solve problems involving linked list traversal and manipulation.

Exercise 3: Linked List Applications

- i) Create a program to detect and remove duplicates from a linked list.
- ii) Implement a linked list to represent polynomials and perform addition.
- iii) Implement a double-ended queue (deque) with essential operations.

Exercise 4: Double Linked List Implementation

- i) Implement a doubly linked list and perform various operations to understand its properties and applications.
- ii) Implement a circular linked list and perform insertion, deletion, and traversal.

Exercise 5: Stack Operations

- i) Implement a stack using arrays and linked lists.
- ii) Write a program to evaluate a postfix expression using a stack.
- iii) Implement a program to check for balanced parentheses using a stack.

Exercise 6: Queue Operations

- i) Implement a queue using arrays and linked lists.
- ii) Develop a program to simulate a simple printer queue system.
- iii) Solve problems involving circular queues.

Exercise 7: Stack and Queue Applications

- i) Use a stack to evaluate an infix expression and convert it to postfix.
- ii) Create a program to determine whether a given string is a palindrome or not.
- iii) Implement a stack or queue to perform comparison and check for symmetry

Exercise 8: Binary Tree

- i) Binary Tree traversals (non-recursive).
- ii) Binary Tree traversals (recursive).

Exercise 9: Binary Search Tree

- iii) Implementing a BST using Linked List.
- iv) Traversing of BST.

Exercise 10: Hashing

- i) Implement a hash table with collision resolution techniques.
- ii) Write a program to implement a simple cache using hashing.

Text books:

1. Data Structures and algorithm analysis in C, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson, 2nd Edition.
2. Fundamentals of data structures in C, Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-Freed, SiliconPress, 2008.

Reference Books:

1. Algorithms and Data Structures: The Basic Toolbox by Kurt Mehlhorn and Peter Sanders
2. C Data Structures and Algorithms by Alfred V. Aho, Jeffrey D. Ullman, and John E. Hopcroft
3. Problem Solving with Algorithms and Data Structures" by Brad Miller and David Ranum
4. Algorithms in C, Parts 1-5 (Bundle): Fundamentals, Data Structures, Sorting, Searching, and Graph Algorithms by Robert Sedgewick.

I Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	1	0.5

NSS/NCC/SCOUTS & GUIDES/COMMUNITY SERVICE**(Common to All branches of Engineering)****Course Objectives:**

- The objective of introducing this course is to impart discipline, character, fraternity, teamwork, social consciousness among the students and engaging them in selfless service.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students will be able to

1. Understand the importance of discipline, character and service motto.
2. Solve some societal issues by applying acquired knowledge, facts, and techniques.
3. Explore human relationships by analyzing social problems.
4. Determine to extend their help for the fellow beings and downtrodden people.
5. Develop leadership skills and civic responsibilities.

UNIT - I:

Orientation General Orientation on NSS/NCC/ Scouts & Guides/Community Service activities, career guidance.

Activities:

- i) Conducting –ice breaking sessions-expectations from the course-knowing personal talents and skills
- ii) Conducting orientations programs for the students –future plans-activities-releasing road map etc.
- iii) Displaying success stories-motivational biopics- award winning movies on societal issues etc.
- iv) Conducting talent show in singing patriotic songs-paintings- any other contribution.

UNIT - II:**Nature & Care Activities:**

- i) Best out of waste competition.
- ii) Poster and signs making competition to spread environmental awareness.
- iii) Recycling and environmental pollution article writing competition.
- iv) Organising Zero-waste day.
- v) Digital Environmental awareness activity via various social media platforms.

- vi) Virtual demonstration of different eco-friendly approaches for sustainable living.
- vii) Write a summary on any book related to environmental issues.

UNIT – III:

Community Service Activities:

- i) Conducting One Day Special Camp in a village contacting village-area leaders- Survey in the village, identification of problems- helping them to solve via media- authoritiesexperts-etc.
- ii) Conducting awareness programs on Health-related issues such as General Health, Mental health, Spiritual Health, HIV/AIDS,
- iii) Conducting consumer Awareness. Explaining various legal provisions etc.
- iv) Women Empowerment Programmes- Sexual Abuse, Adolescent Health and Population Education.
- v) Any other programmes in collaboration with local charities, NGOs etc.

Reference Books:

1. Nirmalya Kumar Sinha & Surajit Majumder, A Text Book of National Service Scheme Vol;.I, Vidya Kutir Publication, 2021 (ISBN 978-81-952368-8-6)
2. Red Book - National Cadet Corps – Standing Instructions Vol I & II, Directorate General of NCC, Ministry of Defence, New Delhi
3. Davis M. L. and Cornwell D. A., —Introduction to Environmental Engineering, McGraw Hill, New York 4/e 2008
4. Masters G. M., Joseph K. and Nagendran R. —Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Sciencell, Pearson Education, New Delhi. 2/e 2007
5. Ram Ahuja. Social Problems in India, Rawat Publications, New Delhi.

General Guidelines:

1. Institutes must assign slots in the Timetable for the activities.
2. Institutes are required to provide instructor to mentor the students.

Evaluation Guidelines:

1. Evaluated for a total of 100 marks.
2. A student can select 6 activities of his/her choice with a minimum of 01 activity per unit. Each activity shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 15 marks, totalling to 90 marks.
3. A student shall be evaluated by the concerned teacher for 10 marks by conducting viva voce on the subject.

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science
(Common to CSE & IT)

Course Objectives:

1. To understand mathematical arguments using logical connectives and quantifiers and verify the validity of logical flow of arguments using propositional, predicate logic, and truth tables.
2. To understand about elementary of combinatorics, the principle of inclusion and exclusion and the pigeonhole principle.
3. To expose the students to Binary relations, posets, Hasse diagram, lattice, and discuss various properties of relations.
4. To understand Algebraic structures like groups, semigroups, monoids.
5. To introduce generating functions and recurrence relations.

Course Outcomes:

1. Recall the concepts of Mathematical logic and statement & predicate calculus
2. Recall the concepts of combinatorics, set theory, posets and lattices
3. Recall the concepts of algebraic structures, recurrence relations and generating functions
4. Use and interpret the concepts of recurrence relations and generating functions
5. Apply the concepts of graph theory to computer science and engineering

Unit-I: Mathematical Logic**10 hrs**

Propositional Calculus: Statements and Notations, Connectives, Well Formed Formulas, Truth Tables, Tautologies, and Equivalence of Formulas, Duality Law, Tautological Implications, and Normal Forms, Theory of Inference for Statement Calculus, Consistency of Premises and Indirect Method of Proof.

Predicate Calculus: Predicative Logic, Statement Functions, Variables and Quantifiers, Free and Bound Variables, Inference Theory for Predicate Calculus.

Unit-II: Functions & Relations**10 hrs**

Set Theory: Introduction, Operations on Binary Sets, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Relations: Properties of Binary Relations, Relation Matrix and Digraph, Operations on Relations, Partition and Covering, Transitive Closure, Equivalence, Compatibility and Partial Ordering Relations, Hassie Diagrams,

Functions: Bijective Functions, Composition of Functions, Inverse Functions, Permutation Functions, Recursive Functions, Lattice and its Properties

Unit-III: Algebraic Structures and Number Theory

10 hrs

Algebraic Structures: Algebraic Systems, Examples, General Properties, Semi Groups and Monoids, Homomorphism of Semi Groups and Monoids, Group, Subgroup, Abelian Group, Homomorphism, Isomorphism

Number Theory: Properties of Integers, Division Theorem, The Greatest Common Divisor, Euclidean Algorithm, Least Common Multiple, Testing for Prime Numbers, The Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic, Modular Arithmetic (Fermat's Theorem and Euler's Theorem without Proof)

Unit-IV: Recurrence Relations

8 hrs

Generating Functions, Function of Sequences, Partial Fractions, Calculating Coefficient of Generating Functions, Recurrence Relations, Formulation as Recurrence Relations, Solving Recurrence Relations by Substitution and Generating Functions, Method of Characteristic Roots, Solving Inhomogeneous Recurrence Relations

Unit-V: Graph Theory

10 hrs

Basic Concepts of Graphs, Sub graphs, Matrix Representation of Graphs: Adjacency Matrices, Incidence Matrices, Isomorphic Graphs, Paths and Circuits, Eulerian and Hamiltonian Graphs, Multigraphs, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Graph Colouring and Covering, Chromatic Number, Spanning Trees, Algorithms for Spanning Trees (Problems Only and Theorems without Proofs)

Text Books:

1. J. P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to C Sc, Tata McGraw Hill, 1997
2. C. L. Liu and ,Elements of Discrete Mathematics-A Computer Oriented Approach

Reference Books:

1. Kenneth. H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 6/e, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.
2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians, J.L.Mott,A. Kandel, T. P.Baker, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India.
3. Dr. D S Chandrasekharaiah, Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science, Prism Book Pvt Ltd.
4. S. K. Chakraborty and B.K. Sarkar ,Discrete Mathematics, Oxford, 2011

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
2	1	0	3

Universal Human Values – Understanding Harmony and Ethical Human Conduct
(Common to CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, IT, MET)

Course Objectives:

1. To help the students appreciate the essential complementary between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings.
2. To facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life and profession as well as towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest of existence. Such holistic perspective forms the basis of Universal Human Values and movement towards value-based living in a natural way.
3. To highlight plausible implications of such a Holistic understanding in terms of ethical human conduct, trustful and mutually fulfilling human behaviour and mutually enriching interaction with Nature.

Course Outcomes:

1. Define the terms like Natural Acceptance, Happiness and Prosperity (L1, L2)
2. Identify one's self, and one's surroundings (family, society nature) (L1, L2)
3. Apply what they have learnt to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life (L3)
4. Relate human values with human relationship and human society. (L4)
5. Justify the need for universal human values and harmonious existence (L5)
6. Develop as socially and ecologically responsible engineers (L3, L6)

Course Topics

The course has 28 lectures and 14 tutorials in 5 modules. The lectures and tutorials are of 1-hour duration. Tutorial sessions are to be used to explore and practice what has been proposed during the lecture sessions.

The Teacher's Manual provides the outline for lectures as well as practice sessions. The teacher is expected to present the issues to be discussed as propositions and encourage the students to have a dialogue.

UNIT I: Introduction to Value Education (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 1: Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development

and the Role of Education)

Lecture 2: Understanding Value Education

Tutorial 1: Practice Session PS1 Sharing about Oneself

Lecture 3: self-exploration as the Process for Value Education

Lecture4: Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations

Tutorial 2: Practice Session PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness

Lecture 5: Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario

Lecture 6: Method to Fulfill the Basic Human Aspirations

Tutorial 3: Practice Session PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

UNIT II

Harmony in the Human Being (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 7: Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the self and the body.

Lecture 8: Distinguishing between the Needs of the self and the body

Tutorial 4: Practice Session PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of self and body.

Lecture 9: The body as an Instrument of the self

Lecture 10: Understanding Harmony in the self

Tutorial 5: Practice Session PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the self

Lecture 11: Harmony of the self with the body

Lecture 12: Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health

Tutorial 6: Practice Session PS6 Exploring Harmony of self with the body

UNIT III

Harmony in the Family and Society (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 13: Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction

Lecture 14: 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship

Tutorial 7: Practice Session PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust

Lecture 15: 'Respect' – as the Right Evaluation

Tutorial 8: Practice Session PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect

Lecture 16: Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to-Human Relationship

Lecture 17: Understanding Harmony in the Society

Lecture 18: Vision for the Universal Human Order

Tutorial 9: Practice Session PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

UNIT IV

Harmony in the Nature/Existence (4 lectures and 2 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 19: Understanding Harmony in the Nature

Lecture 20: Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfilment among

the Four Orders of Nature

Tutorial 10: Practice Session PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature

Lecture 21: Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels

Lecture 22: The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence

Tutorial 11: Practice Session PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence.

UNIT V Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics (6 lectures and 3 tutorials for practice session)

Lecture 23: Natural Acceptance of Human Values

Lecture 24: Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct

Tutorial 12: Practice Session PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct

Lecture 25: A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order

Lecture 26: Competence in Professional Ethics

Tutorial 13: Practice Session PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education

Lecture 27: Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies

Lecture 28: Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession

Tutorial 14: Practice Session PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

Practice Sessions for UNIT I – Introduction to Value Education

PS1 Sharing about Oneself

PS2 Exploring Human Consciousness

PS3 Exploring Natural Acceptance

Practice Sessions for UNIT II – Harmony in the Human Being

PS4 Exploring the difference of Needs of self and body

PS5 Exploring Sources of Imagination in the self

PS6 Exploring Harmony of self with the body

Practice Sessions for UNIT III – Harmony in the Family and Society

PS7 Exploring the Feeling of Trust

PS8 Exploring the Feeling of Respect

PS9 Exploring Systems to fulfil Human Goal

Practice Sessions for UNIT IV – Harmony in the Nature (Existence)

PS10 Exploring the Four Orders of Nature

PS11 Exploring Co-existence in Existence

Practice Sessions for UNIT V – Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics

PS12 Exploring Ethical Human Conduct

PS13 Exploring Humanistic Models in Education

PS14 Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order

READINGS:

Textbook and Teachers Manual

[a. The Textbook](#)

R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, *A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics*, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1

[b. The Teacher's Manual](#)

R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, *Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics*, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2

Reference Books

1. *Jeevan Vidya: Ek Parichaya*, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
2. *Human Values*, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
3. *The Story of Stuff* (Book).
4. *The Story of My Experiments with Truth* - by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
5. *Small is Beautiful* - E. F Schumacher.
6. *Slow is Beautiful* - Cecile Andrews
7. *Economy of Permanence* - J C Kumarappa
8. *Bharat Mein Angreji Raj* – Pandit Sunderlal
9. *Rediscovering India* - by Dharampal
10. *Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule* - by Mohandas K. Gandhi
11. *India Wins Freedom* - Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
12. *Vivekananda* - Romain Rolland (English)
13. *Gandhi* - Romain Rolland (English)

Mode of Conduct:

Lecture hours are to be used for interactive discussion, placing the proposals about the topics at hand and motivating students to reflect, explore and verify them.

Tutorial hours are to be used for practice sessions.

While analyzing and discussing the topic, the faculty mentor's role is in pointing to essential elements to help in sorting them out from the surface elements. In other words, help the students explore the important or critical elements.

In the discussions, particularly during practice sessions (tutorials), the mentor encourages the student to connect with one's own self and do self-observation, self-reflection and self-exploration.

Scenarios may be used to initiate discussion. The student is encouraged to take up "ordinary" situations rather than "extra-ordinary" situations. Such observations and their analyses are shared and discussed with other students and faculty mentor, in a group sitting.

Tutorials (experiments or practical) are important for the course. The difference is that the laboratory is everyday life, and practical are how you behave and work in real life. Depending on the nature of topics, worksheets, home assignment and/or activity are included. The practice sessions (tutorials) would also provide support to a student in performing actions commensurate to his/her beliefs. It is intended that this would lead to development of commitment, namely behaving and working based on basic human values.

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Digital Logic & Computer Organization**Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of the course is to

- Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of digital logic design principles and computer organization fundamentals
- Describe memory hierarchy concepts
- Explain input/output (I/O) systems and their interaction with the CPU, memory, and peripheral devices

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Differentiate between combinational and sequential circuits based on their characteristics and functionalities. (L2)
2. Demonstrate an understanding of computer functional units. (L2)
3. Analyze the design and operation of processors, including instruction execution, pipelining, and control unit mechanisms, to comprehend their role in computer systems. (L3)
4. Describe memory hierarchy concepts, including cache memory, virtual memory, and secondary storage, and evaluate their impact on system performance and scalability. (L3)
5. Explain input/output (I/O) systems and their interaction with the CPU, memory, and peripheral devices, including interrupts, DMA, and I/O mapping techniques. (L3)

UNIT – I:

Data Representation: Binary Numbers, Fixed Point Representation. Floating Point Representation. Number base conversions, Octal and Hexadecimal Numbers, components, Signed binary numbers, Binary codes

Digital Logic Circuits-I: Basic Logic Functions, Logic gates, universal logic gates, Minimization of Logic expressions. K-Map Simplification

UNIT – II:

Digital Logic Circuits-II: Combinational Circuits, Decoders, Multiplexers, Sequential Circuits, Flip-Flops, Binary counters, Registers, Shift Registers, Ripple counters

UNIT – III:

Basic Structure of Computers: Computer Types, Functional units, Basic operational concepts, Bus structures, Software, Performance, multiprocessors and multi computers, Computer Generations, Von-Neumann Architecture. Instruction Sequencing: Register Transfer Notation, Assembly Language Notation, Basic Instruction Types, Addressing Modes, The role of Stacks and Queues in computer programming equation.

Computer Arithmetic: Addition and Subtraction of Signed Numbers, Design of Fast Adders, Multiplication of Positive Numbers, Signed-operand Multiplication, Fast Multiplication, Integer Division, Floating-Point Numbers and Operations

UNIT – IV:

Processor Organization: Fundamental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Multiple-Bus Organization, Hardwired Control and Multi programmed Control

UNIT – V:

The Memory Organization: Basic Concepts, Semiconductor RAM Memories, Read-Only Memories, Speed, Size and Cost, Cache Memories, Performance Considerations, Virtual Memories, Memory Management Requirements, Secondary Storage

Input/Output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts, Processor Examples, Direct Memory Access, Buses, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interfaces

Textbooks:

1. Digital Logic Design, 6th Edition, M. Morris Mano, Pearson Education.
2. Computer Systems Architecture, M. Morris Mano, 3rd Edition, Pearson
3. Computer Organization and Architecture, William Stallings, 11th Edition, Pearson.

Reference Books:

1. Computer Organization, Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, 6th edition, McGraw Hill
2. Computer Organization and Design, David A. Paterson, John L. Hennessy, Elsevier
3. Fundamentals of Logic Design, Roth, 5th Edition, Thomson

Online Learning Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/>

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Advanced Data Structures**OBJECTIVES:**

- Describe and implement a variety of advanced data structures (hash tables, priority queues, balanced search trees, graphs).
- Analyze the space and time complexity of the algorithms studied in the course.
- Identify different solutions for a given problem; analyze advantages and disadvantages to different solutions.
- Demonstrate an understanding of external memory and external search and sorting algorithms.
- Demonstrate an understanding of simple Entity-Relationship models for databases.

UNIT-I: GRAPHS

Basic concepts, Representations of Graphs: Adjacency list and Adjacency matrix, Graph Algorithms: Graph Traversals- BFS & DFS, Applications, Minimum Spanning Tree- Prim's and Kruskal's Algorithms, Shortest Path Algorithms- Dijkstra's, Transitive Closure- Warshall's and Floyd's Algorithms.

UNIT-II: PRIORITY QUEUES (HEAPS)

Model, Simple Implementation, Binary Heap-Structure Property-Heap-Order Property-Basic Heap Operations- Other Heap Operation, Applications of Priority Queues- The Selection Problem Event Simulation Problem, Binomial Queues- Binomial Queue Structure – Binomial Queue Operation- Implementation of Binomial Queues.

UNIT-III: EFFICIENT BINARY SEARCH TREES

Optimal Binary Search Trees, AVL Trees, Red-Black Trees, Definition- Representation of a Red- Black Tree- Searching a Red-Black Tree- Inserting into a Red Black Tree- Deletion from a Red-Black Tree- Joining Red-Black Trees, Splitting a Red-Black tree.

UNIT-IV: MULTIWAY SEARCH TREES

M-Way Search Trees, Definition and Properties- Searching an M-Way Search Tree, B-Trees, Definition and Properties- Number of Elements in a B-tree- Insertion into B-Tree- Deletion from a B-Tree- B+-Tree Definition- Searching a B+-Tree- Insertion into B+-tree- Deletion from a B+-Tree.

UNIT-V: DIGITAL SEARCH STRUCTURES

Digital Search Trees, Definition- Search, Insert and Delete- Binary tries and Patricia, Binary Tries, Compressed Binary Tries- Patricia, Multiway Tries- Definitions- Searching a Trie Sampling Strategies- Insertion into a Trie- Deletion from a Trie- Keys with Different Length Height of a Trie- Space Required and Alternative Node Structure- Prefix Search and Applications- Compressed Tries- Compressed Tries With Skip Fields- Compressed Tries With Labeled Edges- Space Required by a Compressed Tries, Pattern matching algorithms- the Boyer –Moore algorithm, the Knuth Morris-Pratt algorithm.

Course Outcomes:

- Design and analyze programming problem statements using graphs
- Apply binomial heap in real time applications.
- Understand the various advanced search trees.
- Understand B trees and B+ trees for data base indexing.
- Apply pattern matching techniques

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Data Structures, a Pseudocode Approach, Richard F Gilberg, Behrouz A Forouzan, Cengage.
2. Fundamentals of DATA STRUCTURES in C: 2nd ed, Horowitz , Sahani, Andersonfreed, Universities Press
3. Advanced Data Structures: Reema Theraja, S. Rama Sree, Oxford Press
4. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C, 2nd edition, Mark Allen Weiss, Pearson

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Web : <http://lcm.csa.iisc.ernet.in/dsa/dsa.html>
2. http://utubersity.com/?page_id=878
3. <http://freevideolectures.com/Course/2519/C-Programming-and-Data-Structures>
4. <http://freevideolectures.com/Course/2279/Data-Structures-And-Algorithms>
5. File Structures :An Object oriented approach with C++, 3rd ed, Michel J Folk, Greg Riccardi, Bill Zoellick
6. C and Data Structures: A Snap Shot oriented Treatise with Live examples from Science and Engineering, NB Venkateswarlu & EV Prasad, S Chand, 2010.

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of the course is to

1. Introduce database management systems and to give a good formal foundation on the relational model of data and usage of Relational Algebra
2. Introduce the concepts of basic SQL as a universal Database language
3. Demonstrate the principles behind systematic database design approaches by covering conceptual design, logical design through normalization
4. Provide an overview of physical design of a database system, by discussing Database indexing techniques and storage techniques

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Understand the characteristics of DB, Data models and the architecture of Database Management Systems.
2. Design the conceptual model by using ER- diagram and apply relational model to create a relational database with key constraints and perform basic operation on database.
3. Apply the SQL queries to retrieve the data from relational database and the normalization techniques to schema refinement.
4. Understand the transaction management and recovery techniques for protection of data.
5. Apply efficient storage techniques for well Organization of the data in database.

UNIT I:

Introduction: Database system, Characteristics (Database Vs File System), Database Users, Advantages of Database systems, Database applications. Brief introduction of different Data Models; Concepts of Schema, Instance and data independence; Three tier schema architecture for data independence; Database system structure, environment, Centralized and Client Server architecture for the database.

Entity Relationship Model: Introduction, Representation of entities, attributes, entity set, relationship, relationship set, constraints, sub classes, super class, inheritance, specialization, generalization using ER Diagrams.

Learning outcomes:

Student will be able to

1. Distinguish between Database System and File System (L2)
2. Design a database relational model using ER diagrams. (L5)

UNIT II:

Relational Model: Introduction to relational model, concepts of domain, attribute, tuple, relation, importance of null values, constraints (Domain, Key constraints, integrity constraints) and their importance,

Relational Algebra: Selection and Projection- Set Operation, Renaming – Joins- Division- More Examples of Queries.

Relational Calculus: Tuple Relational Calculus- Domain Relational Calculus, Examples of Queries.

Learning Outcomes:

Student will be able to

1. Understand relational operations and calculus (L1)
2. Implement simple and complex queries for relational data (L3)

UNIT III:

BASIC SQL: Simple Database schema, data types, table definitions (create, alter), different DML operations (insert, delete, update).

SQL: Basic SQL querying (select and project) using where clause, arithmetic & logical operations, SQL functions(Date and Time, Numeric, String conversion).Creating tables with relationship, implementation of key and integrity constraints, nested queries, sub queries, grouping, aggregation, ordering, implementation of different types of joins, view(updatable and non-updatable), relational set operations.

Learning Outcomes:

Student will be able to

1. Understand SQL commands and functions (L1)
2. Implement simple and complex SQL queries for relational data (L3)

UNIT IV:

Schema Refinement (Normalization): Purpose of Normalization or schema refinement, concept of functional dependency, normal forms based on functional dependency Lossless join and dependency preserving decomposition, (1NF, 2NF and 3 NF), concept of surrogate key, Boyce-Codd normal form (BCNF), MVD, Fourth normal form(4NF), Fifth Normal Form (5NF).

Learning Outcomes:

Student will be able to

1. Identify anomalies and remove redundancies using Normal Forms (L2)

2. Understand lossy and lossless decomposition.(L3)

UNIT V:

Transaction Concept: Transaction State, ACID properties, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for Serializability, lock based, time stamp based, optimistic, concurrency protocols, Deadlocks, Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery algorithm.

Introduction to Indexing Techniques: ISAM, B+ Trees, operations on B⁺ Trees, Hash Based Indexing.

Learning Outcomes:

Student will be able to

1. Understand transaction and serializability schedules. (L1)
2. Understand concurrency control protocols on transactions. (L1)
3. Understand basic concepts of File Organization and storage (L1).
4. Understand Indexing and hashing for file processing.(L1)

Text Books:

- 1) Database Management Systems, 3rd edition, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TMH (For unit- 2, 3, 4 and unit- 5)
- 2) Database System Concepts, 5th edition, Silberschatz, Korth, Sudarsan, TMH (For unit- 1 and unit- 5)

Reference Books:

- 1) Introduction to Database Systems, 8th edition, C J Date, Pearson.
- 2) Database Management System, 6th edition, Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, Pearson
- 3) Database Principles Fundamentals of Design Implementation and Management, 10th edition, Corlos Coronel, Steven Morris, Peter Robb, Cengage Learning, 2022

Web-Resources:

- 1) <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105175/>
- 2) https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01275806667282022456_shared/overview

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

Database Management Systems Lab**Course Objectives:**

This Course will enable students to

1. Populate and query a database using SQL DDL/DML Commands
2. Declare and enforce integrity constraints on a database
3. Writing Queries using advanced concepts of SQL
4. Programming PL/SQL including procedures, functions, cursors and triggers

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Apply fundamental and advanced SQL queries to create and manipulating relational database
2. Apply SQL to generate reports on the database
3. Understand basic PL/SQL concepts to perform basic operations on database.
4. Able to develop PL/SQL blocks by using SQL and control structures, procedures, functions, cursors, packages, etc.
5. Establish database connectivity through JDBC

Experiments covering the topics:

- DDL, DML, DCL commands
- Queries, nested queries, built-in functions,
- PL/SQL programming- control structures
- Procedures, Functions, Cursors, Triggers,
- Database connectivity- ODBC/JDBC

Sample Experiments:

1. Creation, altering and dropping of tables and inserting rows into a table (use constraints while creating tables) examples using SELECT command.
2. Queries (along with sub Queries) using ANY, ALL, IN, EXISTS, NOTEXISTS, UNION, INTERSET, Constraints. Example:- Select the roll number and name of the student who secured fourth rank in the class.
3. Queries using Aggregate functions (COUNT, SUM, AVG, MAX and MIN), GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
4. Queries using Conversion functions (to_char, to_number and to_date), string functions

(Concatenation, lpad, rpad, ltrim, rtrim, lower, upper, initcap, length, substr and instr), date functions (Sysdate, next_day, add_months, last_day, months_between, least, greatest, trunc, round, to_char, to_date)

5. Queries to Build Report in SQL*PLUS.
6. i) Create a simple PL/SQL program which includes declaration section, executable section and exception –Handling section (Ex. Student marks can be selected from the table and printed for those who secured first class and an exception can be raised if no records were found)
ii) Insert data into student table and use COMMIT, ROLLBACK and SAVEPOINT in PL/SQL block.
7. Develop a program that includes the features NESTED IF, CASE and CASE expression. The program can be extended using the NULLIF and COALESCE functions.
8. Program development using WHILE LOOPS, numeric FOR LOOPS, nested loops using ERROR Handling, BUILT –IN Exceptions, USE defined Exceptions, RAISE- APPLICATION ERROR.
9. Programs development using creation of procedures, passing parameters IN and OUT of PROCEDURES.
10. Program development using creation of stored functions, invoke functions in SQL Statements and write complex functions.
11. Develop programs using features parameters in a CURSOR, FOR UPDATE CURSOR, WHERE CURRENT of clause and CURSOR variables.
12. Develop Programs using BEFORE and AFTER Triggers, Row and Statement Triggers and INSTEAD OF Triggers
13. Create a table and perform the search operation on table using indexing and non-indexing techniques.

Reference Books:

1. Oracle: The Complete Reference by Oracle Press
2. Nilesh Shah, "Database Systems Using Oracle", PHI, 2007
3. Rick F Vander Lans, "Introduction to SQL", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education, 2007
4. RamezElmasri, Shamkant, B. Navathe, "Database Systems", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2013.
5. Database Principles Fundamentals of Design Implementation and Management, 10th edition, Corlos Coronel, Steven Morris, Peter Robb, Cengage Learning, 2022

Online Learning Resources:

1. <http://www.scoopworld.in>
2. <http://vlabs.iitb.ac.in/vlabs-dev/labs/dblab/index.php>

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

Advanced Data Structures Lab**Course Objectives:**

1. To understand heap and various tree structures like AVL, B trees

Course Outcomes:

1. Develop priority queues
2. Implement various rotations involved in AVL tree
3. Implement Pattern matching techniques

List of Experiments:

1. To implement operations on graphs
 - i) Vertex insertion
 - ii) Vertex deletion
 - iii) Finding vertex
 - iv) Edge addition and deletion
2. To implement Dijkstra's algorithm to find shortest path in the graph.
3. To implement Depth First Search for a graph non recursively.
4. To implement Breadth First Search for a graph non recursively.
5. To implement Prim's algorithm to generate a min-cost spanning tree.
6. To implement Krushkal's algorithm to generate a min-cost spanning tree.
7. To implement priority queue using binary heap.
8. To implement binomial queues using binary heap.
9. To perform various operations i.e., insertions and deletions on AVL trees.
10. To perform various operations i.e., insertions and deletions on Red Black trees.
11. To implement of B⁺ Tree.
12. To implement pattern matching using Boyer-Moore algorithm.
13. To implement Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm for pattern matching.

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	1	2	2

Python Programming
(Common to all branches of Engineering)

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are to

- Introduce core programming concepts of Python programming language.
- Demonstrate about Python data structures like Lists, Tuples, Sets and dictionaries
- Implement Functions, Modules and Regular Expressions in Python Programming and to create practical and contemporary applications using these

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Showcase adept command of Python syntax, deftly utilizing variables, data types, control structures, functions, modules, and exception handling to engineer robust and efficient code solutions. (L4)
2. Apply Python programming concepts to solve a variety of computational problems (L3)
3. Understand the principles of object-oriented programming (OOP) in Python, including classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, and encapsulation, and apply them to design and implement Python programs (L3)
4. Become proficient in using commonly used Python libraries and frameworks such as JSON, XML, NumPy, pandas (L2)
5. Exhibit competence in implementing and manipulating fundamental data structures such as lists, tuples, sets, dictionaries (L3)

UNIT-I:

History of Python Programming Language, Thrust Areas of Python, Installing Anaconda Python Distribution, Installing and Using Jupyter Notebook.

Parts of Python Programming Language: Identifiers, Keywords, Statements and Expressions, Variables, Operators, Precedence and Associativity, Data Types, Indentation, Comments, Reading Input, Print Output, Type Conversions, the type () Function and Is Operator, Dynamic and Strongly Typed Language. Control Flow Statements: if statement, if-else statement, if...elif...else, Nested if statement, while Loop, for Loop, continue and break Statements, Catching Exceptions Using try and except Statement.

Sample Experiments:

1. Write a program to find the largest element among three Numbers.

2. Write a Program to display all prime numbers within an interval
3. Write a program to swap two numbers without using a temporary variable.
4. Demonstrate the following Operators in Python with suitable examples.
 - i) Arithmetic Operators ii) Relational Operators iii) Assignment Operators iv) Logical Operators v) Bit wise Operators vi) Ternary Operator vii) Membership Operators viii) Identity Operators
5. Write a program to add and multiply complex numbers
6. Write a program to print multiplication table of a given number.

UNIT-II:

Functions: Built-In Functions, Commonly Used Modules, Function Definition and Calling the function, return Statement and void Function, Scope and Lifetime of Variables, Default Parameters, Keyword Arguments, *args and **kwargs, Command Line Arguments.

Strings: Creating and Storing Strings, Basic String Operations, Accessing Characters in String by Index Number, String Slicing and Joining, String Methods, Formatting Strings.

Lists: Creating Lists, Basic List Operations, Indexing and Slicing in Lists, Built-In Functions Used on Lists, List Methods, del Statement.

Sample Experiments:

7. Write a program to define a function with multiple return values.
8. Write a program to define a function using default arguments.
9. Write a program to find the length of the string without using any library functions.
10. Write a program to check if the substring is present in a given string or not.
11. Write a program to perform the given operations on a list:
 - i. Addition ii. Insertion iii. slicing
12. Write a program to perform any 5 built-in functions by taking any list.

UNIT-III:

Dictionaries: Creating Dictionary, Accessing and Modifying key:value Pairs in Dictionaries, Built-In Functions Used on Dictionaries, Dictionary Methods, del Statement.

Tuples and Sets: Creating Tuples, Basic Tuple Operations, tuple() Function, Indexing and Slicing in Tuples, Built-In Functions Used on Tuples, Relation between Tuples and Lists, Relation between Tuples and Dictionaries, Using zip() Function, Sets, Set Methods, Frozenset.

Sample Experiments:

13. Write a program to create tuples (name, age, address, college) for at least two members and

concatenate the tuples and print the concatenated tuples.

14. Write a program to count the number of vowels in a string (No control flow allowed).
15. Write a program to check if a given key exists in a dictionary or not.
16. Write a program to add a new key-value pair to an existing dictionary.
17. Write a program to sum all the items in a given dictionary.

UNIT-IV:

Files: Types of Files, Creating and Reading Text Data, File Methods to Read and Write Data, Reading and Writing Binary Files, Pickle Module, Reading and Writing CSV Files, Python os and os.path Modules.

Object-Oriented Programming: Classes and Objects, Creating Classes in Python, Creating Objects in Python, Constructor Method, Classes with Multiple Objects, Class Attributes Vs Data Attributes, Encapsulation, Inheritance, Polymorphism.

Sample Experiments:

18. Write a program to sort words in a file and put them in another file. The output file should have only lower-case words, so any upper-case words from source must be lowered.
19. Python program to print each line of a file in reverse order.
20. Python program to compute the number of characters, words and lines in a file.
21. Write a program to create, display, append, insert and reverse the order of the items in the array.
22. Write a program to add, transpose and multiply two matrices.
23. Write a Python program to create a class that represents a shape. Include methods to calculate its area and perimeter. Implement subclasses for different shapes like circle, triangle, and square.

UNIT-V:

Introduction to Data Science: Functional Programming, JSON and XML in Python, NumPy with Python, Pandas, Data Visualization

Sample Experiments:

24. Python program to check whether a JSON string contains complex object or not.
25. Python Program to demonstrate NumPy arrays creation using array () function.
26. Python program to demonstrate use of ndim, shape, size, dtype.
27. Python program to demonstrate basic slicing, integer and Boolean indexing.
28. Python program to find min, max, sum, cumulative sum of array
29. Create a dictionary with at least five keys and each key represent value as a list where this list

contains at least ten values and convert this dictionary as a pandas data frame and explore the data through the data frame as follows:

- a) Apply head () function to the pandas data frame
- b) Perform various data selection operations on Data Frame

30. Select any two columns from the above data frame, and observe the change in one attribute with respect to other attribute with scatter and plot operations in matplotlib

Reference Books:

1. Gowri shankar S, Veena A., Introduction to Python Programming, CRC Press.
2. Python Programming, S Sridhar, J Indumathi, V M Hariharan, 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2024
3. Introduction to Programming Using Python, Y. Daniel Liang, Pearson.

Online Learning Resources/Virtual Labs:

1. <https://www.coursera.org/learn/python-for-applied-data-science-ai>
2. <https://www.coursera.org/learn/python?specialization=python#syllabus>

II Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	0

Environmental Science
(Common to CE, EEE, ME, ECE, CSE, IT, MET)

Course Objectives:

- To make the students to get awareness on environment.
- To understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystems for future generations and pollution causes due to the day to day activities of human life
- To save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

UNIT I:**7h**

Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies: – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.

Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Water resources – Mineral resources- Food resources–Land resources and Energy resources - Use and over exploitation, case studies.

UNIT II:**7h**

Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem (Producers, consumers and decomposers), Energy flow in the ecosystem and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features of the following ecosystem:

- a. Forest ecosystem.
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem.
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Biodiversity and its Conservation: Introduction - Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Bio-geographical classification of India – Biodiversity at global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-spots of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT III:**6h**

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of:

- a. Air Pollution.

- b. Water pollution
- c. Soil pollution
- d. Marine pollution
- e. Noise pollution
- f. Thermal pollution
- g. Nuclear hazards

Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

UNIT IV:

6h

Social Issues and the Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act.

UNIT V:

6h

Human Population and the Environment: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmes. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.

Field Work: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds – river, hill slopes, etc.

Textbooks:

1. Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
2. Palaniswamy, “Environmental Studies”, Pearson education
3. S.Azeem Unnisa, “Environmental Studies” Academic Publishing Company
4. K.Raghavan Nambiar, “Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses as per UGC model syllabus”, Scitech Publications (India), Pvt. Ltd.

Reference Books:

1. Deeksha Dave and E.Sai Baba Reddy, “Textbook of Environmental Science”, Cengage Publications.
2. M.Anji Reddy, “Text book of Environmental Sciences and Technology”, BS Publication.
3. J.P.Sharma, Comprehensive Environmental studies, Laxmi publications.
4. J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke, “Environmental Sciences and Engineering”, Prentice hall of India Private limited
5. G.R.Chatwal, “A Text Book of Environmental Studies” Himalaya Publishing House
6. Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela, “Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science, Prentice hall of India Private limited.

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Managerial Economics & Financial Analysis**(Common to CE, EEE, ECE, CSE, IT, MET)****Course Objectives:**

1. To inculcate the basic knowledge of microeconomics and financial accounting
2. To make the students learn how demand is estimated for different products, input-output relationship for optimizing production and cost
3. To Know the Various types of market structure and pricing methods and strategy
4. To give an overview on investment appraisal methods to promote the students to learn how to plan long-term investment decisions.
5. To provide fundamental skills on accounting and to explain the process of preparing financial statements.

Course Outcomes:

1. Define the concepts related to Managerial Economics, financial accounting and management(L2)
2. Understand the fundamentals of Economics viz., Demand, Production, cost, revenue and markets (L2)
3. Apply the Concept of Production cost and revenues for effective Business decision (L3)
4. Analyze how to invest their capital and maximize returns (L4)
5. Evaluate the capital budgeting techniques. (L5)
6. Develop the accounting statements and evaluate the financial performance of business entity (L5)

UNIT - I Managerial Economics**6h**

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions, and advantages. Demand-Concept, Function, Law of Demand - Demand Elasticity- Types – Measurement. Demand Forecasting- Factors governing Forecasting, Methods. Managerial Economics and Financial Accounting and Management.

UNIT - II Production and Cost Analysis**4h**

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance, functions and advantages. Production Function– Least- cost combination– Short run and long run Production Function- Isoquants and Is costs, Cost & Break-Even Analysis - Cost concepts and Cost behaviour- Break-Even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break-Even Point (Simple Problems).

UNIT - III Business Organizations and Markets**4h**

Introduction – Forms of Business Organizations- Sole Proprietary - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Public Sector Enterprises. Types of Markets - Perfect and Imperfect Competition - Features of Perfect Competition Monopoly- Monopolistic Competition–Oligopoly-Price-Output Determination - Pricing Methods and Strategies

UNIT - IV Capital Budgeting**8h**

Introduction – Nature, meaning, significance. Types of Working Capital, Components, Sources of Short-term and Long-term Capital, Estimating Working capital requirements. Capital Budgeting– Features, Proposals, Methods and Evaluation. Projects – Pay Back Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) Net Present Value (NPV) Internal Rate Return (IRR) Method (sample problems)

UNIT - V Financial Accounting and Analysis**10h**

Introduction – Concepts and Conventions- Double-Entry Bookkeeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance-Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments). Introduction to Financial Analysis - Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability.

Text books:

1. Varshney & Maheswari: Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand.
2. Aryasri: Business Economics and Financial Analysis, 4/e, MGH.

Reference Books:

1. Ahuja HI Managerial economics Schand.
2. S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age International.
3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: Principles of Business Economics, Pearson, 2/e, New Delhi.
4. Domnick Salvatore: Managerial Economics in a Global Economy, Cengage.

Online Learning Resources:

1. <https://www.slideshare.net/123ps/managerial-economics-ppt>
2. <https://www.slideshare.net/rossanz/production-and-cost-45827016>
3. <https://www.slideshare.net/darkyla/business-organizations-19917607>
4. <https://www.slideshare.net/balarajbl/market-and-classification-of-market>
5. <https://www.slideshare.net/ruchi101/capital-budgeting-ppt-59565396>
6. <https://www.slideshare.net/ashu1983/financial-accounting>

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

PROBABILITY & STATISTICS
(Common to CSE & IT)**Course Outcomes:**

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to:

1. Acquire knowledge in finding the analysis of the data quantitatively or categorically and various statistical elementary tools.
2. Develop skills in designing mathematical models involving probability, random variables and the critical thinking in the theory of probability and its applications in real life problems.
3. Apply the theoretical probability distributions like binomial, Poisson, and Normal in the relevant application areas.
4. Analyze to test various hypotheses included in theory and types of errors for large samples.
5. Apply the different testing tools like t-test, F-test, chi-square test to analyze the relevant real-life problems.

UNIT I : Descriptive statistics and methods for data science:**10 hrs**

Data science – Statistics Introduction – Population vs Sample – Collection of data – primary and secondary data – Type of variable: dependent and independent Categorical and Continuous variables– Data visualization – Measures of Central tendency – Measures of Variability (spread or variance) –Skewness Kurtosis.

UNIT II: Probability and Distributions:**10 hrs**

Probability – Conditional probability and Baye's theorem – Random variables – Discrete and Continuous random variables – Distribution function – Mathematical Expectation and Variance –Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

UNIT III: Sampling Theory:**10 hrs**

Introduction – Population and samples – Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only) – Central limit theorem (without proof) – Introduction to t, chi-square and F-distributions – Point and Interval estimations –Standard error and Maximum error of estimate.

UNIT IV: Tests of Hypothesis:**10 hrs**

Introduction – Hypothesis – Null and Alternative Hypothesis – Type I and Type II errors – Level of

significance- Confidence limits-Test of significance for large samples-single and two means – single and two proportions- Student's t- distribution- significance test of a sample mean – significance test of difference between sample means.F-test, chi-square test and test of goodness of fit.

UNIT V : Regression analysis:**8 hrs**

Method of least squares – Straight line – Parabola – Exponential – Power curves. Regression -Regression coefficients and properties – Curvilinear Regression, Multiple Regression - Correlation –Correlation coefficient – Rank correlation

Text books:

1. Miller and Freunds, Probability and Statistics for Engineers,7/e, Pearson, 2008.
2. S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11/e, Sultan Chand & Sons Publications, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Shron L. Myers, Keying Ye, Ronald E Walpole, Probability and Statistics Engineers and the Scientists,8th Edition, Pearson 2007.
2. S. Ross, a First Course in Probability, Pearson Education India, 2002.
3. W. Feller, an Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications, 1/e, Wiley, 1968.

Online Learning Sources:

- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ma74/preview
- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_mg31/preview

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Operating Systems**Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of the course is to make student

1. Provide knowledge about the services rendered by operating systems.
2. Present detail discussion on processes, threads, and scheduling algorithms.
3. Expose the student with different techniques of process synchronization and handling deadlocks.
4. Discuss various memory management techniques and file-system implementation issues.
5. Discuss mass storage management.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Understand the importance of operating systems and different types of system calls.
2. Analyze the communication between processes and various process scheduling algorithms.
3. Understand the process synchronization, different ways for deadlocks handling.
4. Analyze various memory mapping techniques and different page replacement methods.
5. Understand various file allocation and disk scheduling algorithms.

UNIT - I

Operating Systems Overview: Introduction, Operating system functions, Operating systems operations, Computing environments, Free and Open-Source Operating Systems

System Structures: Operating System Services, User and Operating-System Interface, system calls, Types of System Calls, system programs, Operating system Design and Implementation, Operating system structure.

Learning outcomes: Student should be able to

1. Understand operating system structure and functions. (L2).
2. Understand operating system services and system calls (L2).

UNIT - II

Processes: Process Concept, Process scheduling, Operations on processes, Inter-process communication.

Threads: Overview, Multithreading models, Thread libraries-pthreads.

CPU Scheduling: Basic concepts, Scheduling criteria, Scheduling algorithms.

Learning outcomes: Student should be able to

1. Identify various message sharing mechanisms used in IPC. (L2).
2. Understand how to handling multiple threads. (L2).
3. Differentiate between preemptive, non-preemptive and real time CPU scheduling (L2).

UNIT – III

Process Synchronization: The Critical Section Problem, Peterson's Solution, Mutex Locks, Semaphores, Monitors, Classic problems of Synchronization.

Deadlocks: system Model, Deadlock characterization, Methods for handling Deadlocks, Deadlock prevention, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock detection, Recovery from Deadlock.

Learning outcomes: Student should be able to

1. Analyze various solutions for process synchronization. (L4).
2. Analyze the reasons for deadlocks and proposed solutions to detect, avoid, recovery from deadlocks.(L4).

UNIT - IV

Memory-Management Strategies: Introduction, Contiguous memory allocation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table, Swapping.

Virtual Memory Management: Introduction, Demand paging, Copy-on-write, Page replacement, Allocation of frames, Thrashing

Learning outcomes: Student should be able to

1. Demonstrate the ability to implement various memory management techniques (L2)
2. Illustrate various demand paging techniques. (L2).

UNIT - V

File System: File System Interface: File concept, Access methods, Directory Structure;

File system Implementation: File-system structure, File-system Operations, Directory implementation, Allocation method, Free space management; File-System Internals: File-System Mounting, Partitions and Mounting, File Sharing.

Mass-storage structure: Overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk Structure, Disk scheduling, Swap Space Management.

Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Protection Rings, Domain of protection, Access matrix.

Learning outcomes: Student should be able to

1. Identify various file management and optimization techniques. (L2).
2. Analyze various storage structures to store the data in secondary memory. (L4).

3. Analyze different disk scheduling algorithms. (L4).
4. Understand protection. (L2).

Text Books:

1. Operating System Concepts, Silberschatz A, Galvin P B, Gagne G, 10th Edition, Wiley, 2018.
2. Modern Operating Systems, Tanenbaum A S, 4th Edition, Pearson , 2016

Reference Books:

1. Operating Systems -Internals and Design Principles, Stallings W, 9th edition, Pearson, 2018
2. Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach, D.M Dhamdhere, 3rd Edition, McGraw- Hill, 2013

Online Learning Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106144/>
2. <http://peterindia.net/OperatingSystems.html>

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Object Oriented Programming through JAVA**Course Objectives:**

1. Understand the structure and environment of Java.
2. Implement the relationship between objects.
3. Understand the Strings and Organize data using different data
4. Implement text processes and error handling.
5. Understand to create multi threading applications and GUI applications.

Course Outcomes:

1. Outline the concepts and features of object oriented programming
2. Apply the basic concepts and features of OOP language Java to solve the simple real world problems
3. Applying the different Java API's to build robust solutions to real world problems
4. Develop communication between objects and exchanging their functionalities using API's
5. Designing Graphical Components with different utility classes for creating look and feel applications.

UNIT I:**Introduction to OOP**

Introduction, Need of Object-Oriented Programming, Principles of Object Oriented Languages, Procedural languages Vs OOP, Applications of OOP, History of JAVA, Java Virtual Machine, Java Features, Program Structures, Installation of JDK1.6.

Variables, Primitive Data types, Identifiers- Naming Conventions, Keywords, Literals, Operators- Binary, Unary and Ternary, Expressions, Precedence rules and Associativity, Primitive Type Conversion and Casting, Flow of Control-Branching, Conditional Loops.

Learning Outcomes: Student will be able to

1. Understand architecture of Java Virtual Machine.(L2)
2. Understand the structure of java program and its environment. (L2)

UNIT II:

Classes and Objects- Classes, Objects, Creating Objects, Methods, Constructors-Constructor Overloading, Cleaning up Unused Objects-Garbage Collector, Class Variable and Methods, Static Keyword, this keyword, Arrays, Command Line Arguments, Strings, String Buffer, String Tokenizer

Inheritance: Types of Inheritance, Deriving Classes using Extends Keyword, Method Overloading,

Super Keyword, Final Keyword, Abstract Class.

Learning Outcomes: Student will be able to

1. Understand the class hierarchy and their scope. (L2)
2. Implement relationship between objects. (L3)
3. Understand data hiding and nested classes. (L2)
4. Implement data type casting and cloning of objects. (L3)
5. Understand the usage of String and its properties and methods.(L2)

UNIT III:

Interfaces, Packages and Enumeration: Interface-Extending Interface, Interface Vs Abstract Classes, Packages-Creating Packages, Using Packages, Access Protection, java.lang Package.

Exceptions & Assertions - Introduction, Exception Handling Techniques-try...catch, throw, throws, finally block, User Defined Exception, Exception Encapsulation and Enrichment, Assertions.

Multi-Threading: java.lang.Thread, The main Thread, Creation of New Threads, Thread Priority, Multithreading- Using isAlive() and join(), Synchronization, Suspending and Resuming Threads, Communication between Threads.

Learning Outcomes: Student will be able to

1. Understand the hierarchy of errors and exceptions. (L2)
1. Implement exception handlers. (L3)
2. Understand the Thread Life Cycle and its scheduling.(L2)
3. Implement the synchronization of threads. (L2)

UNIT IV:

Input/Output: Reading and Writing data, java.io package.

Applet: Applet Class, Applet Structure, Applet Life Cycle, Sample Applet Programs.

Event Handling: Event Delegation Model, Sources of Event, Event Listeners, Adapter Classes, Inner Classes. Key Events, Mouse Events.

Learning Outcomes: Student will be able to

1. Understand character and byte streams. (L2)
2. Create graphical components using applets (L3)

UNIT V:

Abstract Window Toolkit :Importance of AWT, Java.awt.package, Components and Containers, Button, Label, Check Box, Radio Buttons, List Boxes, Choice Boxes, Text Field and Text Area, Container Classes, LayOuts, Menu, Scroll bar.

Swings: Introduction, JFrame, JApplet, JPanel, Components in Swings, Layout Managers, List and

JScrollPane, SplitPane, JTabbedPane, JTree, DialogBox, Pluggable Look and Feel.

Learning Outcomes: Student will be able to

1. Create graphical components using Abstract window toolkit. (L3)
2. Create graphical components using Swings. (L3)

Text Books:

1. The Complete Reference Java, 8ed, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
2. Programming in JAVA, Sachin Malhotra, Saurabh Choudhary, and Oxford.
3. JAVA for Beginners, 4e, Joyce Farrell, Ankit R. Bhavsar, Cengage Learning.

References:

1. JAVA Programming, K.Rajkumar,Pearson.
2. Core JAVA, Black Book, Nageswara Rao, Wiley, DreamTech.
3. Core JAVA for Beginners, Rashmi KantaDas,Vikas.
4. Object Oriented Programming through JAVA , P Radha Krishna , University Press.
5. Object oriented programming with JAVA, Essentials and Applications, Raj Kumar Bhuyya, Selvi, Chu TMH.
6. Introduction to Java Programming, 7th ed, Y Daniel Liang, Pearson.

Online Resources:

- 1) <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/>
- 2) https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_012880464547618816347_shared/overview

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Formal Languages and Automata Theory**Course Objectives:**

This course is designed to:

1. Introduce languages, grammars, and computational models
2. Discussing regular expressions and regular languages
3. Illustrating pushdown-automata and context free grammar.
4. Explain Turing machines
5. Demonstrate decidability and undecidability for NP Hard problems

Course Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. Design finite state machines for acceptance of languages.
2. Understand regular expressions and finite automata.
3. Develop context free grammars for formal languages.
4. Design pushdown automata for context free grammars.
5. Design Turing machine. And Formulate decidability and undecidability problems.

UNIT I:

Finite Automata: Need of Automata theory, Central Concepts of Automata Theory, Automation, Finite Automata, Transition Systems, Acceptance of a String, DFA, Design of DFAs, NFA, Design of NFA, Equivalence of DFA and NFA, Conversion of NFA into DFA, Finite Automata with ϵ -Transitions, Minimization of Finite Automata, Finite Automata with output-Mealy and Moore Machines, Applications and Limitation of Finite Automata.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. Distinguish DFA and NFA (L4)
2. Construct DFA for an input string (L6)
3. Perform minimization of Automata (L3)
4. Compare Moore and Mealy Machines (L4)

UNIT II:

Regular Expressions, Regular Sets, Identity Rules, Equivalence of two RE, Manipulations of REs, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Inter Conversion, Equivalence between FA and RE, Pumping Lemma of Regular Sets, Closure Properties of Regular Sets, Grammars, Classification of Grammars, Chomsky Hierarchy Theorem, Right and Left Linear Regular Grammars, Equivalence between RG and FA, Inter Conversion.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. Build regular expression for the given Finite Automata (L3)
2. Construct finite automata for the given regular expression (L6)
3. Apply closure properties on regular expressions (L3)

UNIT III:

Formal Languages, Context Free Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, Parse Trees, Ambiguous Grammars, Simplification of Context Free Grammars-Elimination of Useless Symbols, ϵ -Productions and Unit Productions, Normal Forms-Chomsky Normal Form and Greibach Normal Form, Pumping Lemma, Closure Properties, Applications of Context Free Grammars.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. Define Context Free Grammar (L1)
2. Differentiate between Chomsky Normal Form and Greibach Normal form (L4)
3. Apply Pumping Lemma theorem on Context Free Grammar (L3)

UNIT IV:

Pushdown Automata, Definition, Model, Graphical Notation, Instantaneous Description, Language Acceptance of Pushdown Automata, Design of Pushdown Automata, Deterministic and Non – Deterministic Pushdown Automata, Equivalence of Pushdown Automata and Context Free Grammars, Conversion, Two Stack Pushdown Automata, Application of Pushdown Automata.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. List the applications of Pushdown Automata (L1)
2. Build Pushdown Automata for context free grammar (L6)

UNIT V:

Turning Machine: Definition, Model, Representation of TMs-Instantaneous Descriptions, Transition

Tables and Transition Diagrams, Language of a TM, Design of TMs, Types of TMs, Church's Thesis, Universal and Restricted TM, Decidable and Un-decidable Problems, Halting Problem of TMs, Post's Correspondence Problem, Modified PCP, Classes of P and NP, NP-Hard and NP-Complete Problems.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to:

1. List the applications of Turing machine (L1)
2. Design Turing machine for context free grammar (L6)

Text Books:

- 1) Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation, J. E. Hopcroft, R. Motwani and J. D. Ullman, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2008.
- 2) Theory of Computer Science-Automata, Languages and Computation, K. L. P. Mishra and N. Chandrasekharan, 3rd Edition, PHI, 2007.

Reference Books:

- 1) Elements of Theory of Computation, Lewis H.P. & Papadimitriou C.H., Pearson /PHI
- 2) Theory of Computation, V. Kulkarni, Oxford University Press, 2013
- 3) Theory of Automata, Languages and Computation, Rajendra Kumar, McGraw Hill, 2014

e-Resources:

- 1) <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104028/>

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

Operating Systems Lab**Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of the course are to

1. Provide insights into system calls, file systems, semaphores,
2. Develop and debug CPU Scheduling algorithms, page replacement algorithms, thread implementation
3. Implement Bankers Algorithms to Avoid the Dead Lock

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Design the Preemptive and Non-preemptive Scheduling Algorithms.
2. Apply the synchronization tools for Classical Synchronization Problems.
3. Implement programs for handling the Deadlocks in computer systems.
4. Design the Algorithms for efficient memory management.
5. Simulating File Allocation Strategies.

Experiments covering the Topics:

- UNIX fundamentals, commands & system calls
- CPU Scheduling algorithms, thread processing
- IPC, semaphores, deadlocks
- Page replacement algorithms, file allocation strategies
- Memory allocation strategies

Sample Experiments:

1. Practicing of Basic UNIX Commands.
2. Write programs using the following UNIX operating system calls
fork, exec, getpid, exit, wait, close, stat, opendir and readdir
3. Simulate UNIX commands like cp, ls, grep, etc.,
4. Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms
a)FCFS b) SJF c) Priority d) Round Robin
5. Write a program to illustrate concurrent execution of threads using pthreads library.

6. Write a program to solve producer-consumer problem using Semaphores.
7. Implement Bankers Algorithm for Dead Lock avoidance.
8. Implement Algorithm for Dead Lock detection.
9. Implement the following memory allocation methods for fixed partition
 - a) First fit
 - b) Worst fit
 - c) Best fit
10. Simulate Paging Technique of memory management.
11. Simulate the following page replacement algorithms
 - a) FIFO
 - b) LRU
 - c) Optimal
12. Simulate the following file allocation strategies
 - a) Sequential
 - b) Indexed
 - c) Linked

Reference Books:

1. Operating System Concepts, Silberschatz A, Galvin P B, Gagne G, 10th Edition, Wiley, 2018.
2. Modern Operating Systems, Tanenbaum A S, 4th Edition, Pearson, 2016
3. Operating Systems -Internals and Design Principles, Stallings W, 9th edition, Pearson, 2018
4. Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach, D.M Dhamdhere, 3rd Edition, McGraw- Hill, 2013

Online Learning Resources:

1. <https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~mythili/os/>
2. <http://peterindia.net/OperatingSystems.html>

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

Object Oriented Programming Through JAVA Lab**Course Objectives:**

The aim of this course is to

- Practice object-oriented programming in the Java programming language
- Implement Classes, Objects, Methods, Inheritance, Exception, Runtime Polymorphism, User defined Exception handling mechanism
- Illustrate inheritance, Exception handling mechanism, JDBC connectivity
- Construct Threads, Event Handling, implement packages, Java FX GUI

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students will be able to

1. Demonstrate a solid understanding of Java syntax, including data types, control structures, methods, classes, objects, inheritance, polymorphism, and exception handling. (L2)
2. Apply fundamental OOP principles such as encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, and abstraction to solve programming problems effectively. (L3)
3. Familiar with commonly used Java libraries and APIs, including the Collections Framework, Java I/O, JDBC, and other utility classes. (L2)
4. Develop problem-solving skills and algorithmic thinking, applying OOP concepts to design efficient solutions to various programming challenges. (L3)
5. Proficiently construct graphical user interface (GUI) applications using JavaFX (L4)

Experiments covering the Topics:

- Object Oriented Programming fundamentals- data types, control structures
- Classes, methods, objects, Inheritance, polymorphism,
- Exception handling, Threads, Packages, Interfaces
- Files, I/O streams, JavaFX GUI

Sample Experiments:**Exercise - 1 (Basics)**

- a) Write a JAVA program to display default value of all primitive data type of JAVA
- b) Write a java program that display the roots of a quadratic equation $ax^2+bx=0$. Calculate the discriminate D and basing on value of D, describe the nature of root.
- c) Five Bikers Compete in a race such that they drive at a constant speed which may or may not be

the same as the other. To qualify the race, the speed of a racer must be more than the average speed of all 5 racers. Take as input the speed of each racer and print back the speed of qualifying racers.

- d) Write a case study on public static void main(250 words)

Exercise - 2 (Operations, Expressions, Control-flow, Strings)

- a) Write a JAVA program to search for an element in a given list of elements using binary search mechanism.
- b) Write a JAVA program to sort for an element in a given list of elements using bubble sort
- c) Write a JAVA program to sort for an element in a given list of elements using merge sort.
- d) Write a JAVA program using StringBuffer to delete, remove character.

Exercise - 3 (Class, Objects)

- a) Write a JAVA program to implement class mechanism. – Create a class, methods and invoke them inside main method.
- b) Write a JAVA program to implement constructor.

Exercise - 4 (Methods)

- a) Write a JAVA program to implement constructor overloading.
- b) Write a JAVA program implement method overloading.

Exercise - 5 (Inheritance & interfaces)

- a) Write a JAVA program to implement multilevel Inheritance
- b) Write a JAVA program for abstract class to find areas of different shapes
- c) Write a JAVA program give example for “super” keyword.
- d) Write a JAVA program that implements Runtime polymorphism
- e) Write a JAVA program to implement Interface. What kind of Inheritance can be achieved?

Exercise - 6 (Exception)

- a) Write a JAVA program that describes exception handling mechanism
- b) Write a JAVA program Illustrating Multiple catch clauses
- c) Write a JAVA program for creation of Illustrating throw and finally
- d) Write a JAVA program for creation of User Defined Exception

Exercise – 7 (Threads)

- a) Write a JAVA program that creates threads by extending Thread class .First thread display “Good Morning “every 1 sec, the second thread displays “Hello “every 2 seconds and the third display “Welcome” every 3 seconds ,(Repeat the same by implementing Runnable)
- b) Write a program illustrating isAlive and join ()
- c) Write a Program illustrating Daemon Threads.
- d) Write a case study on thread Synchronization after solving the above producer consumer problem

Exercise – 8 (Packages)

- a) Write a JAVA program illustrate class path
- b) Write a case study on including in class path in your OS environment of your package.
- c) Write a JAVA program that import and use the defined your package in the previous Problem

Exercise - 9 (Applet)

- a) Write a JAVA program to paint like paint brush in applet.
- b) Write a JAVA program to display analog clock using Applet.
- c) Write a JAVA program to create different shapes and fill colors using Applet.

Exercise - 10 (Event Handling)

- a) Write a JAVA program that display the x and y position of the cursor movement using Mouse.
- b) Write a JAVA program that identifies key-up key-down event user entering text in an Applet.

Exercise - 11 (Swings)

- a) Write a JAVA program to build a Calculator in Swings
- b) Write a JAVA program to display the digital watch in swing tutorial.
- c) Write a JAVA program that to create a single ball bouncing inside a JPanel.
- d) Write a JAVA program JTree as displaying a real tree upside down

References Books:

1. Java, One step a Head by Anita Seth and B L.Juneja ,Oxford university press publications
2. P. J. Deitel, H. M. Deitel, “Java for Programmers”, Pearson Education, PHI, 4th Edition, 2007.
3. P. Radha Krishna, “Object Oriented Programming through Java”, Universities Press, 2nd Edition, 2007
4. Bruce Eckel, “Thinking in Java”, Pearson Education, 4th Edition, 2006.
5. Sachin Malhotra, Saurabh Chaudhary, “Programming in Java”, Oxford University Press, 5th Edition, 2010.

Online Learning Resources:

1. <https://java-iitd.vlabs.ac.in/>
2. <http://peterindia.net/JavaFiles.html>

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
0	1	2	2

Full Stack Development – 1**Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of the course are to

1. Make use of HTML elements and their attributes for designing static web pages
2. Build a web page by applying appropriate CSS styles to HTML elements
3. Experiment with JavaScript to develop dynamic web pages and validate forms

Course Outcomes:

1. Design Websites. (L6)
2. Apply Styling to web pages. (L3)
3. Make Web pages interactive. (L3)
4. Design Forms for applications. (L6)
5. Choose Control Structure based on the logic to be implemented. (L4)

Experiments covering the Topics:

- Lists, Links and Images
- HTML Tables, Forms and Frames
- HTML 5 and Cascading Style Sheets, Types of CSS
- Selector forms
- CSS with Color, Background, Font, Text and CSS Box Model
- Applying JavaScript - internal and external, I/O, Type Conversion
- JavaScript Conditional Statements and Loops, Pre-defined and User-defined Objects
- JavaScript Functions and Events

UNIT-I

What is HTML, HTML Documents, Basic structure of an HTML document, creating an HTML document, Mark up Tags, Heading-Paragraphs, Line Breaks, HTML Tags. Introduction to elements of HTML, Working with Text, Working with Lists, Working with Hyperlinks and Images.

Sample Experiments:

- **Lists, Links and Images:**
 - a. Write a HTML program, to explain the working of lists.

Note: It should have an ordered list, unordered list, nested lists and ordered list in an unordered list

and definition lists.

- b. Write a HTML program, to explain the working of hyperlinks using <a> tag and href, target Attributes.
- c. Create a HTML document that has your image and your friend's image with a specific height and width. Also when clicked on the images it should navigate to their respective profiles.
- d. Write a HTML program, in such a way that, rather than placing large images on a page, the preferred technique is to use thumbnails by setting the height and width parameters to something like to 100*100 pixels. Each thumbnail image is also a link to a full sized version of the image. Create an image gallery using this technique.

UNIT-II

HTML Tables, HTML Frames and Multimedia, Working with Forms and controls, HTML5.

Sample Experiments:

- **HTML Tables, Forms and Frames, HTML 5:**

- e. Write a HTML program, to explain the working of tables. (use tags: <table>, <tr>, <th>, <td> and attributes: border, rowspan, colspan)
- f. Write a HTML program, to explain the working of tables by preparing a timetable. (Note: Use <caption> tag to set the caption to the table & also use cell spacing, cell padding, border, rowspan, colspan etc.).
- g. Write a HTML program, to explain the working of forms by designing Registration form. (Note: Include text field, password field, number field, date of birth field, checkboxes, radio buttons, list boxes using <select>&<option> tags, <text area> and two buttons ie: submit and reset. Use tables to provide a better view).
- h. Write a HTML program, to explain the working of frames, such that page is to be divided into 3 parts on either direction. (Note: first frame image, second frame paragraph, third frame hyperlink. And also make sure of using "no frame" attribute such that frames to be fixed).
- i. Write a HTML program, that makes use of <article>, <aside>, <figure>, <figcaption>, <footer>, <header>, <main>, <nav>, <section>, <div>, tags.
- j. Write a HTML program, to embed audio and video into HTML web page.

UNIT-III:

Concept of CSS , Creating Style Sheet, CSS Properties , Levels of Style Sheets, CSS Styling(Background, Text Format, Controlling Fonts) ,Working with block elements and objects ,Working with Lists and Tables, CSS Id and Class, Box Model(Introduction, Border properties, Padding Properties, Margin properties) ,CSS Advanced(Grouping, Dimension, Display, Positioning, Floating, Align, Pseudo class, Navigation Bar, Image Sprites, Attribute sector) , CSS Color , Creating page Layout and Site Designs.

Sample Experiments:

- **Cascading Style Sheets, Types of CSS, Selector forms, CSS with Color, Background, Font, Text and CSS Box Model:**

- a. Write a program to apply different types (or levels of styles or style specification formats) - inline, internal, external styles to HTML elements. (identify selector, property and value).
- b. Write a program to apply different types of selector forms
 - i. Simple selector (element, id, class, group, universal)
 - ii. Combinator selector (descendant, child, adjacent sibling, general sibling)
 - iii. Pseudo-class selector
 - iv. Pseudo-element selector
 - v. Attribute selector
- c. Write a program to demonstrate the various ways you can reference a color in CSS.
- d. Write a CSS rule that places a background image halfway down the page, tilting it horizontally. The image should remain in place when the user scrolls up or down.
- e. Write a program using the following terms related to CSS font and text:
 - i. font-size
 - ii. font-weight
 - iii. font-style
 - iv. text-decoration
 - v. text-transformation
 - vi. text-alignment
- g. Write a program, to explain the importance of CSS Box model using
 - i. Content
 - ii. Border
 - iii. Margin
 - iv. padding

UNIT-IV:

What is Java Script? Basics of Java Script, Variables, Primitives Operations and Expressions, Screen Output and Keyboard Input, JavaScript Pre-defined and User-defined Objects. DOM

Sample Experiments:

- **Applying JavaScript - internal and external, I/O, Type Conversion, JavaScript Pre-defined and User-defined Objects:**
 - a. Write a program to embed internal and external JavaScript in a web page.
 - b. Write a program to explain the different ways for displaying output.
 - c. Write a program to explain the different ways for taking input.
 - d. Create a webpage which uses prompt dialogue box to ask a voter for his name and age. Display the information in table format along with either the voter can vote or not.
 - e. Write a program using document object properties and methods.
 - f. Write a program using window object properties and methods.
 - g. Write a program using array object properties and methods.
 - h. Write a program using math object properties and methods.
 - i. Write a program using string object properties and methods.
 - j. Write a program using regex object properties and methods.

- k. Write a program using date object properties and methods.
- l. Write a program to explain user-defined object by using properties, methods, accessors, constructors and display.

UNIT-V:

Select HTML elements with Java Script, JavaScript Conditional Statements and Loops, Arrays, JavaScript Functions, Java Script Events and Event Handlers, Form validation using Java Script.

Sample Experiments:

- **JavaScript Conditional Statements and Loops, JavaScript Functions and Events:**

- a. Write a program which asks the user to enter three integers, obtains the numbers from the user and outputs HTML text that displays the larger number followed by the words “LARGER NUMBER” in an information message dialog. If the numbers are equal, output HTML text as “EQUAL NUMBERS”.
- b. Write a program to display week days using switch case.
- c. Write a program to print 1 to 10 numbers using for, while and do-while loops.
- d. Write a program to print data in object using for-in, for-each and for-of loops
- e. Develop a program to determine whether a given number is an ‘ARMSTRONG NUMBER’ or not. [Eg: 153 is an Armstrong number, since sum of the cube of the digits is equal to the number i.e., $1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3 = 153$]
- f. Write a program to display the denomination of the amount deposited in the bank in terms of 100’s, 50’s, 20’s, 10’s, 5’s, 2’s & 1’s. (Eg: If deposited amount is Rs.163, the output should be 1-100’s, 1-50’s, 1-10’s, 1-2’s & 1-1’s)
- g. Design an appropriate function should be called to display
 - i. Factorial of that number
 - ii. Fibonacci series up to that number
 - iii. Prime numbers up to that number
 - iv. Is it palindrome or not
- h. Design a HTML having a text box and four buttons named Factorial, Fibonacci, Prime, and Palindrome. When a button is pressed an appropriate function should be called to display
 - i. Factorial of that number
 - ii. Fibonacci series up to that number
 - iii. Prime numbers up to that number
 - iv. Is it palindrome or not
- i. Write a program to validate the following fields in a registration page
 - i. Name (start with alphabet and followed by alphanumeric and the length should not be less than 6 characters)

- ii. Mobile (only numbers and length 10 digits)
- iii. E-mail (should contain format like xxxxxxxx@xxxxxx.xxx)

Text Books:

1. John Dean, Web Programming with HTML5, CSS and JavaScript, Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2019.
2. Web Technologies by Uttam K Roy, Oxford University Press, 2010

Reference Books:

1. Programming the World Wide Web, 7th Edition, Robert W Sebesta, Pearson, 2013.

Online Learning Resources:

1. <https://www.w3schools.com/html>
2. <https://www.w3schools.com/css>
3. <https://www.w3schools.com/js/>
4. <https://www.w3schools.com/nodejs>
5. <https://www.w3schools.com/typescript>

II Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
1	0	2	2

Design Thinking & Innovation**(Common to CE, EEE, ECE, CSE, IT)****Course Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to familiarize students with design thinking process as a tool for breakthrough innovation. It aims to equip students with design thinking skills and ignite the minds to create innovative ideas, develop solutions for real-time problems.

Course Outcomes:

1. Define the concepts related to design thinking. (L1, L2)
2. Explain the fundamentals of Design Thinking and innovation (L1, L2)
3. Apply the design thinking techniques for solving problems in various sectors. (L3)
4. Analyse to work in a multidisciplinary environment (L4)
5. Evaluate the value of creativity (L5)
6. Formulate specific problem statements of real time issues (L3, L6)

UNIT - I: Introduction to Design Thinking**10h**

Introduction to elements and principles of Design, basics of design-dot, line, shape, form as fundamental design components. Principles of design. Introduction to design thinking, history of Design Thinking, New materials in Industry.

UNIT - II: Design Thinking Process**10h**

Design thinking process (empathize, analyze, idea & prototype), implementing the process in driving inventions, design thinking in social innovations. Tools of design thinking - person, costumer, journey map, brainstorming, product development

Activity: Every student presents their idea in three minutes, Every student can present design process in the form of flow diagram or flow chart etc. Every student should explain about product development.

UNIT - III: Innovation**10h**

Art of innovation, Difference between innovation and creativity, role of creativity and innovation in organizations- Creativity to Innovation- Teams for innovation- Measuring the impact and value of creativity.

Activity: Debate on innovation and creativity, Flow and planning from idea to innovation, Debate on

value-based innovation.

UNIT - IV: Product Design**8h**

Problem formation, introduction to product design, Product strategies, Product value, Product planning, product specifications- Innovation towards product design- Case studies

Activity: Importance of modelling, how to set specifications, Explaining their own product design.

UNIT - V: Design Thinking in Business Processes**10h**

Design Thinking applied in Business & Strategic Innovation, Design Thinking principles that redefine business – Business challenges: Growth, Predictability, Change, Maintaining Relevance, Extreme competition, Standardization. Design thinking to meet corporate needs- Design thinking for Startups- Defining and testing Business Models and Business Cases- Developing & testing prototypes.

Activity: How to market our own product, About maintenance, Reliability and plan for startup.

Text books:

1. Tim Brown, Change by design, Harper Bollins (2009)
2. Idris Mootee, Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation, 2013, John Wiley & Sons.

Reference Books:

1. David Lee, Design Thinking in the Classroom, Ulysses press
2. Shruti N Shetty, Design the Future, Norton Press
3. William Lidwell, Universal Principles of Design- Kritinaholden, Jill Butter.
4. Chesbrough. H, The Era of Open Innovation – 2013

Online Learning Resources:

- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/106/110106124/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109/104/109104109/>
- https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_mg60/preview

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATA MINING**Course Objectives:**

Students undergoing this course are expected to:

1. Understand the concepts of Data Ware housing and Data Mining
2. Master data mining techniques in various applications like social, scientific and environmental context.
3. Develop skill in selecting the appropriate data mining algorithm for solving practical problems.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, students should be able to:

1. Understand Data Warehouse fundamentals, Data Mining concepts, principles and its functionalities.
2. Preprocess the data using various Data Preprocessing Techniques for mining applications.
3. Design, deploy and analyze the behavior of appropriate classification techniques to solve real world problems.
4. Demonstrate Association analysis techniques for generating association rules from data.
5. Use different Clustering techniques to cluster data and Cluster the high dimensional data for better organization of the data

UNIT –I: Data Mining Systems and Knowledge Discovery Process:

Data Warehouse and OLAP Technology: An Overview- What Is a Data Warehouse. A Multidimensional Data Model - Need for Online Analytical Processing - OLTP V/s OLAP -OLAP Operations in Multidimensional Data Model. Data Warehouse Architecture, Data Warehouse Implementation, From Data Warehousing to Data Mining.

Need and Usage of Data Mining Technologies - Overview of Knowledge Discovery Process from Databases—What Motivated Data Mining - Why Is It Important - Data Mining Functionalities—What Kinds of Patterns Can Be Mined? Are All of the Patterns Interesting Classification of Data Mining Systems, Data Mining Task Primitives, Integration of a Data Mining System with a Database or Data Warehouse System, Major Issues in Data Mining.

UNIT–II: Data Pre-processing:

Data Exploration: Data Objects and attribute types -Statistical description of data- Descriptive Data Summarization-Data Visualization - Data similarity and dissimilarity measures.

Data Pre-processing: Why Pre-process the Data -Data Cleaning-Data Integration-Data Reduction-

Data Transformation and Data Discretization.

UNIT–III: Classification:

Basic issues regarding classification and predication - General Approach to solving a classification problem- Decision Tree Classification, Attribute Selection Measures, Tree Pruning- Bayesian Classification – Rule Based Classification – Support Vector Machines.

Classification Model Evaluation and Selection - Accuracy and Error measures, Holdout, Random Sampling, Cross Validation, Bootstrap, Comparing Classifier performance using ROC Curves.

UNIT–IV: Mining Frequent Patterns and Association Rules:

Basic Concepts-Problem Definition- Market Basket Analysis- Frequent Itemsets- Closed Itemsets and Association Rules - Frequent Pattern Mining - Efficient and Scalable Frequent Itemset Mining Methods- the Apriori Algorithm for finding Frequent Itemsets Using Candidate Generation - Generating Association Rules from Frequent Itemsets - A pattern growth approach for mining Frequent Itemsets- FP-Growth Algorithm

UNIT V: Cluster Analysis:

Basics and Importance of Cluster Analysis- Clustering techniques- Different Types of Clusters- Partitioning Methods (K-Means, K Medoids) -Strengths and Weaknesses. Hierarchical Methods (Agglomerative, Divisive) - Density-Based Methods (DBSCAN, OPTICS)

Text Books:

- i. Introduction to Data Mining: Pang-Ning Tan & Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, Pearson.
- ii. Data Mining concepts and Techniques, 3/e, Jiawei Han, Michel Kamber, Elsevier.

Reference Books:

- i. Data Mining Techniques and Applications: An Introduction, Hongbo Du, Cengage Learning.
- ii. Data Mining: VikramPudi and P. Radha Krishna, Oxford.
- iii. Data Mining and Analysis - Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms; Mohammed J.Zaki, Wagner Meira, Jr, Oxford
- iv. Data Warehousing Data Mining & OLAP, Alex Berson, Stephen Smith, TMH.

E-resources:

- i. http://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc18_cs14/preview (NPTEL course by Prof.Pabitra Mitra)
- ii. http://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_mg24/preview
(NPTEL course by Dr. Nandan Sudarshanam & Dr. Balaraman Ravindran)
- iii. http://www.saedsayad.com/data_mining_map.html

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COMPILER DESIGN**Course Objectives:**

1. To teach concepts of language translation and phases of compiler design
2. To describe the common forms of parsers
3. To inculcate knowledge of parser by parsing LL parser and LR parser
4. To demonstrate intermediate code using technique of syntax directed translation
5. To Illustrate the various optimization techniques for designing various optimizing compiler

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the functionalities of compilation phases, role of lexical analyzer and Use of LEX Tool in compiler design.
2. Analyze the working process of top-down parser and Bottom-up parser.
3. Generation of intermediate code by applying SDD/SDT for parse tree.
4. Apply the code optimization techniques for intermediate code.
5. Design the optimized code by applying optimization techniques to generate the target code.

UNIT - I:

Introduction and Lexical Analysis: Language Processors, the structure of a compiler, the science of building a compiler, phases of a compiler. Lexical Analysis: The role of the lexical analyzer, Identifying tokens, Transition diagrams for recognizing tokens, Input buffering, The lexical analyzer generator Lex, Finite automata, Conversion from regular expressions to automata, design of a lexical analyzer generator, Optimization of DFA-based pattern matchers.

UNIT - II:

Syntax Analysis: Introduction, Context-Free Grammars, BNF(Backus-Naur Form), EBNF(Extended Backus-Naur Form). Preprocessing of grammars: left recursion elimination, left factoring.

Top-Down Parsing: Recursive-descent parsers, LL(1) parsers.

Bottom-Up parsing: Introduction to LR parsers, Simple LR, Canonical LR, and Look ahead LR. Extending parsers to handle ambiguous grammars, Parser generators Yacc/Bison.

UNIT – III:

Syntax-Directed Translation, Semantic Analysis, Intermediate Code Generation

Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation orders for SDD's, Applications of Syntax-Directed

Translation, Syntax-Directed Translation Schemes, and Implementing L-Attributed SDD's.

Intermediate code generation: Variants of Syntax trees, Three-address code, Types and declarations, Type checking, Control flow, Back patching, Switch-Statements, Intermediate Code for Procedures.

UNIT - IV:

Code Optimization, Run-time Environment

Run-Time Environments: Storage organization, Activation record, Stack allocation, Access to nonlocal data on the stack, Heap management, Introduction to garbage collection, Introduction to trace-based collection. Machine-Independent optimizations: The principal sources of optimization, Basic blocks and flow graphs, Introduction to data-flow analysis, Foundations of data-flow analysis, Constant propagation.

UNIT - V: Target Code Generation

Code Generation: Issues in the design of a Code Generator, The target language, Addresses in the target code, A simple code generator.

Machine-dependent Optimizations: Peephole optimization, Register allocation and assignment, Dynamic Programming code generation.

Text Books:

- i. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Alfred V. Aho, MonicaS. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffry D. Ullman, 2nd ed, Pearson, 2007.
- ii. Compiler Construction-Principles and Practice, Kenneth C Loudon, Cengage Learning, 1997.

Reference Books:

- i. Modern Compiler Implementation in C, Andrew W Appel, Revised edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- ii. The Theory and Practice of Compiler writing, J. P. Tremblay and P. G. Sorenson, TMH, 1985.
- iii. lex & yacc, 2nd Edition by John Levine, Doug Brown, Tony Mason, 2012.

E-resources:

- i. <https://www.edx.org/course/compilers>
- ii. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/108/106108113/>
- iii. <http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/downloads/106108052/>

III Year-I Semester

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3	0	0	3

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS**Course Objectives:**

1. To introduce the fundamentals of algorithms, performance analysis, and the divide and conquer strategy for solving problems efficiently.
2. To familiarize students with the greedy method and its application to optimization problems.
3. To develop problem-solving skills using dynamic programming for optimization problems.
4. To understand backtracking as a problem-solving strategy for combinatorial and constraint satisfaction problems.
5. To introduce branch and bound techniques and the theory of NP-completeness.

Course Outcomes:

1. Analyze algorithm complexity and apply divide and conquer techniques to solve problems like sorting and matrix multiplication.
2. Design greedy algorithms for problems such as knapsack, job sequencing, spanning trees, and shortest paths.
3. Apply dynamic programming techniques to solve problems like matrix chain multiplication, TSP, and shortest paths.
4. Formulate and implement backtracking algorithms for problems like N-Queens, graph coloring, and knapsack.
5. Apply branch and bound to optimization problems and classify problems based on computational complexity (P, NP, NP-Hard, NP-Complete).

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Algorithm, Pseudo code for expressing algorithms, Recursive Algorithm, performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notation- Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation, probabilistic analysis, Amortized analysis.

Divide and conquer: The General method, Defective Chessboard, Binary search, Finding the Maximum and Minimum, Quick sort, Merge sort, Stassen's matrix multiplication, Performance Measurement.

UNIT-II:

The Greedy Method: The General Method, Knapsack Problem, Job Sequencing with Deadlines, Minimum-cost Spanning Trees, Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithms, Optimal Merge Patterns,

Single Source Shortest Paths

.

UNIT-III:

Dynamic Programming: General method, Matrix chain multiplication, Optimal binary search tree, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest paths, Single Source Shortest paths, Travelling sales person problem, Reliability design.

UNIT-IV:

Backtracking: General method, n-queens problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles, Knapsack Problem.

UNIT-V:

Branch and Bound: General method, Travelling sales person problem, 0/1 knapsack problem- LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution. NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems: Basic concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, NP - Hard and NP Complete classes, Cook's theorem.

Text Books:

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, and S. Rajasekaran, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, 2nd Edition, Universities Press, 2008.
2. Steven S. Skiena, The Algorithm Design Manual, 2nd Edition, Springer, 2008.
3. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, and Clifford Stein, Introduction to Algorithms, 2nd Edition, PHI Pvt. Ltd., 2001.

Reference Books:

1. Anany Levitin, Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, 3rd Edition (International Edition), Pearson, published July 14, 2021.
2. Parag Himanshu Dave & Himanshu B. Dave, Design and Analysis of Algorithms, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education India, 2009.
3. R.C.T. Lee, S.S. Tseng, R.C. Chang & Y.T. Tsai, Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms: A Strategic Approach, Reprint Edition (2008), McGraw-Hill Education (Asia).
4. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft & Jeffrey D. Ullman, The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms, 1st Edition (1974).

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

DevOps

(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I)

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the DevOps Concepts and DevOps Tools
2. To implement automated system update and DevOps lifecycle
3. Providing the perfect security for the entire infrastructure

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will be able to

1. Enumerate the principles of continuous development and deployment, automation of configuration management, inter-team collaboration, and IT service agility
2. Describe DevOps & DevSecOps methodologies and their key concepts
3. Illustrate the types of version control systems, continuous integration tools, continuous monitoring tools, and cloud models
4. Set up complete private infrastructure using version control systems and CI/CD tools
5. Know about DevOps maturity model.

UNIT- I:

Phases of Software Development life cycle, Models , Values and principles of agile software development

UNIT –II:

Fundamentals of DevOps: Architecture, Deployments, Orchestration, Need, Instance of applications, DevOps delivery pipeline, DevOps eco system.

UNIT –III:

DevOps adoption in projects: Technology aspects, Agiling capabilities, Tool stack implementation, People aspect, processes.

UNIT –IV:

CI/CD: Introduction to Continuous Integration, Continuous Delivery and Deployment, Benefits of CI/CD, Metrics to track CICD practices

UNIT -V:

Devops Maturity Model: Key factors of DevOps maturity model, stages of Devops maturity model, DevOps maturity Assessment

Text Books:

1. The DevOps Handbook: How to Create World-Class Agility, Reliability, and Security in Technology Organizations is considered the DevOps bible. It is written by Gene Kim, Jez Humble, Patrick Debois, and John Willis, 2nd Edition, 2021.
2. Continuous Delivery: Reliable Software Releases Through Build, Test, and Deployment Automation, is by Jez Humble and David Farley, 2010.
3. Effective DevOps: Building A Culture of Collaboration, Affinity, and Tooling at Scale by Jennifer Davis & Ryn Daniels, 1st Edition, 2016.

References/Web Links:

1. <https://www.udacity.com/course/intro-to-devops--ud611> - Good online course with sample exercises.
2. <http://www.edureka.co/devops> - Online Training covering high level process and tools. (Needs Registration)
3. https://www.edx.org/course?search_query=devops – Has no. of courses from MS and Redhat.
4. <https://www.codementor.io/devops/tutorial> - Basic Tutorial on DevOps.
5. <https://mva.microsoft.com/training-topics/devops#!lang=1033> – Lists no. of courses related to DevOps and various tools, methods used.
6. <http://devops.com/> - A good blog, has lots of contents.
7. <https://dzone.com/devops-tutorials-tools-news> - Lots of links and tutorials

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE
(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I)

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the fundamentals of computer design, performance measurement techniques, and the concept of instruction-level parallelism including hardware techniques to exploit it.
2. To explore compiler-level techniques and architectural support to increase ILP through static scheduling, VLIW, and other software-driven methods.
3. To study the principles of memory hierarchy design and techniques to enhance memory performance including cache optimization and virtual memory management.
4. To analyze the architecture and functioning of multiprocessor systems, thread-level parallelism, and synchronization mechanisms in shared memory systems.
5. To understand various types of storage systems, I/O subsystems, RAID configurations, and techniques for designing efficient and reliable storage architectures.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course, student will be able to

1. Describe fundamentals concepts of computer design
2. Explain different types of Parallelisms in Computer Architectures.
3. Design memory hierarchy methods
4. Explain the Thread level parallelism
5. Explain the different types of Storage systems and bench marking the storage device.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Fundamentals of Computer design- Technology trends- cost- measuring and reporting performance quantitative principles of computer design. Instruction level parallelism (ILP) - overcoming data hazards- reducing branch costs –high performance instruction delivery- hardware based speculation- limitation of ILP

UNIT-II:

ILP software approach - compiler techniques- static branch protection - VLIW approach - H.W support for more ILP at compile time- H.W verses S.W Solutions

UNIT-III:

Memory hierarchy design- cache performance- reducing cache misses penalty and miss rate –

virtual memory- protection and examples of VM.

UNIT-IV:

Multiprocessors and thread level parallelism- symmetric shared memory architectures, distributed shared memory- Synchronization- multi threading.

UNIT-V:

Storage systems- Types – Buses - RAID- errors and failures- bench marking a storage device- designing a I/O system.

Text Books:

1. Computer Architecture and parallel Processing, Kai Hwang and A.Briggs International Edition McGraw-Hill, 1986.

References Books:

1. Computer Architecture A quantitative approach 3rd edition, 2002, John L. Hennessy & David A. Patterson Morgan Kufmann (An Imprint of Elsevier)
2. Advanced Computer Architectures, Dezso Sima, Terence Fountain, Peter Kacsuk, Pearson, 1997.
3. Parallel Computer Architecture, A Hardware / Software Approach, David E. Culler, Jaswinder Pal singh with Anoop Gupta, Elsevier, 1999.

E-Resources:

- i. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/>

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

PRINCIPLES OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES
(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I)

Course Objectives:

- To understand and describe syntax and semantics of programming languages
- Understand the significance and implementation of programming languages in a compiler or interpreter
- To implement programs in an Imperative, functional, logical and object-oriented programming languages
- Learning principles to design new programming languages
- Increase capacity to express programming concepts alternative ways

Course Outcomes:

1. Design and implement the concepts of data types, arrays, pointers and control structures in various programming languages.
2. Design and implement basic concepts of subprograms in various programming languages.
3. Design and implement basic concepts of OOPs, Multithreading and Exception handling in various programming languages.
4. Understand the basic knowledge of lambda calculus, functional programming languages, Programming with Scheme, Programming with ML.
5. Understand the basic knowledge of Logic programming, Prolog and Multi-paradigm languages.

UNIT- I:

Evolution of programming languages, Names, variables, binding, Type checking, scope Rules, primitive data types, strings, array types, associative arrays, Record types, union types, pointers and references, Arithmetic expressions, overloaded operators, relational & Boolean expressions Statements & mixed mode assignments, control structures

UNIT- II:

Subprograms & Design issues, Local reference, Parameter passing, Overloaded& Generic Methods, Design issues for functions, Semantics of call & Return, Implementing programs Stack & Dynamic local variables, Nested subprograms, Blocks, Dynamic scoping

UNIT- III:

Object-Orientation, Design issues for oops languages, Implementation of object oriented constructs, Concurrency: Semaphores, monitors, Message passing, Threads, Statement level concurrency, Exception handling, Event handling.

UNIT- IV:

Introduction to lambda calculus, fundamentals of functional programming languages, Programming with Scheme, Programming with ML.

UNIT- V:

Introduction, Logic programming overview, Basics of prolog, Applications of Logic programming, Programming with prolog, Multi-paradigm languages.

Text Books:

- 1) Robert W. Sebesta, "Concepts of Programming Languages", 10th Edition, Addison Wesley, 2012.
- 2) Programming Languages, Principles & Paradigms, 2ed, Allen B Tucker, Robert E Noonan, TMH, 2006.

Reference Books:

1. R. Kent Dybvig, "The Scheme programming language", Fourth Edition, MIT Press, 2009.
2. Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Elements of ML programming", Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 1998.
3. W. F. Clocksin & C. S. Mellish, "Programming in Prolog: Using the ISO Standard", 5th Edition, Springer, 2003

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

COMPUTER GRAPHICS
(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I)

Course Objectives:

1. To introduce fundamental concepts and theory of computer graphics.
2. To develop, design and implement two and three dimensional graphical structures
3. To learn Creation, Management and Transmission of Multimedia objects.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of the course, student will be able to:

1. Develop various 2D output primitives like lines, circles, polygons.
2. Generate 3D representations by using various projection transformations.
3. Illustrate various illumination and shading models.
4. Apply OPENGL graphic software and rendering techniques for 3D object representations.
5. Create images using fractals and iterated functions

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Graphics: Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems, video-display devices, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices.

2D Primitives: Output primitives-Line, Circle and Ellipse drawing algorithms, Attributes of output primitives, two dimensional Geometric transformations, Two dimensional viewing Line, Polygon, Curve and Text clipping algorithms.

UNIT-II:

3D Concepts: Parallel and Perspective projections - Three dimensional object representations – Polygons, Curved lines, Splines, Quadric Surfaces, - Visualization of data sets - 3D transformations – Viewing -Visible surface identification.

UNIT-III:

Illumination and Shading: Background, simple lighting model, shading models, intensity representation, color models, texture synthesis.

UNIT-IV:

Graphics Hardware and Software: Graphics programming using OPENGL-Basic graphics primitives, Drawing three dimensional objects, Drawing three dimensional scenes.

Rendering: Introduction to shading models, Flat and Smooth shading, Adding texture to faces, Adding shadows of objects, Building a camera in a program, Creating shaded objects.

UNIT V:

Fractals: Fractals and Self similarity, Peano curves, Creating image by iterated functions, Mandelbrot sets, Julia Sets, Random Fractals

Overview of Ray Tracing: Intersecting rays with other primitives, Adding Surface texture, Reflections and Transparency, Boolean operations on Objects.

Text Books:

1. Donald Hearn, Pauline Baker, Computer Graphics – C Version, 2nd Edition, 1997, Pearson Education.
2. F.S. Hill, Computer Graphics using OPENGL, 3rd Edition, 2006, Pearson Education.

Reference Books:

1. James D. Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K. Feiner, John F. Hughes, Computer Graphics Principles and practice in C, 2nd Edition, 1995, Pearson Education.

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

DATA MINING Lab**Course Objectives:**

1. Practical exposure on implementation of well known data mining tasks and their effective use in discovering interesting hidden patterns from large datasets.
2. Exposure to real time data sets for analysis and prediction.
3. Focus is on the main process of data mining such as data preparation, classification, clustering, association analysis, and pattern evaluation

Software Requirements: WEKA Tool and R Programming/Python Programming

Course Outcomes: After undergoing the course students will be able to:

1. Create summary statistics for the given datasets.
2. Analyze various datasets and perform Data Pre-processing.
3. Apply various data mining algorithms on the give data set to select the appropriate one.
4. Develop skills and apply data mining tools for solving practical problems.
5. Handling a small data mining project for a given practical domain.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Study of WEKA tool and applying data mining techniques on following data sets in ARFF or CSV file Format.
2. Implementation / Usage of WEKA for classification of datasets such as customer's data, weather forecasting data, agricultural data etc.
3. Experiment to summarize and visualization of various datasets.
4. Experiment to demonstrate various data pre-processing techniques
5. Experiment to select prominent feature subsets of various datasets.
6. Experiment to Evaluate Information Gain of an attribute in the student database
7. Demonstration of classification rule process using j48 decision tree algorithm
8. Demonstration of classification rule process using ID3 decision tree algorithm
9. Experiment to predict the class using the Bayesian classification
10. Experiment to predict the class using the k-Nearest Neighbor classification
11. Experiment to implement weight & bias updating using the Back propagation Neural Network
12. Demonstration of clustering process using k-means algorithm
13. Demonstration of mining frequent patterns using Apriori algorithm
14. Demonstration of mining frequent patterns using FP-Growth algorithm
15. Experiment to compare the performance of various data mining algorithms on the give database.

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

COMPILER DESIGN LAB**Course Objectives:**

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

1. Implementation of a compiler for a basic language
2. Lex/Yacc specifications for designing frontend of a compiler
3. Generate MIPS instruction set

Course Outcomes:

The students should be able to:

1. Understand the different phases of compilation and the working of compilers like gcc, clang etc
2. Implement lexical analyzer for any language
3. Implement parser for any language
4. Implement 3-address code generator for simple programming constructs
5. Implement MIPS code generator by considering simple programming constructs

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Check the output of different compilers gcc, g++, clang, clang++, javac, python etc by running respective language programs with different flags. (purpose to understand preprocessor, optimizations, linker)
2. The Language called TinyCStr is described as follows
 - a) Every TinyCStr program has one or more functions and syntax of function declaration and function definition is similar to C, one function must be main.
 - b) Every TinyCStr function has zero or statements
 - c) The possible statements are declaration, assignment, conditional statements (if, else, for, while) except switch.
 - d) TinyCStr supports primitive data types of C and a string datatype
 - i. Implement a lexical analyser for TinyCStr using flex/lex
 - ii. Implement a parser for TinyCStr using bison/yacc and generate AST (Abstract Syntax Tree)
 - iii. Generate a 3-address code from the AST
 - iv. Generate MIPS instructions from 3-address code and run it on SPIM simulator
3. Write a program illustrating code optimization techniques:
 - i) Constant folding

- ii) Copy propagation
- iii) Common sub expression elimination
- iv) Loop unrolling
- v) Dead code elimination

Text Books:

1. Flex & bison by John Levine, 1st Edition, August 2009 Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, Inc.
2. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Second Edition, 2006, Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Pearson.

Reference Books:

1. LLVM Cookbook, Mayur pandey, 1st Edition, 2015.

E-resources:

1. <https://llvm.org/>
2. <https://gcc.gnu.org/>
3. https://www.dsi.unive.it/~gasparetto/materials/MIPS_Instruction_Set.pdf

III Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	1	2	2

FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT-II

(SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE)

Course Objectives:

The main objectives of the course are to

1. Make use of router, template engine and authentication using sessions to develop application in ExpressJS.
2. Build a single page application using RESTful APIs in ExpressJS
3. Apply router and hooks in designing ReactJS application

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Apply core concepts of ExpressJS to build web applications
2. Design and develop web applications using ExpressJS by connecting to MongoDB with Mongoose
3. Creating reusable components using both function-based and class-based approaches.
4. Implement dynamic user interfaces in ReactJS
5. Install and configure MongoDB (including Atlas) and perform essential database operations

Experiments covering the Topics:

1. ExpressJS – Routing, HTTP Methods, Middleware, Templating, Form Data
2. ExpressJS – Cookies, Sessions, Authentication, Database, RESTful APIs
3. ReactJS – Render HTML, JSX, Components – function & Class, Props and States, Styles, Respond to Events
4. ReactJS – Conditional Rendering, Rendering Lists, React Forms, React Router, Updating the Screen
5. ReactJS – Hooks, Sharing data between Components, Applications – To-do list and Quiz
6. MongoDB – Installation, Configuration, CRUD operations, Databases, Collections and Records

Sample Experiments:**1. ExpressJS – Routing, HTTP Methods, Middleware.**

- a. Write a program to define a route, Handling Routes, Route Parameters, Query Parameters and URL building.

- b. Write a program to accept data, retrieve data and delete a specified resource using http methods.
- c. Write a program to show the working of middleware.

2. ExpressJS – Templating, Form Data

- a. Write a program using templating engine.
- b. Write a program to work with form data.

3. ExpressJS – Cookies, Sessions, Authentication

- a. Write a program for session management using cookies and sessions.
- b. Write a program for user authentication.

4. ExpressJS – Database, RESTful APIs

- a. Write a program to connect MongoDB database using Mongoose and perform CRUD operations.
- b. Write a program to develop a single page application using RESTful APIs.

5. ReactJS – Render HTML, JSX, Components – function & Class

- a. Write a program to render HTML to a web page.
- b. Write a program for writing markup with JSX.
- c. Write a program for creating and nesting components (function and class).

6. ReactJS – Props and States, Styles, Respond to Events

- a. Write a program to work with props and states.
- b. Write a program to add styles (CSS & Sass Styling) and display data.
- c. Write a program for responding to events.

7. ReactJS – Conditional Rendering, Rendering Lists, React Forms

- a. Write a program for conditional rendering.
- b. Write a program for rendering lists.
- c. Write a program for working with different form fields using react forms.

8. ReactJS – React Router, Updating the Screen

- a. Write a program for routing to different pages using react router.
- b. Write a program for updating the screen.

9. ReactJS – Hooks, Sharing data between Components

- a. Write a program to understand the importance of using hooks.
- b. Write a program for sharing data between components.

10. MongoDB – Installation, Configuration, CRUD operations

- a. Install MongoDB and configure ATLAS
- b. Write MongoDB queries to perform CRUD operations on document using insert(), find(), update(), remove()

11. MongoDB – Databases, Collections and Records

- a. Write MongoDB queries to Create and drop databases and collections.
- b. Write MongoDB queries to work with records using find(), limit(), sort(), createIndex(), aggregate().

12. Augmented Programs: (Any 2 must be completed)

- a. Design a to-do list application using NodeJS and ExpressJS.
- b. Design a Quiz app using ReactJS.
- c. Complete the MongoDB certification from MongoDB University website.

Text Books:

1. Pro MERN Stack: Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React, and Node, Vasanth Subramanian, 2nd edition, 2019, APress, O'Reilly.
2. Node.js in Action, Mike Cantelon, Mark Harter, T.J. Holowaychuk, Nathan Rajlich, 2nd edition, 2017, Manning Publications. (Chapters 1-11)
3. React Quickly, AzatMardan, 2nd edition, 2024, Manning Publications(Chapters 1-8,12-14)

Web Links:

1. ExpressJS - <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/expressjs>
2. ReactJS - <https://www.w3schools.com/REACT> (and) <https://react.dev/learn#>
3. MongoDB - <https://learn.mongodb.com/learning-paths/introduction-to-mongodb>

III Year-I Semester

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0	0	2	1

TINKERING LAB**Course Objective**

A small unique idea can be become big changer when it get the suitable platform and transformed into a product or re-define existing products with better enhancement.

This lab provides a platform to seed, fertilize and encourage the spirit of curiosity and innovation among young minds. It is a work place where students can give shape to their ideas.

Course Outcome:

In the tinkering lab, students able to

- Gain hands-on experiences, learning from failures, and unstructured time to explore and invent.
- Apply the knowledge they gained till date to develop and conceptualize different scientific methods and/or techniques.
- Design experiment(s) with financial support and guidance to enhance themselves with technical applications.

List of Sample Projects:

- Face Recognition DoorlockSystem
- Hand gesture recognition
- Text to speech
- Smart City
- Private chatroom
- Android app controlled robotic arm
- Smart Traffic System
- Vehicle Accident Alarm System
- Smart dustbin
- Surveillance BOT
- Automatic Water Gardening System
- e- Mirror
- Smart Parking System
- Service Bot
- Drone Surveillance

- Wall painting robot
- Home automation
- Automated wheelchair
- Any Innovative Idea – Real Time application

III Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & MACHINE LEARNING**Course Objectives**

- To gain foundational proficiency in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning techniques.
- To understand heuristic and probabilistic approaches to intelligent systems.
- To build predictive and classification models using decision trees, neural networks, and clustering methods.
- To grasp essential tools and concepts of fuzzy logic and probabilistic reasoning.

Course Outcomes

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

1. Formulate problems suitable for AI and ML solutions.
2. Understand how AI agents make decisions and solve problems optimally under constraints.
3. Represent knowledge formally and reason logically or probabilistically.
4. Understand classical supervised learning models and performance evaluation.
5. Gain a broad understanding of advanced ML and AI paradigms, including neural, fuzzy, and unsupervised models.

UNIT I:

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning: History and evolution of AI, Applications and impact of AI in various domains, Intelligent agents: structure, environment, and rationality, Difference between AI, ML, and Deep Learning. Types of learning: supervised, unsupervised, reinforcement. ML pipeline: data collection, preprocessing, feature engineering, model training, and evaluation

UNIT II:

Problem Solving and Search Techniques: Problem representation and state space, Uninformed (blind) search: BFS, DFS, DLS, Iterative Deepening. Informed (heuristic) search: Greedy, A* algorithm. Constraint Satisfaction Problems (CSPs), Game playing: Minimax, Alpha-Beta pruning, two-player games.

UNIT III:

Knowledge Representation and Reasoning: Propositional and Predicate Logic. Inference rules,

Resolution, Semantic Tableau. Knowledge representation structures: Semantic networks, Frames, Scripts. Conceptual dependency theory, Case grammars, Introduction to Probabilistic reasoning: Bayesian networks, certainty factor theory.

UNIT IV:

Supervised Machine Learning: Learning types and workflow recap. Decision Trees: entropy, Gini, overfitting, pruning, Random Forests and ensemble basics, Linear Regression and Logistic Regression, Bias–variance tradeoff and model evaluation (accuracy, precision, recall, F1, confusion matrix).

UNIT V:

Neural Networks, SVMs, and Unsupervised Learning: Perceptron and introduction to Neural Networks, MLPs and Backpropagation (conceptual). Support Vector Machines (Linear and Kernelized – overview), Clustering: K-means, Hierarchical, Fuzzy C-means, EM Clustering, Overview: Fuzzy logic, Reinforcement Learning, NLP basics. Tools: Scikit-learn, TensorFlow basics

Textbooks:

1. Stuart Russell & Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
2. SarojKaushik, Artificial Intelligence, CENGAGE Learning, 1st Edition, 2011 .

Reference Books:

1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill (TMH), 1997.
2. Deepak Khemani, Artificial Intelligence, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill (TMH), 2013.
3. Peter Harrington, Machine Learning in Action, 1st Edition, Manning Publications / DreamTech Press, 2012.
4. M.N. Murthy, V.S. Ananthanarayana, Machine Learning: Theory and Practice, Universities Press (India), 1st Edition, 2024.

III Year-II Semester

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OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**Course Objectives:**

1. To understand Software Engineering Lifecycle Models.
2. To Perform software requirements analysis.
3. To gain knowledge of the System Analysis and Design concepts using UML for applications.
4. To understand software testing and maintenance approaches
5. To gain knowledge in Project Management activities.

Course Outcomes:

1. Compare various Software Development Lifecycle Models.
2. Analyze requirements for different use cases.
3. Design use case diagrams for various case studies.
4. Apply different test cases and test strategies for different applications.
5. Analyze the project management activities.

UNIT-I:**SOFTWARE PROCESS AND AGILE DEVELOPMENT**

Introduction to Software Engineering: Software Myths, Software Models-Waterfall Model, Agile Model Software Engineering Failures, What is Software Engineering Modelling, Problem-Solving, Knowledge Acquisition, Rationale.

Software Engineering Concepts- Participants and Roles, Systems and Models, Work Products, Activities, Tasks, and Resources. Software Engineering Development Activities Requirements Elicitation, Analysis, System Design, Object Design, Implementation, and Testing. Managing Software Development- Communication, Rationale Management, Software Configuration Management, Project Management, Software Life Cycle.

UNIT-II:**REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND SPECIFICATION**

Requirement Elicitation: Requirement Elicitation Concepts- Functional Requirements, Nonfunctional Requirements, Completeness, Consistency, Clarity, Correctness, Realism, Verifiability, and Traceability, Greenfield Engineering, Reengineering, and Interface Engineering. Requirements Elicitation Activities- Identifying Actors, Identifying Scenarios, Identifying Use Cases, Refining Use Cases, Identifying Relationships among Actors and Use Case. Managing Requirements Elicitation- Negotiating Specifications with Clients: Joint Application Design,

Maintaining Traceability, Documenting Requirements Elicitation.

Analysis: Analysis Concepts- Analysis Object Models and Dynamic Models, Entity, Boundary, and Control Objects, Generalization and Specialization, Analysis Activities From Use Cases to Objects: Identifying Entity Objects, Identifying Boundary Objects, Identifying Control Objects.

UNIT-III:

SYSTEM DESIGN

System Design- Decomposition System: System Design Concepts- Subsystems and Classes, Services and Subsystem Interfaces, Coupling and Cohesion, Layers and Partitions, Architectural Styles. System Design Activities- Starting Point: Analysis Model for a Route Planning System, Identifying Design Goals, Identifying Subsystems. Modeling with UML: An Overview of UML, Modelling Concepts, A Deeper View into UML.

UNIT-IV:

SOFTWARE TESTING AND MAINTENANCE

Testing Concepts: Faults, Erroneous States, and Failures, Test Cases, Test Stubs and Drivers, Corrections. Testing Activities: Component Inspection, Usability Testing, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, System Testing. Managing Testing: Planning Testing, Documenting Testing, Assigning Responsibilities, Regression Testing, Automating Testing, Model-Based Testing.

UNIT-V:

PROJECT MANAGEMENT: Project Management Concepts: Tasks and Activities, Work Products, Work Packages, and Roles, Work Breakdown Structure, Task Model, Skill Matrix, The Software Project Management Plan. Project Management Activities: Planning the Project, Organizing the Project, Controlling the Project, Terminating the Project

Text Books:

1. Bernd Bruegge and Allen H. Dutoit, "Object-Oriented Software Engineering: Using UML, Patterns and Java", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
2. Roger S. Pressman, Object-Oriented Software Engineering: An Agile Unified Methodology, 1st Edition, Mc Graw-Hill International Edition, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Stephen Schach, Object-Oriented and Classical Software Engineering, 8th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2010.
2. Object-Oriented Software Engineering, Practical Software Development Using UML and Java 2nd Edition, Timothy C. Lethbridge Robert Laganière, McGraw-Hill, 2004.

III Year-II Semester

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COMPUTER NETWORKS**Course Objectives:**

1. To introduce the fundamental various types of computer networks.
2. To understand state-of-the-art in network protocols, architectures, and applications.
3. To explore the various layers of OSI Model.

Course Outcomes:

The students are able to

1. Understand OSI and TCP/IP reference models with an emphasis to Physical Layer, Data Link Layer and Network Layer.
2. Analyze the issues related to data link, medium access and transport layers by using channel allocation and connection management schemes. Analyze MAC layer protocols and LAN technologies.
3. Solve problems related to Flow control, Error control, Congestion control and Network Routing.
4. Design and compute subnet masks and addresses for networking requirements.
5. Understand how internet works,

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Network Hardware and software Reference models- The OSI Reference Model- the TCP/IP Reference Model - A Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP Reference Models, Examples of Networks: Novell Networks, Arpanet, Internet, Network Topologies WAN, LAN, MAN.

Physical Layer: Guided Transmission Media, Digital Modulation and Multiplexing: frequency division multiplexing, wave length division multiplexing, synchronous time division multiplexing, statistical time division multiplexing.

UNIT-II:

The Data Link Layer - Design Issues, Services Provided to the Network Layer – Framing – Error Control – Flow Control, Error Detection and Correction – Error-Correcting Codes – Error Detecting Codes, Elementary Data Link Protocols, Sliding Window Protocols.

Channel allocation methods: TDM, FDM, ALOHA, Carrier sense Multiple access protocols, Collision Free protocols – IEEE standard 802 for LANS – Ethernet, Token Bus, Token ring, Bridges

and IEEE 802.11 and 802.16. Data link layer switching, virtual LANs.

UNIT-III:

Network layer Routing Algorithms: Design Issues, Routing Algorithms-Shortest path, Flooding, Flow based Distance vector, Link state, Hierarchical, Broadcast routing, Congestion Control algorithms-General principles of congestion control, Congestion prevention policies, Choke packets, Load shedding, and Jitter Control.

Internet Working: Tunneling, internetworking, Fragmentation, Network layer in the internet– IP protocols, IP address, Subnets, Internet control protocols, OSPF, BGP, Internet multicasting, Mobile IP, IPV6.

UNIT IV:

The Transport Layer: Elements of transport protocols – addressing, establishing a connection, releasing connection, flow control and buffering and crash recovery, End to end protocols: UDP, Real Time Transport Protocol.

The Internet Transport Protocol: TCP- reliable Byte Stream (TCP) end to end format, segment format, connection establishment and termination, sliding window revisited, adaptive retransmission, TCP extension, Remote Procedure Call.

UNIT – V:

Application Layer: WWW and HTTP: Architecture- Client (Browser), Server, Uniform Resource Locator HTTP: HTTP Transaction, HTTP Operational Model and Client/Server Communication, HTTP Generic Message Format, HTTP Request Message Format, HTTP Response Message Format.

The Domain Name System: The DNS Name Space, Resource Records, Name Servers, Electronic Mail: Architecture and Services, The User Agent, Message Formats, Message Transfer, Final Delivery.

Text Books:

1. Data Communications and Networks – Behrouz A. Forouzan, Third EditionTMH.
2. Computer Networks, 5ed, David Patterson,Elsevier
3. Computer Networks: Andrew S Tanenbaum, 4th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI
4. Computer Networks, Mayank Dave, CENGAGE

References:

1. Tanenbaum and David J Wetherall, Computer Networks, 5th Edition, Pearson Edu, 2010

2. Computer Networks: A Top Down Approach, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Firouz Mosharraf, McGraw Hill Education
3. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education
4. Understanding communications and Networks, 3rd Edition, W.A. Shay, Thomson The TCP/IP Guide, by Charles M. Kozierok,
5. Free online Resource, <http://www.tcpipguide.com/free/index.html>

III Year-II Semester

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PROMPT ENGINEERING
(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II)**Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of the course are to

- Apply iterative prompting for clarity and context.
- Create varied prompts to steer model outputs.
- Construct chain-of-thought and structured prompts.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand prompt engineering as the process of crafting inputs to elicit desired outputs from large language models (LLMs).
2. Design prompts that include contextual details and explicit output formats to guide the model towards desired responses.
3. Understand the Importance of Structured Outputs and Reasoning Techniques in Real-World Applications.
4. Recognize the constraints of large language models (LLMs) regarding static knowledge and the necessity for integrating external data sources to enhance their capabilities.
5. Understand the concept of using LLMs for automated evaluation of prompts.

UNIT I:

Foundations of Prompt Engineering: Definition of prompt engineering, Distinction between prompt engineering and model fine-tuning, Motivation and benefits of prompt engineering, Core principles of effective prompt design, Anatomy of a prompt, Setting up the Python environment for LLM interaction, Iterative prompting lifecycle, Common prompt pitfalls and remediation

Lab Experiments:

- Environment & Connectivity: Install required packages (e.g., transformers, openai); securely configure the API key; run a simple “Hello, world” prompt to verify model access.
- Baseline vs. Enhanced Prompts: Execute a naïve prompt (“Write a one-paragraph bio of Ada Lovelace.”) and an enhanced prompt that adds role framing, specificity, and explicit format

instructions; compare both outputs for relevance, completeness, and style.

Iterative Refinement on a Simple Task: Summarize the plot of the Shakespearean play Romeo and Juliet in two sentences through three rounds of prompt tweaking:

- Minimal instruction.
- Addition of length and style constraints
- Specification of key content elements (setting and theme)
- Document how each iteration changes and improves the result.
- Diagnosing Prompt Failures & Edge Cases: Craft a vague or contradictory prompt; analyze the failure mode (ambiguity, missing context, or format errors); refine the prompt by adding examples or clarifying instructions.

UNIT II:

Advanced Prompt Patterns & Techniques: Enhanced prompt anatomy: contextual detail and explicit output specifications, Few-shot in-context prompting, Prompt structuring and template design, Role-based prompting to establish personas or system behavior, Negative prompting to filter or suppress undesired content, Constraint specification and instruction enforcement (e.g., length, format), Iterative prompt refinement and optimization

Lab Experiments:

- Few-Shot vs. Zero-Shot Comparison: Design and execute a zero-shot prompt and a few-shot prompt (with 2–3 exemplar input-output pairs) for a chosen text task (e.g., sentiment classification or translation); compare outputs for accuracy, consistency, and adherence to examples.
- Role-Based & Negative Prompting: Craft a role-based prompt to establish a specific persona (e.g., “You are a financial advisor...”); then create a negative prompt to suppress undesired content (e.g., “Do not mention any brand names”); evaluate how each influences the model’s response.
- Constraint Specification & Iterative Refinement: Select an open-ended task (e.g., summarizing a technical article); issue a basic prompt; identify failures in length or format; refine the prompt by adding explicit constraints (word count, bullet format, etc.); document improvements over two refinement cycles.

UNIT III:

Structured Output & Reasoning Techniques: Importance of structured outputs for real-world applications, Prompting for specific formats (lists, tables, Markdown), Generating valid JSON and YAML via explicit instructions, Eliciting chain-of-thought reasoning in zero-shot prompts,

Decomposing complex tasks into manageable sub-tasks

Lab Experiments:

- **Structured Format Prompting:** Instruct the model to output information as bullet lists and Markdown tables (e.g., “List three benefits of daily exercise in a Markdown table with columns ‘Benefit’ and ‘Description.’”); verify the output matches the requested structure.
- **JSON/YAML Generation:** Provide a brief dataset description (e.g., three books with title, author, publication year) and prompt the model to produce valid JSON or YAML; use a parser to validate syntax and refine the prompt if errors occur.
- **Chain-of-Thought & Task Decomposition:** Present a multi-step problem (e.g., a logic puzzle) and apply zero-shot CoT prompting (e.g., “Let’s think step by step. Explain your reasoning before the final answer.”); separately, decompose the problem into sequential sub-questions, collect partial answers, combine them, and compare accuracy against a direct-answer baseline.

UNIT IV:

Retrieval-Augmented Generation & LangChain Workflows: Limitations of LLM internal knowledge, Need for external data sources, Introduction to Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG), Overview of RAG architecture (indexing vs. retrieval + generation), Getting started with LangChain for LLM applications, Basics of LangChain Expression Language (LCEL), Simplified indexing pipeline: document loading & text splitting, Fundamentals of embeddings and vector stores, Building a basic retrieval-generation pipeline with an LCEL chain

Lab Experiments:

- **Building a Simple LCEL Chain:** Create a minimal LCEL script that accepts a fixed instruction (e.g., “Summarize this text: ...”), passes it to an LLM, and prints the result; verify end-to-end execution.
- **Basic Data Indexing for RAG:** Load a small collection of documents; split into uniform chunks (e.g., 200 tokens); generate embeddings for each chunk; store them in an in-memory vector store; inspect for consistency.
- **Constructing & Running a Basic RAG Chain:** Build a pipeline that:
 - a) Receives a user query
 - b) Retrieves the top-k relevant chunks
 - c) Constructs a combined prompt with context + query
 - d) Send it to the LLM

e) Returns the answer

Test with sample queries and compare factual accuracy against a prompt without retrieval.

UNIT V:

Agents, Multimodal AI & Ethical Evaluation: Introduction to LLM agents and their basic architecture, Overview of multimodal AI models (VLMs), Prompting for text-to-image generation and image understanding, Importance of prompt evaluation beyond subjective judgment, Manual evaluation techniques (heuristic checks for accuracy, relevance, format), Introduction to “LLM-as-Judge” for automated evaluation, Security considerations (prompt injection, sensitive-information risks), Prompt-based mitigation strategies for safety and robustness, Ethical concerns (bias, misinformation, data privacy), Brief exploration of UI frameworks (Streamlit/Gradio) for deploying prompt-driven apps, Adapting to the evolving nature of prompt engineering through continuous learning

Lab Experiments:

- Building a Simple LLM Agent: Register a tool (e.g., a calculator function) and craft prompts that instruct the agent to invoke it when required; implement using Lang Chain or a function-calling API; test on queries requiring tool execution.
- Multimodal Prompting Exploration: Generate images from detailed text prompts; feed one generated image into an image-understanding model or API with an appropriate prompt; compare the returned caption to the original prompt to evaluate alignment.
- Prompt Evaluation & Ethics Workshop:
- Select two existing prompts and generate multiple outputs; apply manual heuristic checks for accuracy, relevance, and format compliance.
- Use an “LLM-as-Judge” prompt (e.g., “Rate these outputs on a scale of 1–5 for clarity and correctness.”) to automate evaluation.
- Design a prompt- injection test (e.g., “Ignore previous instructions...”), observe the response, then refine system prompts to mitigate the vulnerability.

Text Books:

1. Flex & Bison, John R. Levine, 1st Edition, 2009.
2. Compilers: Principles, Techniques & Tools, Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, 2nd Edition (revised), 2006 (orig), 2023 (India Revised).

Reference Books:

1. LLVM Cookbook, Mayur Pandey & Suyog Sarda, 1st Edition, 2015.

III Year-II Semester

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MOBILE COMPUTING (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II)

Course Objective:

1. To understand the fundamental concepts, architecture, and paradigms of mobile computing and GSM.
2. To comprehend the motivation for specialized MAC techniques in wireless communications, addressing issues such as hidden and exposed terminals, near and far terminals and IEEE 802.11.
3. To analyze the IP and Mobile IP network layers, focusing on packet delivery, handover management, location management, registration, tunnelling, encapsulation and DHCP.
4. To understand conventional TCP/IP protocols and specialized protocols like Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, and Mobile TCP for mobile networks and database issues in mobile computing.
5. To introduce the concept, applications, and challenges of Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs), and to explore various routing algorithms such as DSR, AODV, and DSDV.

Course Outcomes: Upon Successful completion of Course, the students will be able to

1. Understand the fundamental concepts, architecture, and paradigms of mobile computing and GSM.
2. Understand the need for specialized MAC techniques in wireless communications, addressing challenges like hidden and exposed terminals, near and far terminals and IEEE 802.11.
3. Understand the concept of the IP and Mobile IP network layers, focusing on packet delivery, handover management, location management, registration, tunnelling, encapsulation, route optimization, and DHCP.
4. Understand proficient in conventional TCP/IP protocols as well as specialized protocols like Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, and Mobile TCP.
5. understand the concept, applications, and challenges of Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs).

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Mobile Communications, Mobile Computing – Paradigm, Promises/Novel Applications and Impediments and Architecture; Mobile and Handheld Devices, Limitations of Mobile and Handheld Devices.

GSM – Services, System Architecture, Radio Interfaces, Protocols, Localization and Calling, Handover, Security, New Data Services, GPRS.

UNIT –II:

(Wireless) Medium Access Control (MAC): Motivation for a specialized MAC (Hidden and exposed Terminals, Near and far terminals), SDMA, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA.

UNIT –III:

Mobile Network Layer: IP and Mobile IP Network Layers, Packet Delivery and Handover Management, Location Management, Registration, Tunnelling and Encapsulation, Route Optimization, DHCP.

UNIT –IV:

Mobile Transport Layer: Conventional TCP/IP Protocols, Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Other Transport Layer Protocols for Mobile Networks.

UNIT –V:

Mobile Ad hoc Networks (MANETs): Introduction, Applications & Challenges of a MANET, Routing, Classification of Routing Algorithms, Algorithms such as DSR, AODV, DSDV, etc., Mobile Agents, Service Discovery. **Protocols and Platforms for Mobile Computing:** WAP, Bluetooth, XML, J2ME, Java Card, PalmOS, Windows CE, SymbianOS, Linux for Mobile Devices, Android.

Text Books:

1. Jochen Schiller, “Mobile Communications”, Addison-Wesley, 2nd Edition, 2009.
2. Raj Kamal, “Mobile Computing”, Oxford University Press, 2007, 1st Edition, ISBN: 0195686772

Reference Book:

1. ASOKE K TALUKDER, HASAN AHMED, ROOPA R YAVAGAL, “Mobile Computing, Technology Applications and Service Creation” 2nd Edition, 2010, Mc Graw Hill.
2. UWE Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nocklous, Thomas Stober, “Principles of Mobile Computing,” 2nd Edition, 2006, Springer.

III Year-II Semester

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SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGIES

(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II)

Course Objectives:

1. To Understand the purpose of Testing.
2. To Study about Logic Based Testing.
3. To Learn how to Test a Project, Starting from Planning, Design Test Cases with Data, perform Testing operations, manage defects and generate test reports.
4. To Understand the Software Testing automation process.
5. To gain the techniques of using testing tools

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the concepts of Software Testing.
2. Design the test cases to check the functionality of software.
3. Design the test cases to structural aspects of software.
4. Understand various software testing problems and be able to design the solutions.
5. Apply knowledge to design the test cases effectively and using the modern tools.

UNIT-I:

Software Testing: Introduction, Evolution, Myths & Facts, Goals, Psychology, Definition, Model for testing, Effective Vs Exhaustive Software Testing. Software Testing Terminology and Methodology: Software Testing Terminology, Software Testing Life Cycle, relating test life cycle to development life cycle Software Testing Methodology

Verification and Validation: Verification & Validation Activities, Verification of Requirements, High level and low level designs, How to verify code, Validation

UNIT -II:

Static Testing: inspections, Structured Walkthroughs, Technical reviews

Dynamic Testing I: Black Box testing techniques: Boundary Value Analysis, Equivalence class Testing, State Table based testing, Decision table based testing, Cause-Effect Graphing based testing, Error guessing

UNIT-III:

Dynamic Testing II: White-Box Testing: need, Logic coverage criteria, Basis path testing, Loop testing, data flow testing, mutation testing

Graph matrices and Applications: Motivational overview, matrix of graph, relations, power of a matrix, node reduction algorithm

UNIT-IV:

Validation activities: Unit testing, Integration Testing,. Function testing, system testing, acceptance testing.

Regression Testing: Objectives, Types, Techniques.

UNIT-V:

Efficient Test Suite Management: Test case design Why does a test suite grow, Minimizing the test suite and its benefits, test suite prioritization, Types of test case prioritization, prioritization techniques, measuring the effectiveness of a prioritized test suite

Automation and Testing Tools: need for automation, categorization of testing tools, selection of testing tools, Cost incurred, Guidelines for automated testing.

Text Books:

1. Software Testing, Principles and Practices, Naresh Chauhan, 2nd Edition, 2016, Oxford
2. Software testing techniques - Baris Beizer, International Thomson computer press, 2nd edition, 1990.
3. Foundations of Software testing, Aditya P Mathur, 2nd edition, Pearson, 2013.

Reference books:

1. Software Testing- Yogesh Singh, 1st edition, 2011, CAMBRIDGE.
2. Software Testing, Principles, techniques and Tools, M G Limaye, 1st edition, 2009, TMH.
3. Effective Methods for Software testing, Willian E Perry, 3rd edition, 2006, Wiley.

III Year-II Semester

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NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II)

Course Objectives:

This course introduces the fundamental concepts and techniques of natural language processing (NLP).

1. Students will gain an in-depth understanding of the computational properties of natural languages and the commonly used algorithms for processing linguistic information.
2. The course examines NLP models and algorithms using both the traditional symbolic and the more recent statistical approaches.
3. Enable students to be capable to describe the application based on natural language processing and to show the points of syntactic, semantic and pragmatic processing.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Explain the origins and challenges of Natural Language Processing
2. Apply word-level analysis techniques in NLP using unsmoothed and smoothed N-gram models,
3. Apply grammar normal forms, feature structures, and unification techniques to resolve syntactic ambiguity.
4. Implement word sense disambiguation and word similarity methods using supervised, dictionary-based, and distributional approaches.
5. Analyze discourse structure and reference phenomena in text

UNIT-I:

INTRODUCTION: Origins and challenges of NLP – Language Modeling: Grammar-based LM, Statistical LM – Regular Expressions, Finite-State Automata – English Morphology, Transducers for lexicon and rules, Tokenization, Detecting and Correcting Spelling Errors, Minimum Edit Distance.

UNIT-II:

WORD LEVEL ANALYSIS: Unsmoothed N-grams, Evaluating N-grams, Smoothing, Interpolation and Backoff – Word Classes, Part- of-Speech Tagging, Rule-based, Stochastic and Transformation-based tagging, Issues in PoS tagging – Hidden Markov and Maximum Entropy models.

UNIT-III:

SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS: Context-Free Grammars, Grammar rules for English, Treebanks, Normal Forms for grammar – Dependency Grammar – Syntactic Parsing, Ambiguity, Dynamic Programming parsing – Shallow parsing Probabilistic CFG, Probabilistic CYK, Probabilistic Lexicalized CFGs – Feature structures, Unification of feature structures

UNIT-IV:

SEMANTICS AND PRAGMATICS: Requirements for representation, First-Order Logic, Description Logics – Syntax-Driven Semantic analysis, Semantic attachments – Word Senses, Relations between Senses, Thematic Roles, selectional restrictions – Word Sense Disambiguation, WSD using Supervised, Dictionary & Thesaurus, Bootstrapping methods – Word Similarity using Thesaurus and Distributional methods.

UNIT-V:

DISCOURSE ANALYSIS AND LEXICAL RESOURCES: Discourse segmentation, Coherence – Reference Phenomena, Anaphora Resolution using Hobbs and Centering Algorithm – Coreference Resolution – Resources: Porter Stemmer, Lemmatizer, Penn Treebank, Brill's Tagger, WordNet, PropBank, FrameNet, Brown Corpus, British National Corpus (BNC).

Text Books:

1. Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech, 2nd Edition, Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin -Pearson Publication, 2014.
2. Natural Language Processing with Python, 1st Edition, Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, O'Reilly Media, 2009.

Reference Books:

1. Language Processing with Java and Ling Pipe Cookbook, 1st Edition, Breck Baldwin, Atlantic Publisher, 2015.
2. Natural Language Processing with Java, 2nd Edition, Richard M Reese, O'Reilly Media, 2015.
3. Handbook of Natural Language Processing, 2nd Edition, Nitin Indurkha and Fred J. Damerau, Chapman and Hall/CRC Press, 2010.
4. Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval, 3rd Edition, Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, Oxford University Press, 2008.

III Year-II Semester

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DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III)

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the foundations of distributed systems.
2. To learn issues related to clock Synchronization, the need for global state and remote invocation in distributed systems.
3. To learn distributed mutual exclusion and deadlock detection algorithms.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the foundations and issues of distributed systems.
2. Illustrate the various synchronization issues, global state and remote invocation for distributed systems.
3. Develop the Mutual Exclusion and Deadlock detection algorithms in distributed systems.
4. Apply the features of peer-to-peer, distributed shared memory systems and security.
5. Analyze the distributed transactions, agreement protocols and fault tolerance mechanisms in distributed systems.

UNIT- I:

Characterization of Distributed Systems: Introduction, Examples of Distributed Systems, Resource Sharing and the Web, Challenges, Relation to Computer system Components, Motivation, Relation to Parallel Systems, Message-Passing systems versus Shared Memory systems, Primitives for Distributed Communication, Synchronous versus Asynchronous executions, Design issues and Challenges. A model of Distributed Computations: A distributed program, A model of distributed executions, Models of communication networks, Global state, Cuts, Past and future cones of an event, Models of Process Communications. Logical Time: A framework for a system of logical clocks, Scalar time, Vector time, Physical clock synchronization: NTP.

UNIT –II:

Message Ordering and Group Communication: Message ordering paradigms, Asynchronous execution with synchronous communication, Synchronous program order on an asynchronous system, Group communication, Causal order (CO), Total order.

Global state and Snapshot Recording Algorithms: Introduction, System model and definitions, Snapshot algorithms for FIFO channels. Remote Invocation: Introduction, Design Issues for RMI, Implementation of RMI, Distributed Garbage Collection, Remote Procedure Call, Events and Notifications, Case Study: JAVARMI.

UNIT- III:

Distributed Mutual Exclusion Algorithms: Introduction, Preliminaries, Lamport's algorithm, Ricart-Agrawala algorithm, Maekawa's algorithm, Suzuki-Kasami's broadcast algorithm. Deadlock Detection in Distributed Systems: Introduction, System model, Preliminaries, Models of deadlocks, Knapp's Classification, Algorithms for the Single Resource Model, the AND model and the ORmodel.

UNIT -IV:

Peer-to-Peer Computing and Overlay Graphs: Introduction, Data indexing and overlays, Chord distributed hash table, Content addressable networks, Tapestry. Distributed Shared Memory: Abstraction and advantages, Memory consistency models, Shared Memory Mutual Exclusion.

Security: Introduction, Overview of Security Techniques, Cryptographic Algorithms, Digital Signatures, Cryptography Pragmatics.

UNIT –V:

Distributed Transactions: Introduction, Flat and Nested Distributed Transactions, Atomic commit protocols, Concurrency control in distributed transactions. Check Pointing and Rollback Recovery: Introduction, Background and definitions, Issues in Failure recovery, Checkpoint-based recovery, Log-based rollback recovery, coordinated check pointing algorithm, Algorithms for asynchronous and synchronous check pointing and recovery. Consensus and Agreement Algorithms: Problem definition, Overview of results, Agreement in a Failure-Free system (synchronous or asynchronous).

Text Books:

1. Distributed computing: Principles, algorithms, and systems, Ajay D Kshemkalyani and Mukesh Singhal, Cambridge University Press, 2011.
2. Distributed Systems Concepts and Design, George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg, 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Distributed Operating Systems: Concepts and Design, Pradeep K Sinha, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.

2. Advanced concepts in operating systems. Mukesh Singhal and Niranjana G. Shivaratri, McGraw Hill, 1994.
3. Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms, Tanenbaum A.S., Van Steen M., Pearson Education, 2007.

E-Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106168/>

III Year-II Semester

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INTERNET OF THINGS (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III)

Course Objectives:

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

1. What IoT is and how it works today and to Understand the Architectural Overview of IoT
2. To Understand the IoT Reference Architecture and Real World Design Constraints
3. To understand the various IoT Protocols.

Course Outcomes:

The students should be able to:

1. Recognize the factors that contributed to the emergence of IoT
2. Design and program IoT devices like Microcontrollers, sensors and actuators.
3. Use real IoT protocols for communication.
4. Define the infrastructure for supporting IoT deployment.
5. Design an IoT device to work with a Cloud Computing infrastructure and Transfer IoT data to the cloud and in between cloud providers.

UNIT-I: Introduction to IOT

Understanding IoT fundamentals, IOT Architecture and protocols, Various Platforms for IoT, Real time Examples of IoT , Overview of IoT components and IoT Communication Technologies, Challenges in IOT.

UNIT - II: Arduino Simulation Environment

Arduino Uno Architecture, Setup the IDE, Writing Arduino Software, Arduino Libraries, Basics of Embedded C programming for Arduino, Interfacing LED, push button and buzzer with Arduino, Interfacing Arduino with LCD.

Sensor & Actuators with Arduino

Overview of Sensors working, Analog and Digital Sensors, Interfacing of Temperature, Humidity, Motion, Light and Gas Sensor with Arduino, Interfacing of Actuators with Arduino. Interfacing of Relay Switch and Servo Motor with Arduino.

UNIT - III: Raspberry Pi Programming

Installing and **Configuring** the Raspberry Pi, Getting Started with the Raspberry Pi, Using the Pi as

a Media Centre, Productivity Machine and Web Server, Remote access to the Raspberry Pi.
Preparing

Raspberry Pi for IoT Projects.

Creating the Sensor Projects, Creating the actuator Projects, Creating a IoT controller, creating a camera and working with HTTP protocol.

UNIT - IV: Basic Networking with ESP8266 WiFi module

Basics of Wireless Networking, Introduction to ESP8266 Wi-Fi Module, Various Wi-Fi library, Web server- introduction, installation, configuration, Posting sensor(s) data to web server .IoT Protocols ,M2M vs. IOT Communication Protocols.

UNIT -V: Cloud Platforms for IOT

Virtualization concepts and Cloud Architecture , Cloud computing, benefits ,Cloud services -- SaaS, PaaS, IaaS , Cloud providers & offerings ,Study of IOT Cloud platforms , Thing Speak API and MQTT , interfacing ESP8266 with Web services

Text Books:

1. Simon Monk, Programming Arduino: Getting Started with Sketches, 2nd Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2016.
2. Peter Waher, Learning Internet of Things, 1st Edition, Packt Publishing, 2015.

Reference Books:

1. Jan Holler, VlasiosTsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stefan Avesand, StamatisKarnouskos, David Boyle, “From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things: Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence”, 1st Edition, Academic Press, 2014.
2. Peter Waher, “Learning Internet of Things”, PACKT publishing, BIRMINGHAM – MUMBAI
3. Bernd Scholz-Reiter, Florian Michahelles, “Architecting the Internet of Things”, ISBN 978-3-642-19156-5 e-ISBN 978-3-642-19157-2, Springer.
4. OvidiuVermesan, Peter Friess, IoT-From Research and Innovation to Market deployment, 1st Edition, River Publishers, 2014.

III Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

CLOUD COMPUTING (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III)

Course Objective:

- 1.To understand the concept of cloud computing.
- 2.To appreciate the evolution of cloud from the existing technologies.
- 3.To appreciate the emergence of cloud as the next generation computing paradigm.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that student will be able to:

1. Articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths and limitations of cloud computing.
2. Learn the key and enabling technologies that help in the development of cloud.
3. Develop the ability to understand and use the architecture of compute and storage cloud, service and delivery models.
4. Explain the core issues of cloud computing such as resource management and security.
5. Evaluate and choose the appropriate technologies, algorithms and approaches for implementation and use of cloud.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Introduction to Cloud Computing, Definition of Cloud, Evolution of Cloud Computing, Underlying Principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing, Cloud Characteristics, Elasticity in Cloud – On-Demand Provisioning.

UNIT-II:

Cloud Enabling Technologies: Service Oriented Architecture, REST and Systems of Systems, Web Services, Publish-Subscribe Model, Basics of Virtualization, Types of Virtualization, Implementation Levels of Virtualization, Virtualization Structures, Tools and Mechanisms, Virtualization of CPU, Memory, I/O Devices, Virtualization Support and Disaster Recovery.

UNIT-III:

Cloud Architecture, Services And Storage: Layered Cloud Architecture Design, NIST Cloud Computing Reference Architecture, Public, Private and Hybrid Clouds, IaaS, PaaS, SaaS, Architectural Design Challenges, Cloud Storage, Storage-as-a-Service, Advantages of Cloud Storage, Cloud Storage Providers, S3.

UNIT-IV:

Resource Management And Security In Cloud: Inter Cloud Resource Management, Resource Provisioning and Resource Provisioning Methods, Global Exchange of Cloud Resources, Security Overview, Cloud Security Challenges, Software-as-a-Service Security, Security Governance, Virtual Machine Security, IAM, Security Standards.

UNIT-V:

Cloud Technologies And Advancements: Hadoop, MapReduce, Virtual Box, Google App Engine, Programming Environment for Google App Engine, Open Stack, Federation in the Cloud, Four Levels of Federation, Federated Services and Applications, Future of Federation.

Text Book:

1. Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things, Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack G. Dongarra, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 1st Edition, 2011.
2. Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management and Security, Rittinghouse, John W., and James F. Ransome, CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2009.

Reference Books:

1. Mastering Cloud Computing, Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, 2013.
2. Cloud Computing - A Practical Approach, Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, Tata McGraw Hill, 1st Edition, 2010.
3. Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud: Transactional Systems for EC2 and Beyond (Theory in Practice), George Reese, O'Reilly, 1st Edition, 2009.

III Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

HUMAN COMPUTER INTERACTION (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III)

Course Objectives:

1. Describe typical human–computer interaction (HCI) models, styles, and various historic HCI paradigms.
2. Apply an interactive design process and universal design principles to designing HCI systems.
3. Describe and use HCI design principles, standards and guidelines.

Course Outcomes:

1. Explain the capabilities of both humans and computers from the viewpoint of human information processing.
2. Describe typical human–computer interaction (HCI) models, styles, and various historic HCI paradigms.
3. Apply an interactive design process and universal design principles to designing HCI systems.
4. Describe and use HCI design principles, standards and guidelines.
5. Analyze and identify user models, user support, socio-organizational issues, and stakeholder requirements of HCI systems.

UNIT I:

Introduction: Usability of Interactive Systems- introduction, usability goals and measures, usability motivations, universal usability, goals for our profession
Managing Design Processes: Introduction, Organizational design to support usability, Four pillars of design, development methodologies, Ethnographic observation, Participatory design, Scenario Development, Social impact statement for early design review, legal issues, Usability Testing and Laboratories

UNIT II:

Menu Selection, Form Fill-In and Dialog Boxes: Introduction, Task- Related Menu Organization, Single menus, Combinations of Multiple Menus, Content Organization, Fast Movement Through Menus, Data entry with Menus: Form Fill-in, dialog Boxes, and alternatives, Audio Menus and menus for Small Displays

UNIT III:

Command and Natural Languages: Introduction, Command organization Functionality, Strategies and Structure, Naming and Abbreviations, Natural Language in Computing Interaction Devices: Introduction, Keyboards and Keypads, Pointing Devices, Speech and Auditory Interfaces, Displays- Small and large.

UNIT IV:

Quality of Service: Introduction, Models of Response-Time impacts, Expectations and attitudes, User Productivity, Variability in Response Time, Frustrating Experiences Balancing Function and Fashion: Introduction, Error Messages, No anthropomorphic Design, Display Design, Web Page Design, Window Design, Color.

UNIT V:**User Documentation and Online Help:**

Introduction, Online Vs Paper Documentation, Reading from paper Vs from Displays, Shaping the content of the Documentation, Accessing the Documentation, Online tutorials and animated documentation, Online communities for User Assistance, The Development Process.

Information Search: Introduction, Searching in Textual Documents and Database Querying, Multimedia Document Searches, Advanced Filtering and Searching Interfaces Information Visualization: Introduction, Data Type by Task Taxonomy, Challenges for Information Visualization

Text Books:

1. Designing the User Interface, Strategies for Effective Human Computer Interaction, 5th edition, 2009, Ben Shneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, Maxine Cohen, Steven M Jacobs, Pearson
2. The Essential guide to user interface design, 2nd edition, 2002, Wilbert O Galitz, Wiley DreamaTech.

Reference Books

1. Human Computer, Interaction Dan R.Olsan, Cengage, 1st edition, 2010.
2. Designing the user interface. 4th edition, 2005, Ben Shneidermann, PEA.
3. User Interface Design, Soren Lauesen, 2005, PEA.
4. Interaction Design PRECE, ROGERS, SHARPS, 5th edition, 2019, Wiley.

III Year-II Semester

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ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & MACHINE LEARNING LAB**Course Objectives**

- To practice AI and ML algorithms using Python and its libraries.
- To understand neural networks, clustering, and reinforcement learning through hands-on coding.
- To utilize TensorFlow, Scikit-learn, and Keras for model development.

Course Outcomes

1. Upon completion of this lab course, students will be able to:
2. Implement supervised and unsupervised learning models using Python.
3. Apply algorithms to solve classification, regression, and clustering problems.
4. Explore tools like TensorFlow and Keras for real-world applications.
5. Use NLP libraries for basic language tasks.

List of Experiments**PartA**

1. Practice on Pandas, Numpy, matplotlib libraries for handling datasets
2. Implement
 - a) Simple linear regression
 - b) Multiple linear regression
 - c) Polynomial regression
3. Implement decision tree algorithm for
 - a) Binary classifier
 - b) Multiclass classifier
4. Implement the single layer perceptron learning to learn the following Boolean functions
 - a) AND
 - b) OR
 - c) NOT
5. Implement multi-layer perceptron learning (i.e back propagation) to learn the following Boolean functions
 - a) XOR
 - b) XNOR

6. Implement Naïve Bayes.
7. Implement SVM.
8. Implement K-means clustering.

Additional Experiments:

9. Implement Random Forest.
10. Kears : Handwritten digit recognition using MNIST

Part B: AI Lab and NLP (TensorFlow, Keras, NLTK)

1. Implement A* and Greedy Best-First search on a 10×10 grid with obstacles. Compare nodes Expanded and path cost using Manhattan and Euclidean heuristics.
2. Build a Tic-Tac-Toe AI using mini-max and alpha–beta pruning.
Compare nodes expanded and playing strength.
3. Use spaCy or NLTK to extract subject–verb–object triples from sentences and build a simple semantic network visualization using NetworkX.

Reference Books:

1. Peter Flach, Machine Learning: The Art and Science, 1st Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
2. Chris Albon, ML with Python Cookbook, 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2018.
1. NLTK & Scikit-learn documentation.

III Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
0	0	3	1.5

OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING LAB

Course Objectives:

1. To drive the concepts of software engineering process enabling software development.
2. To develop sufficient growth in understanding software development processes and their tools.
3. To provide assistance to design static and dynamic diagrams and mapping the database.
4. To furnish with enough case studies to explore the architecture, analysis, and design.
5. To rise interactions to end up with an object-oriented design for real-time case studies.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understanding the concepts of Object Oriented Design paradigms and their applications.
2. Develop the functional and non-functional requirements for the case studies.
3. Design class diagrams and use case models for developing a software system.
4. Design behavioral diagrams that model the dynamic aspects of an object-oriented system.
5. Develop the structure diagrams for real-time applications.

Experiments: The Following Exercises by choosing any FOUR of the applications.

- Next Gen POS (Point-Of-Sale Terminal)
- Library Management System.
- Traffic Management System
- Reservation Management System
- Bank Management System
- Automated Teller Machine

PART-A:

REQUIREMENT ELICITATION: Gathering of requirements to given case studies.

PART-B:

SYSTEM ANALYSIS:

1. Do the Requirement Analysis and Prepare SRS
2. Draw the Entity Relation Diagram.
3. Draw the Data Flow Diagrams at Level 0 & Level 1

PART-C:

SYSTEM DESIGN:

Case studies given below should be Modelled using Rational Rose tool or any other e-Tool listed in different views i.e. Use case diagram, Class diagram, Sequence Diagram, Collaboration Diagram, State Diagram, Activity Diagram, Component Diagram, Deployment Diagram

1. (a) Understanding the usage of IBM Rational Rose, Umbrella or e-draw UML Software.
(b) Explore the various components available in the software.
2. (a) Trace the functional requirements by identifying and analyzing the events.
(b) Trace and identify use cases which are to be developed.
3. (a) Develop an event table for the case study.
(b) Identify and analyze the domain classes and sub domain classes.
4. (a) Represent use cases and a domain class diagram using Rational Rose Software.
(b) Develop a CRUD matrix to represent relationships between use cases and problem domain classes.
5. (a) Develop Use case diagrams.
(b) Develop elaborations for Use case descriptions & scenarios.
6. Develop system sequence diagrams using the components like actors, boundary, control, entry, guards, lifeline, life-bar etc.,
7. Develop high-level sequence diagrams for each and individual use case.
8. Identify MVC classes or objects for each use case.
Understand the role of refining the class diagram.
Develop the procedure for conversion of use case to MVC framework.
9. Develop three-layer package diagrams for each case study and Develop Use case Packages.
10. (a) Develop sample diagrams for - state chart diagrams and activity diagrams.
(b) Develop component and deployment diagrams for the case study.

Reference Books:

1. 'Applying UML and patterns' by Craig Larman, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2015.
2. "Object-oriented analysis and design with applications" by Grady Booch, Ivar Jacobson, and James Rumbaugh, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2018.
3. "Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process" by Satzinger, Jackson & Burd Cengage Learning, 8th Edition, 2019.

Web Links:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105153>
2. <https://www.coursera.org/learn/object-oriented-design>
3. E-draw Software: <https://www.edrawsoft.com/software-diagrams.html>
4. Rational Rose:
https://en.freedownloadmanager.org/userschoice/Free_Download_Rational_Rose_Software.html
5. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/object-oriented-analysis-a>

III Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
0	1	2	2

SOFT SKILLS **(SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE)**

Course Objectives:

1. To equip the students with the skills to effectively communicate in English
2. To train the students in interview skills, group discussions and presentation skills
3. To motivate the students to develop confidence

Course Outcomes: Upon the successful completion of this course, students will be able to

1. Apply effective communication techniques including verbal expression and non-verbal cues
2. Apply self-management skills including stress, anger, and time management
3. Demonstrate proficiency in standard operational communication methods
4. Develop job-oriented skills by effectively participating in group discussions
5. Understand the importance and types of interpersonal relationships

UNIT – I:

Analytical Thinking & Listening Skills: Self-Introduction, Shaping Young Minds - A Talk by Azim Premji (Listening Activity), Self – Analysis, Developing Positive Attitude, Perception.

Communication Skills: Verbal Communication; Non Verbal Communication (Body Language)

UNIT – II:

Self-Management Skills: Anger Management, Stress Management, Time Management, Six Thinking Hats, Team Building, Leadership Qualities

Etiquette: Social Etiquette, Business Etiquette, Telephone Etiquette, Dining Etiquette

UNIT – III:

Standard Operation Methods : Basic Grammars, Tenses, Prepositions, Pronunciation, Letter Writing; Note Making, Note Taking, Minutes Preparation, Email & Letter Writing

UNIT-IV:

Job-Oriented Skills: Group Discussion, Mock Group Discussions, Resume Preparation, Interview Skills, Mock Interviews

UNIT-V:

Interpersonal relationships: Introduction, Importance, Types, Uses, Factors affecting interpersonal

relationships, Accommodating different styles, Consequences of interpersonal relationships

Text books:

1. Barun K. Mitra, Personality Development and Soft Skills, Oxford University Press, 2011.
2. S.P. Dhanavel, English and Soft Skills, Orient Blackswan, 2010.

Reference books:

1. R.S. Aggarwal, A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning, S.Chand & Company Ltd., 2018.
2. Raman, Meenakshi & Sharma, Sangeeta, Technical Communication Principles and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2011.

E-resources:

1. https://swayam-plus.swayam2.ac.in/courses/course-details?id=P_CAMBR_01

III Year-II Semester

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

TECHNICAL PAPER WRITING & IPR

Course Objective:

1. To develop the ability to write clear, concise, and well-structured technical documents, including reports, summaries, and proposals, suitable for academic and professional contexts.
2. To enhance understanding of grammar, syntax, and technical vocabulary necessary for effective communication in technical writing.
3. To introduce students to the process of planning, drafting, revising, and presenting technical papers, using tools like MS Word for formatting, referencing, and collaboration.

Course Outcomes: Upon the successful completion of this course, students will be able to

1. Demonstrate the ability to write effective technical reports by constructing clear technical sentences,
2. Apply effective drafting techniques in technical report writing
3. Demonstrate proficiency in proofreading and summarizing technical content
4. Demonstrate advanced proficiency in using Microsoft Word for technical documentation
5. Describe the process of patenting from innovation to development

UNIT-I:

Introduction: An introduction to writing technical reports, technical sentences formation, using transitions to join sentences, Using tenses for technical writing.

Planning and Structuring: Planning the report, identifying reader(s), Voice, Formatting and structuring the report, Sections of a technical report, Minutes of meeting writing.

UNIT-II:

Drafting report and design issues: The use of drafts, Illustrations and graphics.

Final edits: Grammar, spelling, readability and writing in plain English: Writing in plain English, Jargon and final layout issues, Spelling, punctuation and Grammar, Padding, Paragraphs, Ambiguity.

UNIT-III:

Proofreading and summaries: Proofreading, summaries, Activities on summaries. **Presenting final reports:** Printed presentation, Verbal presentation skills, Introduction to proposals and practice.

Unit-IV: Using word processor:

Adding a Table of Contents, Updating the Table of Contents, Deleting the Table of Contents, Adding

an Index, Creating an Outline, Adding Comments, Tracking Changes, Viewing Changes, Additions, and Comments, Accepting and Rejecting Changes, Working with Footnotes and Endnotes, Inserting citations and Bibliography, Comparing Documents, Combining Documents, Mark documents final and make them read only., Password protect Microsoft Word documents., Using Macros,

UNIT-V:

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of **Patenting and Development:** technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property

Text Books:

1. KompalBansal&ParshitBansal, “Fundamentals of IPR for Beginner’s”, 1st Ed., BS Publications, 2016.
2. William S. Pfeiffer and Kaye A. Adkins, “Technical Communication: A Practical Approach”, Pearson.
3. Ramappa, T., “Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO”, 2nd Ed., S Chand, 2015.

Reference Books:

1. Adrian Wallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011.
2. Day R, How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press (2006).

E-resources:

1. <https://www.udemy.com/course/reportwriting/>
2. <https://www.udemy.com/course/professional-business-english-and-technical-report-writing/>
3. <https://www.udemy.com/course/betterbusinesswriting/>

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

CRYPTOGRAPHY & NETWORK SECURITY

Course Objective:

This course aims at training students to master the:

1. The concepts of classical encryption techniques and concepts of finite fields and number theory
2. Working principles and utilities of various cryptographic algorithms including secret key cryptography, hashes and message digests, and public key algorithms
3. Design issues and working principles of various authentication protocols and PKI standards

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that student will be able to:

1. Identify information security goals and acquire fundamental knowledge on the concepts of finite fields and number theory
2. Compare and apply different encryption and decryption techniques to solve problems related to confidentiality and authentication
3. Apply the knowledge of cryptographic checksums and evaluate the performance of different message digest algorithms for verifying the integrity of varying message sizes.
4. Apply different digital signature algorithms to achieve authentication and create secure applications
5. Apply network security basics, analyze different attacks on networks and evaluate the performance of security protocols like SSL, IPSec, and PGP

UNIT- I:

Introduction to Security: Security Attacks, Security Services, Security Mechanisms, Fundamental Security Design Principles, Attack Surfaces and Attack Trees, a Model for Network Security

Mathematics of Cryptography: Algebraic Structures (Groups, Rings, Fields and Galois Fields), Divisibility and the Division Algorithm, The Euclidean Algorithm, Modular Arithmetic, Prime Numbers, Fermat's and Euler's Theorems, Testing for Primality, The Chinese Remainder Theorem, Discrete Logarithms

UNIT- II:

Classical Encryption Techniques: Symmetric Cipher Model, Substitution Techniques, Transposition Techniques, Rotor Machines, Steganography

Block Ciphers: Traditional Block Cipher Structure, The Data Encryption Standard, The Strength of DES, Block Cipher Design Principles, Advanced Encryption Standard, AES Structure, AES

Transformation Functions, AES Key Expansion, Multiple Encryption and Triple DES, Block Cipher Modes of Operation

UNIT- III:

Public-Key Cryptography: Principles of Public-Key Cryptosystems, The RSA Algorithm, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Elgamal Cryptographic System, Elliptic Curve Cryptography

Cryptographic Hash Functions: Applications of Cryptographic Hash Functions, Requirements and Security, Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA)

Message Authentication Codes: Requirements for Message Authentication Codes, HMAC, CMAC

UNIT- IV:

Digital Signatures: Digital Signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Scheme, Schnorr Digital Signature Scheme, NIST Digital Signature Algorithm, Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm

Key Management and Distribution: Symmetric Key Distribution Using Symmetric Encryption, Symmetric Key Distribution Using Asymmetric Encryption, Distribution of Public Keys, X.509 Certificates, Public-Key Infrastructure

User Authentication: Remote User-Authentication Principles, Remote User-Authentication Using Symmetric Encryption, Kerberos, Remote User-Authentication Using Asymmetric Encryption:

UNIT -V:

Transport-Level Security: Web Security Considerations, Transport Layer Security, Secure Shell (SSH)

Electronic Mail Security: S/MIME, Pretty Good Privacy

IP Security: IP Security Overview, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Internet Key Exchange

Text Book:

1. Cryptography and Network Security, William Stallings, 8th Edition, 2022, Pearson Education

Reference Books:

1. Cryptography, Network Security and Cyber Laws, Bernard L. Menezes, Ravinder Kumar, Cengage Learning, 1st edition, 2018.
2. Cryptography and Network Security, Behrouz A Forouzan, Debdeep Mukhopadhyaya, 3rd Edition, 2015, Mc-GrawHill.
3. Network Security Illustrated, Jason Albanese, Wes Sonnenreich, 1st edition, 2003, McGrawHill.

E-Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105031/> lecture by Dr. Debdeep Mukhopadhyay IIT Kharagpur [VideoLecture]
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105162/> lecture by Dr. Sourav Mukhopadhyay IIT Kharagpur [VideoLecture]
3. <https://www.mitel.com/articles/web-communication-cryptography-and-network-security> web articles by Mitel Power Connections

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

HUMAN RESOURCES & PROJECT MANAGEMENT**Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of the course are to

1. Provide knowledge about HR planning, recruitment, selection, and job design.
2. Develop skills in managing HR functions such as performance appraisal, compensation, and employee relations.
3. Emphasize the importance of ethical practices and HR audits in maintaining organizational health.

Course Outcomes:

1. Identify and manage the roles and responsibilities within a project team.
2. Implement strategies for team development, motivation, and performance management.
3. Develop and manage project plans, schedules, budgets, and risk assessments.
4. Apply appropriate management strategies tailored to each project type to ensure successful outcomes.
5. Evaluate the impact of organizational structure on project communication, decision-making, and resource allocation.

UNIT –I:

HRM: Nature, Scope, Concept of HRM, Functions of HRM, Role of HR manager, emerging trends in HRM, E-HRM, HR audit models, ethical aspects of HRM. HR Planning, Demand and Supply forecasting of HR, Job Design, Recruitment, Sources of recruitment, Selection- Selection Procedure.

UNIT –II:

HRD, HR accounting, Models, Concept of Training and Development, Methods of Training. Performance Appraisal: Importance Methods of performance appraisal, Career Development and Counseling, group interaction.

UNIT –III:

Basics of Project Management, Concept, resource management, Project environment, Types of Projects, project networks-DPR, Project life cycle, Project proposals, Monitoring project progress, Project appraisal and Project selection, 80-20 rules, production technology, communication matrix

UNIT-IV:

Identify various project types and their unique management challenges and apply appropriate management strategies for each. Project Implementation and Review: Forms of project organization, project planning, project control, human aspects of project management, prerequisites for successful project implementation, project review, performance evaluation, abandonment analysis

UNIT-V:

Project Implementation and Review: Forms of project organization, project planning, project control, human aspects of project management, prerequisites for successful project implementation, project review, performance evaluation, abandonment analysis

Text Books:

1. Robert L. Mathis, John H. Jackson, Manas Ranjan Tripathy, Human Resource Management, Cengage Learning 2016.
2. Sharon Pande and Swapnalekha Basak, Human Resource Management, Text and Cases, Vikas Publishing, 2nd edition, 2016.
3. Stewart R. Clegg, Torgeir Skyttermoen, Anne Live Vaagaasar, Project Management, Sage Publications, 1st edition, 2021.
4. K. Nagarajan, Project Management, New Age International Publishers, 8th edition, 2017.

Reference Books:

1. Subba Rao P, "Personnel and Human Resource Management-Text and Cases", Himalaya Publications, Mumbai, 2013.
2. K Aswathappa, "Human Resource and Personnel Management", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2013.
3. Prasanna Chandra, "Projects, Planning, Analysis, Selection, Financing, Implementation and Review", Tata McGraw Hill Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1998.
4. Vasanth Desai, "Project Management", 4th edition, Himalaya Publications, 2018.
5. Lalitha Balakrishnan, Gowri, "Project Management", Himalaya publishing house, New Delhi, 2022.

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

DEEP LEARNING
(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV)**Course Objectives:**

1. Introduce fundamental learning paradigms and neural network architectures.
2. Develop understanding of training mechanisms and optimization techniques in deep neural networks.
3. Explore deep architectures like CNNs, RNNs, and Deep Belief Networks and their applications.
4. Understand probabilistic models and generative approaches for deep learning.
5. Familiarize students with real-world applications of deep learning in NLP, vision, and tools.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the key paradigms of machine learning and explain the architecture and components of feedforward neural networks.
2. Apply loss functions, backpropagation, and regularization techniques to train neural networks, and understand probabilistic sequence models like HMMs and CRFs.
3. Analyze and implement deep neural networks including CNNs, RNNs, and Deep Belief Networks, with appropriate training strategies like dropout.
4. Demonstrate the working of probabilistic neural models and advanced sequence models such as LSTMs, GRUs, and Autoencoders for generative learning tasks.
5. Apply deep learning models to solve real-world problems in vision and language processing and use tools like TensorFlow, PyTorch, or Theano for implementation.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Various paradigms of learning problems, Perspectives and Issues in deep learning framework, review of fundamental learning techniques.

Feed forward neural network: Artificial Neural Network, activation function, multi-layer neural network.

UNIT-II:

Training Neural Network: Risk minimization, loss function, back propagation, regularization, model selection, and optimization.

Conditional Random Fields: Linear chain, partition function, Markov network, Belief propagation, Training CRFs, Hidden Markov Model, Entropy.

UNIT-III:

Deep Learning: Deep Feed Forward network, regularizations, training deep models, dropouts, Convolution Neural Network, Recurrent Neural Network, and Deep Belief Network.

UNIT-IV:

Probabilistic Neural Network: Hopfield Net, Boltzmann machine, RBMs, Sigmoid net, Auto encoders.

Sequence Modeling: LSTM, Gated RNNs & Deep Generative Models

UNIT-V:

Applications: Object recognition, sparse coding, computer vision, natural language processing.

Introduction to Deep Learning Tools: Caffe, Theano, Torch.

Text Books:

1. Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., and Courville, A., Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016.
2. Bishop, C., M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 1st edition, 2006.

References:

1. Artificial Neural Networks, Yegnanarayana, B., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
2. Matrix Computations, Golub, G., H., and Van Loan, C., F, JHU Press, 4th edition, 2013.
3. Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach, Satish Kumar, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2nd edition, 2017.

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

CYBER SECURITY (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV)

Course Objectives:

The aim of the course is to

1. identify security risks and take preventive steps
2. understand the forensics fundamentals
3. understand the preservation of digital evidence

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will be able to

1. Identify various types and classifications of cybercrimes
2. Explain various cyberattack tools and methods
3. Explain the process of cybercrime investigation
4. Demonstrate an understanding of computer forensics principles and investigation procedures
5. Analyze the provisions and challenges of the Indian IT Act

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Cybercrime: Introduction, Cyber crime: Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and Information Security, Cybercriminals, Classifications of Cybercrime, Cyber stalking, Cyber cafe and Cyber crimes, Botnets. Attack Vector, Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices, Security Challenges Posed by Mobile Devices, Attacks on Mobile/Cell Phones, Network and Computer Attacks.

UNIT-II:

Tools and Methods : Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Key loggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, Sniffers, Spoofing, Session Hijacking Buffer over flow, DoS and DDoS Attacks, SQL Injection, Buffer Overflow, Attacks on Wireless Networks, Identity Theft (ID Theft), Foot Printing and Social Engineering, Port Scanning, Enumeration.

UNIT-III:

Cyber Crime Investigation: Introduction, Investigation Tools, eDiscovery, Digital Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation, E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E-Mail Recovery, Hands on Case Studies. Encryption and Decryption Methods, Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking.

UNIT-IV:

Computer Forensics and Investigations: Understanding Computer Forensics, Preparing for Computer Investigations. Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating Computer Forensics Tools, Computer Forensics Software Tools, Computer Forensics Hardware Tools, Validating and Testing Forensics Software, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Recognition, Audio Video Analysis, Windows System Forensics, Linux System Forensics, Graphics and Network Forensics, E-mail Investigations, Cell Phone and Mobile Device Forensics.

UNIT-V:

Cyber Crime Legal Perspectives: Introduction, Cyber crime and the Legal Land scape around the World, The Indian ITAct, Challenges to Indian Law and Cybercrime Scenario in India, Consequences of Not Addressing the Weakness in Information Technology Act, Digital Signatures and the Indian ITAct, Amendments to the Indian ITAct,Cybercrime and Punishment, Cyber law, Technology and Students: Indian Scenario.

Text Books:

1. Sunit Belapure Nina Godbole “Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives”, WILEY, 2011.
2. Nelson Phillips and Enfinger Steuart, “Computer Forensics and Investigations”, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.

Reference Books:

1. Michael T. Simpson, Kent Backman and James E. Corley, “Hands on Ethical Hacking and Network Defence”, Cengage, 2019.
2. Computer Forensics, Computer Crime Investigation by John R. Vacca, Firewall Media, New Delhi.
3. Alfred Basta, Nadine Basta,Mary Brown and Ravinder Kumar “Cyber Security and Cyber Laws” , Cengage,2018.

E-Resources:

1. CERT-In Guidelines- <http://www.cert-in.org.in/>
2. <https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-cybersecurity-cyber-attacks> [Online Course]
3. <https://computersecurity.stanford.edu/free-online-videos> [Free Online Videos]
4. NickolaiZeldovich. 6.858 Computer Systems Security. Fall 2014. Massachusetts Institute of
5. Technology: MIT OpenCourseWare, <https://ocw.mit.edu> License:Creative CommonsBY-NC-SA.

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV)

Course Objectives:

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

1. To study how to plan and manage projects at each stage of the software development life cycle(SDLC)
2. To train software project managers and other individuals involved in software project planning and tracking and oversight in the implementation of the software project management process.
3. To understand successful software projects that support organization's strategic goals.

Course Outcomes:

The students should be able to:

1. Estimate overall cost of a software project.
2. Explain software development process.
3. Distinguish workflows of process.
4. Design project organization structure & analyze quality.
5. Estimate effort and schedule needed for project.

UNIT-I:

Conventional Software Management: The Waterfall Model, Conventional Software Management Performance.

Evolution Of Software Economics: Software Economics, Pragmatic Software Cost Estimation.

Improving Software Economics: Reducing Software Product Size, Improving Software Processes, Improving Team Effectiveness, Improving Automation through Software Economics.

UNIT-II:

The Old Way and the New: The Principles of Conventional Software Engineering, The Principles of Modern Software Management, Transitioning to an Iterative Process.

Life Cycle Phases: Engineering and Production Stages, Inception Phase, Elaboration Phase, Construction Phase, Transition Phase.

UNIT-III:

Model Based Software Architectures: A Management Perspective, A Technical Perspective.

Workflows of the Process: Software Process Workflows, Iteration Workflows.

Iterative Process Planning: Work Breakdown Structures, Planning Guidelines, The Cost and Schedule Estimating Process, The Iteration Planning Process.

UNIT-IV:

Project Organization and Responsibilities: Line-Of-Business Organizations, Project Organizations, Evolution of Organizations.

Project Control and Process Instrumentation: The Seven Core Metrics, Management Indicators, Quality Indicators Modern Project Profiles. The COCOMO Cost Estimation Model: COCOMO.

UNIT-V:

Effort Estimation and Scheduling: Effort Estimation, Scheduling.

Quality Planning: Quality Concepts, Quantitative Quality Management Planning. **RISK MANAGEMENT:** Risk Assessment, Risk Control.

Textbooks:

1. Walker Royce, "Software Project Management – A Unified Framework", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.
2. Pankaj Jalote, "Software Project Management in Practice", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
3. Software Project Management, Bob Hughes & Mike Cotterell, TATA Mcgraw-Hill.

References:

1. Bob Hughes, "Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall, Software Project Management", 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2011.
2. Joel Henry, "Software Project Management", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
3. Norman E. Fenton, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, "Software Metrics: A Rigorous and Practical Approach", 1st Edition, PWS Publishing Company, 1997.

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

BIG DATA ANALYTICS (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV)

Course Objectives:

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

1. Necessity of Big data analysis and challenges in Big data analysis
2. Descriptive, Predictive, Real-time analysis of bigdata
3. Programming tools PIG & HIVE in Hadoop echo system

Course Outcomes:

The students should be able to:

1. Understand and Illustrate characteristics of big data and big data challenges in different domains including social media, transportation, finance and medicine
2. Demonstrate stream processing on real time applications
3. Do Big data processing using Map reduce on Hadoop
4. Do Big data processing using PIG scripts and HiveQLqueries
5. Understand Predictive analysis of big data.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Introduction to big data: Introduction to Big Data platform, Challenges of conventional systems, Intelligent data analysis, Nature of data, Analytic processes and tools, Analysis vs Reporting.

UNIT - II:

Stream Processing: Mining data streams: Introduction to Streams Concepts, Stream Data Model and Architecture, Stream Computing, Sampling Data in a Stream, Filtering Streams, Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream, Estimating Moments, Counting Oneness in a Window, Decaying Window, Real time Analytics Platform (RTAP) Applications, Case Studies - Real Time Sentiment Analysis - Stock Market Predictions.

UNIT - III:

Introduction to Hadoop: Hadoop: History of Hadoop, the Hadoop Distributed File System, Components of Hadoop Analysing the Data with Hadoop, Scaling Out, Hadoop Streaming, Design of HDFS, Java interfaces to HDFS Basics, Developing a Map Reduce Application, How Map Reduce Works, Anatomy of a Map Reduce Job run, Failures, Job Scheduling, Shuffle and Sort, Task

execution, Map Reduce Types and Formats, Map Reduce Features Hadoop environment.

UNIT - IV:

Frameworks and Applications: Frameworks: Applications on Big Data Using Pig and Hive, Data processing operators in Pig, Hive services, HiveQL, Querying Data in Hive, fundamentals of HBase and ZooKeeper.

UNIT - V:

Predictive Analytics and Visualizations: Predictive Analytics, Simple linear regression, Multiple linear Regressions, Interpretation of regression coefficients, Visualizations, Visual data analysis techniques, interaction techniques, Systems and application

Text Books:

1. Tom White, “Hadoop: The Definitive Guide”, Third Edition, O’reilly Media, 4th Edition, 2015.
2. Chris Eaton, Dirk DeRoos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, “Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data”, McGrawHill Publishing, 1st edition, 2012.
3. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, “Mining of Massive Datasets”, CUP, 3rd edition, 2020.

References:

1. Bill Franks, “Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced Analytics”, John Wiley & sons, 1st edition, 2012.
2. Paul Zikopoulos, Dirk deRoos, Krishnan Parasuraman, Thomas Deutsch, James Giles, David Corrigan, “Harness the Power of Big Data: The IBM Big Data Platform”, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 1st edition, 2012.
3. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, “Big Data Science & Analytics: A Hands On Approach”, VPT, 1st edition, 2016.
4. Bart Baesens, “Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications (WILEY Big Data Series)”, John Wiley & Sons, 1st edition, 2014.

E-resources:

1. <https://www.edx.org/course/big-data-fundamentals>
2. <https://hadoop.apache.org/>
3. <https://pig.apache.org/>
4. <https://hive.apache.org/>

IV Year-I Semester

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SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE & DESIGN PATTERNS

(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-V)

Course Objectives:

1. Define software architecture and design patterns.
2. Understand the conceptual classes and relationships using object-oriented modeling techniques.
3. Implement patterns such as Adapter, Bridge, Composite, Decorator, Facade, Flyweight, and Proxy.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the basic concepts to identify state behavior of real world objects.
2. Apply Object Oriented Analysis and Design concepts to solve complex problems.
3. Construct various UML models using the appropriate notation for specific problem context.
4. Design models to Show the importance of systems analysis and design in solving complex problems using case studies.
5. Study of Pattern Oriented approach for real world problems.

UNIT – I:

Introduction: What is a design pattern? Describing design patterns, the catalog of design pattern, organizing the catalog, how design patterns solve design problems, how to select a design pattern, how to use a design pattern, What is object oriented development? key concepts of object oriented design other related concepts, benefits and drawbacks of the paradigm

UNIT – II:

Analysis a System: Overview of the analysis phase, stage 1 gathering the requirements functional requirements specification, defining conceptual classes and relationships, using the knowledge of the domain Design and Implementation, discussions and further reading

UNIT – III:

Design Pattern Catalog: Structural patterns, Adapter, bridge, composite, decorator, facade, flyweight, proxy.

UNIT – IV:

Interactive systems and the MVC architecture: Introduction The MVC architectural pattern,

analyzing a simple drawing program designing the system, designing of the subsystems, getting into implementation, implementing undo operation drawing incomplete items, adding a new feature pattern based solutions

UNIT – V:

Designing with Distributed Objects: Client server system, java remote method invocation, implementing an object oriented system on the web, Web services (SOAP, Restful), Enterprise Service Bus

Text Books:

1. Object oriented analysis, design and implementation, brahma dathan, sarnathrammath , universities press, 3rd edition, 2024.
2. Design patterns, Erich Gamma, Richard helan , Ralph johman , john vlissides, PEARSON Publication, 1st edition, 2015.

Reference Books:

1. Frank Bachmann, Regine Meunier, Hans Rohnert “Pattern Oriented Software Architecture” Volume 1, 1996.
2. William J Brown et al., "Anti Patterns: Refactoring Software, Architectures and Projects in Crisis", John Wiley, 1st edition, 1998.

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

SOFT COMPUTING (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-V)

Course Objectives:

1. Introduce students to soft computing concepts and techniques and foster their abilities in designing and implementing soft computing based solutions for real-world and engineering problems.
2. Introduce students to fuzzy systems, fuzzy logic and its applications.
3. Explain the students about Artificial Neural Networks and various categories of ANN.

Course Outcomes:

1. Student can be able to build intelligent systems through soft computing techniques.
2. Student should be able to understand the concept of artificial neural networks, fuzzy arithmetic, and fuzzy logic with their day-to-day applications.
3. Understand fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle and solve engineering problems.
4. Perform various operations of genetic algorithms, Rough Sets.
5. Comprehend various techniques to build model for various applications

UNIT-I:

Introduction: What is Soft Computing? Difference between Hard and Soft computing, Requirement of Soft computing, Major Areas of Soft Computing, Applications of Soft Computing.

UNIT-II:

Neural Networks: What is Neural Network, Learning rules and various activation functions, Single layer Perceptrons , Back Propagation networks, Architecture of Back propagation(BP) Networks, Backpropagation Learning, Variation of Standard Back propagation Neural Network, Introduction to Associative Memory, Adaptive Resonance theory and Self Organizing Map, Recent Applications

UNIT-III:

Fuzzy Systems: Fuzzy Set theory, Fuzzy versus Crisp set, Fuzzy Relation, Fuzzification, Minmax Composition, Defuzzification Method, Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy Rule based systems, Predicate logic, Fuzzy Decision Making, Fuzzy Control Systems, Fuzzy Classification

UNIT-IV:

Genetic Algorithm: History of Genetic Algorithms (GA), Working Principle, Various Encoding

methods, Fitness function, GA Operators- Reproduction, Crossover, Mutation, Convergence of GA, Bit wise operation in GA, Multi-level Optimization.

UNIT-V:

Hybrid Systems: Sequential Hybrid Systems, Auxiliary Hybrid Systems, Embedded Hybrid Systems, Neuro-Fuzzy Hybrid Systems, Neuro-Genetic Hybrid Systems, Fuzzy-Genetic Hybrid Systems.

GA based Back propagation Networks: GA based Weight Determination, K - factor determination in Columns.

Fuzzy Back propagation Networks: LR type Fuzzy numbers, Fuzzy Neuron, Fuzzy BP Architecture, Learning in Fuzzy BP, Application of Fuzzy BP Networks.

Text Books:

1. Principles of Soft Computing- S N Sivanandam, S N Deepa, Wiley India, 3rd edition, 2018.
2. Soft Computing and Intelligent System Design -Fakhreddine O Karray, Clarence D Silva, Pearson, 1st Edition, 2004.

Reference Books:

1. Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms: Synthesis & Applications, S.Rajasekaran, G. A. Vijayalakshami, 1st Edition, 2004, PHI.
2. Genetic Algorithms: Search and Optimization, E. Goldberg, 1st Edition, 1998.
3. Neuro-Fuzzy Systems, Chin Teng Lin, C. S. George Lee, 1st Edition, 1996, PHI.
4. Build_Neural_Network_With_MS_Excel_sample by Joe choong

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

QUANTUM COMPUTING (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-V)

Course Objectives:

1. Cultivate the fundamental understanding of electromagnetism.
2. Deliver the knowledge about Fourier and nonlinear optics.
3. Develop elementary problem-solving capability of quantum optics

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course, the student is able to

1. Analyze the behavior of basic quantum algorithms
2. Implement simple quantum algorithms and information channels in the quantum circuit model
3. Simulate a simple quantum error-correcting code
4. Prove basic facts about quantum information channels
5. Know about Quantum Computing Models

UNIT –I:

Introduction: Quantum Measurements Density Matrices, Positive-Operator Valued Measure, Fragility of quantum information: Decoherence, Quantum Superposition and Entanglement, Quantum Gates and Circuits.

UNIT –II:

Quantum Basics and Principles: No cloning theorem & Quantum Teleportation, Bell's inequality and its implications, Quantum Algorithms & Circuits.

UNIT -III:

Algorithms: Deutsch and Deutsch–Jozsa algorithms, Grover's Search Algorithm, Quantum Fourier Transform, Shore's Factorization Algorithm.

UNIT –IV:

Performance, Security and Scalability: Quantum Error Correction: Fault tolerance; Quantum Cryptography, Implementing Quantum Computing: issues of fidelity; Scalability in quantum computing.

UNIT -V:

Quantum Computing Models: NMR Quantum Computing, Spintronics and QED MODEL, Linear Optical MODEL, Nonlinear Optical Approaches; Limits of all the discussed approaches, Future of Quantum computing.

Text Books:

1. Eric R. Johnston, Nic Harrigan, Mercedes and Gimeno-Segovia “Programming Quantum Computers: Essential Algorithms And Code Samples, 1st edition, 2019, SHROFF/O’Reilly.
2. Dr. Christine Corbett Moran, Mastering Quantum Computing with IBM QX: Explore the world of quantum computing using the Quantum Composer and Qiskit, Kindle Edition Packt V.K Sahni, Quantum Computing (with CD), 1st edition, 2019, TATA McGraw-Hill.

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

BLOCK CHAIN TECHNOLOGIES

(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-V)

Course Objective:

1. To provide conceptual understanding of the function of Blockchain as a method of securing distributed ledgers.
2. To understand the structure of a Blockchain and why/when it is better than a simple distributed database
3. To make students understand the technological underpinnings of Blockchain operations as distributed data structures and decision making systems.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that student will be able to:

1. Define and explain the fundamentals of Blockchain.
2. Understand decentralization and the role of Blockchain in it.
3. Understand and analyze Bitcoin Cryptocurrency and underlying Blockchain network.
4. Understand Ethereum currency and platform, and develop applications using Solidity.
5. Understand Hyper ledger project and its components; critically analyze the challenges and future opportunities in Block chain technology.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: History and basics, Types of Blockchain, Consensus, CAP Theorem.

Cryptographic Hash Functions: Properties of hash functions, Secure Hash Algorithm, Merkle trees, Patricia trees.

UNIT-II:

Decentralization: Decentralization using Blockchain, Methods of decentralization, decentralization framework, Blockchain and full ecosystem decentralization, Smart contracts, Decentralized Organizations, Platforms for decentralization.

UNIT-III:

Bitcoin: Introduction to Bitcoin, Digital keys and addresses, Transactions, Blockchain, The Bitcoin network, Bitcoin payments, Bitcoin Clients and APIs, Alternatives to Proof of Work, Bitcoin limitations.

UNIT-IV:

Ethereum: Smart Contracts, Introduction to Ethereum, The Ethereum network, Components of the Ethereum ecosystem, Blocks and Blockchain, Fee schedule, Ethereum Development Environment, Solidity.

UNIT-V:

Hyperledger: Introduction, Hyperledger Projects, Protocol, Architecture, Hyperledger Fabric, Sawtooth Lake, Corda.

Challenges and Opportunities: Scalability, Privacy, Blockchain for IoT, Emerging trends

Text Book:

1. Mastering Block chain, Imran Bashir, Second Edition, 2nd edition, 2018, Packt Publishing.

References:

1. Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies, Andreas Antonopoulos, 2nd edition, 2017, O'Reilly.
2. Blockchain Blueprint for a New Economy, Melanie Swan, 1st edition, 2015, O'Reilly.
3. Mastering Bitcoin: Programming the Open Blockchain, Antonopoulos, Andreas M, 3rd edition, 2023, O'Reilly.
4. Blockchain Technology: Cryptocurrency and Applications, S. Shukla, M. Dhawan, S. Sharma, S. Venkatesan, 1st edition, 2019, Oxford University Press.

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
0	1	2	2

NO SQL DATABASES (SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE)

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to

1. Distinguish the different types of NoSQL databases.
2. Explore the emergence, requirements and benefits of a NoSQL database.
3. Understand the basic architecture and data models of a NoSQL database (key-value stores, document databases, column-family stores, graph databases).

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to

1. Differentiate between various non-relational (NoSQL) database.
2. Create Document oriented NoSQL databases using MongoDB.
3. Create Column- oriented NoSQL databases using Apache HBASE.
4. Create NoSQL Key/Value databases using Riak.
5. Create Graph NoSQL databases using Neo4.

UNIT-I:**Introduction and Basic Concepts:**

Overview, and History of NoSQL Databases, Definition of the Four Types of NoSQL Database, The Value of Relational Databases, Impedance Mismatch, Application and Integration Databases, Attack of the Clusters, The Emergence of NoSQL, Key Points, Comparison of relational databases to new NoSQL stores, MongoDB, Cassandra, HBASE, Neo4j use and deployment, Application, RDBMS approach, Challenges NoSQL approach, Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores, Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

UNIT-II:**NoSQL Key/Value databases using MongoDB:**

Document Databases, What Is a Document Database? Features, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Web Analytics or Real-Time Analytics, E-Commerce Applications, When Not to Use, Complex Transactions Spanning Different Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure.

UNIT-III:**Column- oriented NoSQL databases using Apache HBASE:**

Column-oriented NoSQL databases using Apache Cassandra, Architecture of HBASE, What Is a Column-Family Data Store? Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Counters, Expiring Usage, When Not to Use.

UNIT-IV:**NoSQL Key/Value databases using Riak:**

Key-Value Databases, What Is a Key-Value Store, Key-Value Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Query Features, Structure of Data, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Storing Session Information, User Profiles, Preferences, Shopping Cart Data, When Not to Use, Relationships among Data, Multioperation Transactions, Query by Data, Operations by Sets.

UNIT-V:**Graph NoSQL databases using Neo4:**

NoSQL database development tools and programming languages, Graph Databases, What Is a Graph Database? Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines, When Not to Use.

Text Books:

1. NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence, Pramod J. Sadalage, Martin Fowler, Pearson Education, 2013.
2. Shashank Tiwari. Professional NoSQL, 1st edition, 2011, John Wiley and Sons. ISBN:978-0-470-94224-6.

Reference Books:

1. A Guide to Modern Databases and the NoSQL Movement Edition, Redmond, E.&Wilson, 1st edition, 2012.
2. Redmond, E. & Wilson, J. (2012). Seven Databases in Seven Weeks: A Guide to Modern Databases and the NoSQL Movement (1st Ed.). Raleigh, NC: The Pragmatic Programmers, LLC.
3. Dan Sullivan. NoSQL for Mere Mortals. Addison-Wesley Professional, 1st edition, 2015.
4. Guy Harrison. Next-Generation Databases. Apress, 2016.

IV Year-I Semester

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	2

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA**Course Objectives:**

1. Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
2. To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
3. To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the semester/course, the student will be able to have a clear knowledge on the following:

1. Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
2. Understand the functioning of three wings of the government ie., executive, legislative and judiciary.
3. Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
4. Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local self-government.
5. Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.

UNIT-I:

History of Making of the Indian Constitution: History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

Philosophy of the Indian Constitution- Preamble, Salient, Features

UNIT-II:

Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties: Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT–III:

Organs of Governance: Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, **Executive-** President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions

UNIT–IV:

Local Administration: District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative CEO of Municipal Corporation, Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: ZilaPachayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPachayat: Position and role, Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy

UNIT–V:

Election Commission: Election Commission: Role and Functioning, Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners, State Election Commission: Role and Functioning, Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

Text Books:

1. The Constitution of India, 1st Edition, (Bare Act), Government Publication, 1950.
2. Framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, 2015.

Reference Books:

1. Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edition, M. P. Jain, Lexis Nexis, 2014.

III Year I Semester	DATA STRUCTURES (OPEN ELECTIVE-I)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To teach efficient storage mechanisms of data for an easy access.
2. To develop application using data structures.
3. To improve the logical ability

Course Outcomes: On completion of this course, the student will be able to:

1. Compare the performances of various Searching and Sorting techniques in terms of time and space complexities.
2. Illustrate the applications of Stacks.
3. Implement various types of Queues and their efficient operations.
4. Demonstrate the advantages of dynamic memory allocation via linked lists.
5. Implement the basic operations, search and traversals on Trees.

UNIT-I

Time and space complexity, Data Structures – Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Searching and Sorting – Sorting- selection sort, bubble sort, insertion sort, quick sort, merge sort, shell sort, radix sort, Searching-linear and binary search methods, comparison of sorting and searching methods.

UNIT –II

Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications -infix to postfix conversion, postfix expression evaluation, recursion implementation.

UNIT-III

Queues-operations, array, and linked representations. Circular Queue operations, Dequeues, applications of queues.

UNIT-IV

Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, circular linked list implementation, Double linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations. Applications of linked lists.

UNIT-V

Trees – Definitions, tree representation, properties of trees, Binary tree, Binary tree representation, binary tree properties, binary tree traversals, binary tree implementation, applications of trees.

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Data structures in C, 2nd Edition, E.Horowitz, S.Sahniand Susan Anderson-Freed, Universities Press.
2. Data structures A Programming Approach with C, D.S.Kushwaha and A.K.Misra, PHI.

References:

1. Data structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd edition,
2. R.F.GilbergAndB.A.Forouzan, CengageLearning.
3. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C, 2nd edition, M.A.Weiss, Pearson.
4. Data Structures using C, A.M.Tanenbaum,Y. Langsam, M.J.Augenstein, Pearson.
5. Data structures and Program Design in C, 2nd edition, R.Kruse, C.L.TondoandB.Leung,Pearson

III Year I Semester	DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (OPEN ELECTIVE-I)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. Train in the fundamental concepts of database management systems, database modeling and design, SQL, PL/SQL, and System implementation techniques.
2. Enable students to model ER diagram for any customized applications.
3. To learn the principles of systematically designing and using large scale Database Management Systems for various applications.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the usage of Key Constraints on Database.
2. Describe ER model and normalization for database design.
3. Create, maintain, and manipulate a relational database using SQL.
4. Understand efficient data storage and retrieval mechanism, recovery techniques.
5. Design and build database system for a given real world problem.

UNIT-I:

An Overview of Database Management: Introduction- Importance of Database System, Data Independence- Relation Systems and Others- Summary, Database system architecture, Introduction- The Three Levels of Architecture-The External Level- the Conceptual Level- the Internal Level- Mapping- the Database Administrator-The Database Management Systems- Client/Server Architecture.

UNIT-II:

The E/R Models: The Relational Model, Relational Calculus, Introduction to Database Design, Database Design and ER Diagrams-Entities Attributes, Entity Sets-Relationship and Relationship Sets-Conceptual Design with the ER Models.

The Relational Model: Integrity Constraints Over Relations- Key Constraints –Foreign Key Constraints-General Constraints, Relational Algebra and Calculus, Relational Algebra- Selection and Projection- Set Operation, Renaming – Joins- Division- More Examples of Queries, Relational Calculus - Tuple Relational Calculus, Domain Relational Calculus.

UNIT-III:

Queries, Constraints, Triggers: The Form of Basic SQL Query, Union, Intersect, and Except, Nested

Queries, Aggregate Operators, Null Values, Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL, Triggers and Active Database.

Schema Refinement (Normalization) : Purpose of Normalization or Schema Refinement, Concept of Functional Dependency, Normal Forms Based on Functional Dependency(1NF, 2NF and 3NF), Concept of Surrogate Key, Boyce-Codd Normal Form(BCNF), Lossless Join and Dependency Preserving Decomposition, Fourth Normal Form(4NF).

UNIT-IV:

Transaction Management and Concurrency Control:

Transaction, Properties of Transactions, Transaction Log, Transaction Management with SQL using Commit Rollback and Save Point, Concurrency Control for Lost Updates, Uncommitted Data, Inconsistent Retrievals, and the Scheduler.

Concurrency Control with Locking Methods: Lock Granularity, Lock Types, Two Phase Locking For Ensuring Serializability, Deadlocks, Concurrency Control with Time Stamp Ordering: Wait/Die and Wound/Wait Schemes, Database Recovery Management : Transaction Recovery.

UNIT-V:

Overview of Storages and Indexing: Data on External Storage- File Organization and Indexing – Clustered Indexing – Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index Data Structures, Hash-Based

Indexing – Tree- Based Indexing, Comparison of File Organization.

Text Books:

1. Introduction to Database Systems, CJ Date, Pearson.
2. Data base Management Systems, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TATAMcGraw Hill 3rd Edition.

References Books:

1. Data base Systems design, Implementation, and Management, Peter Rob & Carlos Coronel 7th Edition.
2. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri Navrate Pearson Education.
3. Database Systems - The Complete Book, H G Molina, J D Ullman, J Widom Pearson.
4. Data base System Concepts, 5/e, Silberschatz, Korth, TMH.

III Year I Semester	COMPUTER ORGANIZATION (OPEN ELECTIVE-I)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. Gives a view of computer system from user's perspective, representation of data.
2. Understand the architecture of a modern computer with its various processing units. Also the Performance measurement of the computer system.
3. Illustration of data paths and control flow for sequencing in CPUs, Microprogramming of control unit of CPU.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the architecture of modern computer.
2. Able to calculate the effective address of an operand by addressing modes.
3. Apply different instruction types.
4. Determine the importance of memory management system of computer.
5. Design the roles and functions of processing unit and micro programmed control.

UNIT -I:

Basic Structure of Computers: Functional unit, Basic Operational concepts, Bus structures, System Software, Performance, The history of computer development.

Data Representation: Data types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating– Point Representation, Other Binary Codes, Error Detection codes.

UNIT -II:**Machine Instruction and Programs:**

Instruction and Instruction Sequencing: Register Transfer Notation, Assembly Language Notation, Basic Instruction Types, Addressing Modes, Basic Input/output Operations, The role of Stacks and Queues in computer programming equation. Component of Instructions: Logic Instructions, shift and Rotate Instructions.

UNIT -III:

Type of Instructions: Arithmetic and Logic Instructions, Branch Instructions, Addressing Modes, Input/output Operations.

Input/output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts: Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and

Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory Access, Buses: Synchronous Bus, Asynchronous Bus, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interface: Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) Bus, Universal Serial Bus (USB).

UNIT -IV:

The Memory Systems: Basic memory circuits, Memory System Consideration, Read-Only Memory: ROM, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, Flash Memory, Cache Memories: Mapping Functions, INTERLEAVING

Secondary Storage: Magnetic Hard Disks, Optical Disks.

UNIT -V:

Processing Unit: Fundamental Concepts: Register Transfers, Performing an Arithmetic or Logic Operation, Fetching a Word from Memory, Execution of Complete Instruction, Hardwired Control,

Micro programmed Control: Microinstructions, Micro program Sequencing, Wide Branch Addressing Microinstructions with next – Address Field.

Text Books:

1. Computer Organization, Carl Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, Safea Zaky, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Computer Architecture and Organization, John P. Hayes, 4th Edition, McGrawHill.

Reference Books:

1. Computer Organization and Architecture – William Stallings Sixth Edition, Pearson/PHI.
2. Structured Computer Organization–Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4th Edition PHI/Pearson.
3. Fundamentals of Computer Organization and Design, - Sivarama Dandamudi Springer Int. Edition.
4. “Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface” by David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy.
5. J.P. Hayes, "Computer Architecture and Organization", McGraw-Hill, 1998.

E-Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/>
2. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/>

III Year I Semester	SCRIPTING LANGUAGES (OPEN ELECTIVE-I)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. Introduces scripting languages such as Perl, Ruby, PHP and TCL.
2. Design, code, and test applications using scripting languages.
3. An ability to create PHP scripts to store and manipulate user data.

Course Outcomes:

1. Acquire programming skills in RUBY scripting language.
2. Ability to create and run scripts using PERL.
3. To gain some fluency programming in Perl and PHP and related languages.
4. To improve knowledge of advanced concepts in PHP.
5. Gain knowledge of the strengths and weakness of Perl, TCL and Ruby; and select an appropriate language for solving a given problem.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Ruby, Rails, the structure and Execution of Ruby Programs, Package Management with RUBYGEMS.

Ruby and Web: Writing CGI scripts, cookies, Choice of Web servers, SOAP and web services

Ruby Tk: Simple Tk Application, widgets, Binding events, Canvas, scrolling

UNIT-II:**Introduction to PERL and Scripting:**

Scripts and Programs, Origin of Scripting , Scripting Today, Characteristics of Scripting Languages, Uses for Scripting Languages, Web Scripting, and the universe of Scripting Languages. PERL- Names and Values, Variables, Scalar Expressions, Control Structures, arrays, list, hashes, strings, pattern and regular expressions, subroutines.

UNIT-III:**Advanced PERL:**

Finer points of looping, pack and unpack, file system, eval, data structures, packages, modules, objects, interfacing to the operating system, Creating Internet ware applications, Dirty Hands Internet Programming, security Issues.

PHP Basics : PHP Basics- Features, Embedding PHP Code in your Web pages, Outputting the data to the browser, Data types, Variables, Constants, expressions, string interpolation, control structures, Function, Creating a Function, Function Libraries, Arrays, strings and Regular Expressions.

UNIT-IV:

Advanced PHP Programming: PHP and Web Forms, Files, PHP Authentication and Methodologies - Hard Coded, File Based, Database Based, IP Based, Login Administration, Uploading Files with PHP, Sending Email using PHP, PHP Encryption Functions, the Mcrypt package and Building Web sites for the World.

UNIT -V:

TCL: Structure, syntax, Variables and Data in TCL, Control Flow, Data Structures, input/output, procedures , strings , patterns, files, Advance TCL, eval, source, exec and uplevel commands, Name spaces, trapping errors, event driven programs, making applications internet aware, Nuts and Bolts Internet Programming, Security Issues, CInterface.

Tk: Visual Tool Kits, Fundamental Concepts of Tk, Tk by example, Events and Binding, Perl-Tk.

Text Books:

1. The World of Scripting Languages, David Barron, Wiley Publications.
2. Ruby Programming language by David Flanagan and Yukihiro Matsumoto O'Reilly
3. Beginning PHP and MySQL, 3rd Edition, Jason Gilmore, Apress Publications(Dream tech)

Reference Books:

1. Open Source Web Development with LAMP using Linux, Apache, MySQL, Perl and PHP, J.Lee and B.Ware (Addison Wesley) Pearson Education.
2. Perl by Example, E.Quigley, Pearson Education.
3. PHP 6 Fast and Easy Web Development, Julie Meloni and Matt Telles, Cengage Learning Publications.

III Year I Semester	OPERATING SYSTEMS (OPEN ELECTIVE-I)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. Provide knowledge about the services rendered by operating systems.
2. Present detail discussion on processes, threads and scheduling algorithms.
3. Discuss various file-system implementation issues and memory management techniques.

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the importance of operating systems and different types of system calls.
2. Analyze the communication between processes and various process scheduling algorithms.
3. Understand the process synchronization, different ways for deadlocks handling.
4. Analyze various memory mapping techniques and different page replacement methods.
5. Evaluate various file allocation and disk scheduling algorithms.

UNIT-I: Operating Systems Overview:

Introduction: what is an operating system, Types of operating systems, operating systems concepts, operating systems services, Introduction to System call, System call types, Operating System Generation.

UNIT-II: Process Management:

Process concept: Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operations on Processes, Inter process Communication.

Multithreaded Programming: Overview, Multithreading models, Threading Issues.

Process scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms.

UNIT-III: Synchronization:

Process Synchronization: The Critical-Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Classic Problems of Synchronization, Monitors, Synchronization examples.

Principles of deadlock – System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Deadlock Prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery from Deadlock.

UNIT-IV: Memory Management:

Memory Management strategies: Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Segmentation, Paging,

Structure of the Page Table.

Virtual Memory Management: Virtual Memory, Demand Paging, Page-Replacement Algorithms, Thrashing.

UNIT-V: File system Interface- The concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory and Disk structure, File system mounting.

File System implementation: File system structure, allocation methods, free-space management.

Mass-storage structure: Overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk scheduling, Device drivers.

Text Books:

1. Silberschatz A, Galvin P B, and Gagne G, Operating System Concepts, 9th edition, Wiley, 2013.
2. Tanenbaum A S, Modern Operating Systems, 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2008. (for Interprocess Communication and File systems).

Reference Books:

1. Tanenbaum A S, Woodhull A S, Operating Systems Design and Implementation, 3rd edition, PHI, 2006.
2. Dhamdhere D M, Operating Systems A Concept Based Approach, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2012.
3. Stallings W, Operating Systems -Internals and Design Principles, 6th edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
4. Nutt G, Operating Systems, 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

III Year II Semester	WEB SERVICES (OPEN ELECTIVE-II)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objective:

1. To Understand XML concepts
2. To Understand paradigms needed for testing Web Services
3. To explore different Test Strategies for SOA-based applications

Course Outcomes: At the end of the Course, the Student will be able to:

1. Describe and explain the relationship among HTML, XHTML, CSS, JavaScript, XML and other web technologies.
2. Create and publish advanced HTML pages with the help of frames, scripting languages, and CSS.
3. Understand and use JavaScript variables, control structures, functions, arrays, and objects. Understand and develop XML Technologies such as XML Schemas, XSLT.
4. Understand and develop Server-Side Programming using Servlets and JSP's.
5. Develop web pages using AJAX and PHP

UNIT-I:

INTRODUCTION TO HTML5: New HTML5 Form input Types, Introduction to Cascading Style Sheets: Part 1: Inline Styles, Embedded Style Sheets, Conflicting Styles, and Linking External Style Sheets (Text Book: 1)

JAVA SCRIPT: Introduction to scripting, Control Structures-I, Control Structures-II, Functions, Arrays, Objects. (Text Book: 1).

UNIT-II :

XML: Introduction, XML Basics, Structuring Data, XML Namespaces, Document Type Definitions (DTDs), W3C XML Schema Documents, XML Vocabularies, Extensible Style sheet Language and XSL Transformations, Document Object Model (DOM): Objects and Collections (Text Book : 1).

UNIT-III:

JDBC AND SERVLETS: DATABASE ACCESS: Overview of JDBC, JDBC Drivers, Connecting to a Database, the Statement Interfaces, Result Sets, Using Metadata (Text Book: 3)
SERVLETS: The Life Cycle of a Servlet, Using Tomcat for Servlet Development, A Simple Servlet, The Servlet API, The javax.servlet Package , Reading Servlet Parameters, The javax.servlet.http Package,

Handling HTTP Requests and Responses, Cookies, Session Tracking. (Text Book : 2).

UNIT-IV: JSP:

JSP Overview, How JSP Works , A Basic Example, JSP Syntax and Semantics: The JSP Development Model, Components of a JSP Page: Directives, Comments, Expressions, Scriptlets, Declarations, implicit objects, Standard Actions, Tag Extensions, A Complete Example (Text Book: 3).

Expressions, Scriptlets, Expression and Scriptlet Handling by the JSP Container, Implicit Objects and the JSP Environment, Initialization Parameters, Request Dispatching: Anatomy of Request Processing, include Directive, The Action, Forwarding Requests, RequestDispatcher Object (Text Book:3).

UNIT-V: PHP:

Introduction, Simple PHP Program, Converting Between Data Types, Arithmetic Operators, Initializing and Manipulating Arrays, String Comparisons, String Processing with Regular Expressions, Form Processing and Business Logic, Reading from a Database (Text Book: 1)

AJAX: Traditional Web Applications vs. Ajax Applications, Rich Internet Applications (RIAs) with Ajax, History of Ajax, Ajax Example Using the XML, HttpRequest Object, Using XML and the DOM. (Reference Book: 6)

Text Books:

1. Dietel and Dietel : “Internet and World Wide Web – How to Program”, 5th Edition, PHI/Pearson Education,2011
2. Herbert Schildt, “The complete Reference Java 2”, 9th Edition, TMH,2014.
3. Phil Hanna: “The Complete Reference JSP”, 2nd Edition, TMH,2008.

References:

1. Hans Bergsten : “Java Server Pages”, 3rdEdition, O’Reillypublication,2008.
2. Raj Kamal, “Internet & Web technologies”, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill,2007.
3. Chris Bates, “Web Programming, building internet applications”, 2ndEdition, WILEY, Dreamtech,2008.
4. Xavier. C, “Web technology and design”, 1stEdition, New Age International,2011.
5. Marty Hall and Larry Brown, “Core servlets and java Server pages volume 1: core technologies”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2007.
6. Thomas A Powel, “The Complete Reference: AJAX”, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill,2008.

Web References:

1. www.w3schools.com
2. www.tutorialspoint.com

III Year II Semester	COMPUTER NETWORKS (OPEN ELECTIVE-II)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To introduce the fundamental various types of computer networks.
2. To understand state-of-the-art in network protocols, architectures, and applications.
3. To explore the various layers of OSI Model.

Course Outcomes:

The students can

1. Understand OSI and TCP/IP reference models with an emphasis to Physical Layer, Data Link Layer and Network Layer.
2. Analyze the issues related to data link, medium access and transport layers by using channel allocation and connection management schemes. Analyze MAC layer protocols and LAN technologies.
3. Solve problems related to Flow control, Error control, Congestion control and Network Routing.
4. Design and compute subnet masks and addresses for networking requirements.
5. Understand how internetworks,

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Network Hardware and software Reference models- The OSI Reference Model- the TCP/IP Reference Model - A Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP Reference Models, Examples of Networks: Novell Networks, Arpanet, Internet, Network Topologies WAN, LAN, MAN.

Physical Layer: Guided Transmission Media, Digital Modulation and Multiplexing: frequency division multiplexing, wavelength division multiplexing, synchronous time division multiplexing, statistical time division multiplexing.

UNIT-II:

The Data Link Layer - Design Issues, Services Provided to the Network Layer – Framing – Error Control – Flow Control, Error Detection and Correction – Error-Correcting Codes – Error Detecting Codes, Elementary Data Link Protocols, Sliding Window Protocols.

Channel allocation methods: TDM, FDM, ALOHA, Carrier sense Multiple access protocols, Collision Free protocols – IEEE standard 802 for LANS – Ethernet, Token Bus, Token ring, Bridges and IEEE 802.11 and 802.16. Data link layer switching, virtual LANs.

UNIT-III:

Network layer Routing Algorithms: Design Issues, Routing Algorithms-Shortest path, Flooding, Flow based Distance vector, Link state, Hierarchical, Broadcast routing, Congestion Control algorithms-General principles of congestion control, Congestion prevention policies, Choke packets, Load shedding, and Jitter Control.

Internet Working: Tunneling, internetworking, Fragmentation, Network layer in the internet

– IP protocols, IP address, Subnets, Internet control protocols, OSPF, BGP, Internet multicasting, Mobile IP, IPV6.

UNIT IV:

The Transport Layer: Elements of transport protocols – addressing, establishing a connection, releasing connection, flow control and buffering and crash recovery, End to end protocols: UDP, Real Time Transport Protocol.

The Internet Transport Protocol: TCP- reliable Byte Stream (TCP) end to end format, segment format, connection establishment and termination, sliding window revisited, adaptive retransmission, TCP extension, Remote Procedure Call.

UNIT – V:

Application Layer: WWW and HTTP: Architecture- Client (Browser), Server, Uniform Resource Locator HTTP: HTTP Transaction, HTTP Operational Model and Client/Server Communication, HTTP Generic Message Format, HTTP Request Message Format, HTTP Response Message Format.

The Domain Name System: The DNS Name Space, Resource Records, Name Servers, Electronic Mail: Architecture and Services, The User Agent, Message Formats, Message Transfer, Final Delivery.

Text Books:

1. Data Communications and Networks – Behrouz A. Forouzan, Third Edition TMH.
2. Computer Networks, 5ed, David Patterson, Elsevier
3. Computer Networks: Andrew S Tanenbaum, 4th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI
4. Computer Networks, Mayank Dave, CENGAGE

References:

1. Tanenbaum and David J Wetherall, Computer Networks, 5th Edition, Pearson Edu, 2010
2. Computer Networks: A Top Down Approach, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Firouz Mosharraf, McGraw Hill Education

3. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Understanding communications and Networks, 3rd Edition, W.A. Shay, Thomson The TCP/IP Guide, by Charles M. Kozierok, Free online Resource, <http://www.tcpipguide.com/free/index.htm>.

III Year II Semester	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA (OPEN ELECTIVE-II)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. The objective of the course is to teach the basic concepts and techniques which form the object oriented programming paradigm
2. To understand skills in writing programs using exception handling techniques and multithreading
3. Well equipped with Java SDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course the student will be able to:

1. Understand the structure and model of the Java programming language
2. Explain the concept of class and objects with access control to represent real world entities
3. Demonstrate the implementation of inheritance and polymorphism.
4. Illustrate different techniques on creating and accessing packages (fully qualified name and import statements)
5. Understand the impact of exception handling to avoid abnormal termination of program using checked and unchecked exceptions

Unit – I

Introduction to Java: Evolution of Java, Java Buzzwords, The Java Virtual Machine, An overview of Java- Simple Java Program, Naming Conventions in Java, Data types, Variables, Expressions, Automatic type Conversion, Operators, Control Statements , Arrays, Strings

Unit – II

Classes & Objects: Class fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Initializing the instance variables, Access Control, Constructors, Methods in Java, Overloading Methods and constructors, Static Methods, Recursion, final keyword, this keyword, garbage collection, finalize() method

Unit – III

Inheritance: Inheritance Basics, Types of Inheritance, use of ‘super’, ‘final’ keywords in inheritance.

Polymorphism: Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Abstract Classes.

Interfaces: Def, Multiple Inheritance using Interface, Abstract Classes vs. Interfaces

Unit – IV

Packages: Packages, Different Types of Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages.

Exception Handling: Exception-handling basics, throw Clause, throws Clause. Types: Built-in Exception, User Defined Exception.

Unit – V

Threads: Java Thread Model, Main Thread, Creating a Thread and Running it, terminating the Thread, Creating Multiple Threads, Thread Synchronization, and Thread Priorities.

Text Books:

1. Herbert Schildt, “Java The complete reference”, 9th Edition, McGrawHill, 2017.
2. Timothy Budd, “An introduction to object-oriented programming”, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.

Reference Books

1. E.Balaguruswamy, “Programming with Java A Primer”, 5th Edition, TataMcGraw-Hill, 2017.
2. Y. Daniel Liang, “Introduction to Java programming”, 9th Edition, Pearson education, 2012

Reference Link

1. http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Java_Programming - Java Learning WikiBook
2. <http://www.javabeginner.com> - Java Beginner Tutorial

III Year II Semester	FUNDAMENTALS OF CLOUD COMPUTING (OPEN ELECTIVE-II)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objective:

1. To provide students with the fundamentals and essentials of Cloud Computing.
2. To provide students a sound foundation of the Cloud Computing so that they are able to start using and adopting Cloud Computing services and tools in their real life scenarios.
3. To enable students exploring some important cloud computing driven commercial systems and applications.

Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that student will be able to:

1. Understand and analyze different computing paradigms
2. Understand the basics of cloud computing and different cloud deployment models.
3. Understand different cloud implementation and management strategies.
4. Understand and evaluate different cloud service models.
5. Identify, analyze and use different cloud services/applications/tools available from key cloud providers.

UNIT-I:

Computing Paradigms: High-Performance Computing, Parallel Computing, Distributed Computing, Cluster Computing, Grid Computing, Cloud Computing, Bio computing, Mobile Computing, Quantum Computing, Optical Computing, Nano computing..

UNIT-II:

Cloud Computing Fundamentals: Motivation for Cloud Computing, The Need for Cloud Computing, Defining Cloud Computing, Definition of Cloud Computing, Cloud Computing is a Service, Cloud Computing is a Platform, Principles of Cloud computing, Five Essential Characteristics, Four Cloud Deployment Models

UNIT-III:

Cloud Computing Architecture and Management: Cloud architecture, Layer, Anatomy of the Cloud, Network Connectivity in Cloud Computing, Applications on the Cloud, Managing the Cloud, Managing the Cloud Infrastructure, Managing the Cloud Application, Migrating Application to

Cloud, Phases of Cloud Migration Approaches for Cloud Migration.

UNIT-IV:

Cloud Service Models: Infrastructure as a Service, Characteristics of IaaS, Suitability of IaaS, Pros and Cons of IaaS, Summary of IaaS Providers, Platform as a Service, Characteristics of PaaS, Suitability of PaaS, Pros and Cons of PaaS, Summary of PaaS Providers, Software as a Service, Characteristics of SaaS, Suitability of SaaS, Pros and Cons of SaaS, Summary of SaaS Providers, Other Cloud Service Models.

UNIT-V:

Cloud Providers and Applications: EMC, EMC IT, Captiva Cloud Toolkit, Google Cloud Platform, Cloud Storage, Google Cloud Connect, Google Cloud Print, Google App Engine, Amazon Web Services, Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, Amazon Simple Storage Service, Amazon Simple Queue service, Microsoft, Windows Azure, Microsoft Assessment and Planning Toolkit, SharePoint, IBM, Cloud Models, IBM Smart Cloud, SAP Labs, SAP HANA Cloud Platform, Virtualization Services Provided by SAP, Sales force, Sales Cloud, Service Cloud: Knowledge as a Service, Rack space, VMware, Manjra soft, Aneka Platform.

Text Book:

1. Essentials of Cloud Computing, K. Chandrasekhran, CRCpress.

Reference Books:

1. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms, Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley.
2. Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack J. Dongarra, Elsevier.
3. Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance, Tim Mather, SubraKumaraswamy, ShahedLatif, O'Reilly.

III Year II Semester	FUNDAMENTALS OF INFORMATION SECURITY (OPEN ELECTIVE-II)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objective:

1. Formulate information security objectives of privacy (confidentiality), data integrity, authentication, and non-repudiation.
2. Describe the fundamental axioms and concepts in abstract algebra and number theory that form the foundation of network and computer security solutions.
3. Design and implement cryptosystems based on the design principles of symmetric-key and asymmetric-key algorithms.

Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that student will be able to:

1. Understand the basics and need for information security
2. Identify, analyze, and evaluate infrastructure and network vulnerabilities.
3. Understand and analyze different access control and authentication methods.
4. Identify and assess current and anticipated security risks and vulnerabilities with vulnerability assessment and auditing methods.
5. Learn the fundamentals of cryptography and how cryptography serves as the central language of information security..

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Security: Challenges of Securing Information, Definition of Information Security, Attackers, Attacks and Defenses.

Systems Threats and Risks: Software-Based Attacks, Hardware-Based Attacks, Attacks on Virtualized Systems, Hardening the Operating System, Preventing Attacks that Target the Web Browser, Hardening Web Servers, Protecting Systems from Communications-Based Attacks, Applying Software Security Applications.

UNIT-II:

Network Vulnerabilities and Attacks: Network Vulnerabilities, Categories of Attacks, Methods of

Network Attacks.

Network Defences: Crafting a Secure Network, Applying Network Security Devices, Host and Network Intrusion Prevention Systems (HIPS/NIPS), Protocol Analyzers, Internet Content Filters, Integrated Network Security Hardware.

UNIT-III:

Access Control: Access Control Models and Practices, Logical Access Control Methods, Physical Access Control.

Authentication: Definition of Authentication, Authentication Credentials, Extended Authentication Protocols, Remote Authentication and Security.

UNIT-IV:

Vulnerability Assessment: Risk Management, Assessment, and Mitigation, Identifying Vulnerabilities.

Security Audit: Privilege Auditing, Usage Auditing, Monitoring Methodologies and Tools.

UNIT-V:

Cryptography: Introduction to Cryptography, Cryptographic Algorithms, Using Cryptography on Files and Disks, Digital Certificates, Public Key Infrastructure, Key Management.

Text Book:

1. Security+ Guide to Network Security Fundamentals, Third Edition, Mark Ciampa, Cengage Learning.

Reference Books:

1. Principles of Information Security, Michael E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord, Cengage Learning.
2. Information Security: The Complete Reference, Rhodes-Ousley, Mark, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill.
3. Information Security: Principles and Practices, Mark S. Merkow, Jim Breithaupt, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education

IV Year I Semester	BIG DATA ANALYTICS (OPEN ELECTIVE-III)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

4. Necessity of Big data analysis and challenges in Big data analysis
5. Descriptive, Predictive, Real-time analysis of bigdata
6. Programming tools PIG & HIVE in Hadoop ecosystem

Course Outcomes:

The students should be able to:

6. Understand and Illustrate characteristics of big data and big data challenges in different domains including social media, transportation, finance and medicine
7. Demonstrate stream processing on real time applications
8. Do Big data processing using Map reduce on Hadoop
9. Do Big data processing using PIG scripts and HiveQLqueries
10. Understand Predictive analysis of big data.

UNIT-I: Introduction: Introduction to big data: Introduction to Big Data platform, Challenges of conventional systems, Intelligent data analysis, Nature of data, Analytic processes and tools, Analysis vs Reporting.

UNIT - II: Stream Processing: Mining data streams: Introduction to Streams Concepts, Stream Data Model and Architecture, Stream Computing, Sampling Data in a Stream, Filtering Streams, Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream, Estimating Moments, Counting Oneness in a Window, Decaying Window, Real time Analytics Platform (RTAP) Applications, Case Studies - Real Time Sentiment Analysis - Stock Market Predictions.

UNIT - III: Introduction to Hadoop: Hadoop: History of Hadoop, the Hadoop Distributed File System, Components of Hadoop Analysing the Data with Hadoop, Scaling Out, Hadoop Streaming, Design of HDFS, Java interfaces to HDFS Basics, Developing a Map Reduce Application, How Map Reduce Works, Anatomy of a Map Reduce Job run, Failures, Job Scheduling, Shuffle and Sort, Task execution, Map Reduce Types and Formats, Map Reduce Features Hadoop environment.

UNIT - IV: Frameworks and Applications: Frameworks: Applications on Big Data Using Pig and Hive, Data processing operators in Pig, Hive services, HiveQL, Querying Data in Hive, fundamentals of HBase

and ZooKeeper.

UNIT - V: Predictive Analytics and Visualizations: Predictive Analytics, Simple linear regression, Multiple linear Regressions, Interpretation of regression coefficients, Visualizations, Visual data analysis techniques, interaction techniques, Systems and application

Text Books:

1. Tom White, “Hadoop: The Definitive Guide”, Third Edition, O’reilly Media, Fourth Edition, 2015.
2. Chris Eaton, Dirk DeRoos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, “Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data”, McGrawHill Publishing, 2012.
3. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, “Mining of Massive Datasets”, CUP, 2012

References:

1. Bill Franks, “Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced Analytics”, John Wiley & sons, 2012.
2. Paul Zikopoulos, Dirk deRoos, Krishnan Parasuraman, Thomas Deutsch, James Giles, David Corrigan, “Harness the Power of Big Data: The IBM Big Data Platform”, Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 2012.
3. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, “Big Data Science & Analytics: A Hands On Approach”, VPT, 2016.
4. Bart Baesens, “Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications (WILEY Big Data Series)”, John Wiley & Sons, 2014.

E-resources:

1. <https://www.edx.org/course/big-data-fundamentals>
2. <https://hadoop.apache.org/>
3. <https://pig.apache.org/>
4. <https://hive.apache.org/>

IV Year I Semester	BLOCK CHAIN TECHNOLOGIES (OPEN ELECTIVE-III)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objective:

4. To provide conceptual understanding of the function of Blockchain as a method of securing distributed ledgers.
5. To understand the structure of a Blockchain and why/when it is better than a simple distributed database
6. To make students understand the technological underpinnings of Blockchain operations as distributed data structures and decision making systems.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, it is expected that student will be able to:

6. Define and explain the fundamentals of Blockchain.
7. Understand decentralization and the role of Blockchain in it.
8. Understand and analyze Bitcoin cryptocurrency and underlying Blockchain network.
9. Understand Ethereum currency and platform, and develop applications using Solidity.
10. Understand Hyper ledger project and its components; critically analyze the challenges and future opportunities in Block chain technology.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: History and basics, Types of Blockchain, Consensus, CAP Theorem.

Cryptographic Hash Functions: Properties of hash functions, Secure Hash Algorithm, Merkle trees, Patricia trees.

UNIT-II:

Decentralization: Decentralization using Blockchain, Methods of decentralization, decentralization framework, Blockchain and full ecosystem decentralization, Smart contracts, Decentralized Organizations, Platforms for decentralization.

UNIT-III:

Bitcoin: Introduction to Bitcoin, Digital keys and addresses, Transactions, Blockchain, The Bitcoin

network, Bitcoin payments, Bitcoin Clients and APIs, Alternatives to Proof of Work, Bitcoin limitations.

UNIT-IV:

Ethereum: Smart Contracts, Introduction to Ethereum, The Ethereum network, Components of the Ethereum ecosystem, Blocks and Blockchain, Fee schedule, Ethereum Development Environment, Solidity.

UNIT-V:

Hyperledger: Introduction, Hyperledger Projects, Protocol, Architecture, Hyperledger Fabric, Sawtooth Lake, Corda.

Challenges and Opportunities: Scalability, Privacy, Blockchain for IoT, Emerging trends

Text Book:

1. Mastering Block chain, Imran Bashir, Second Edition, Packt Publishing.

References:

1. Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies, Andreas Antonopoulos, O'Reilly.
2. Blockchain Blueprint for a New Economy, Melanie Swan, O'Reilly.
3. Mastering Bitcoin: Programming the Open Blockchain, Antonopoulos, Andreas M. O'Reilly.
4. Blockchain Technology: Cryptocurrency and Applications, S. Shukla, M. Dhawan, S. Sharma, S. Venkatesan, Oxford University Press.

IV Year I Semester	CYBER SECURITY (OPEN ELECTIVE-III)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objective:

1. To introduce keywords and jargons involved in securing browser
2. Understanding network basic and familiarize on security of network protocols
3. Awareness and understanding on cyber-attacks and data privacy

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course, the student will be able to

1. Understand the basics and need for information security
2. Identify, analyze, and evaluate infrastructure and network vulnerabilities.
3. Understand and analyze different access control and authentication methods.
4. Identify and assess current and anticipated security risks and vulnerabilities with vulnerability assessment and auditing methods.
5. Learn the fundamentals of cryptography and how cryptography serves as the central language of information security.

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Security: Challenges of Securing Information, Definition of Information Security, Attackers, Attacks and Defenses.

Systems Threats and Risks: Software-Based Attacks, Hardware-Based Attacks, Attacks on Virtualized Systems, Hardening the Operating System, Preventing Attacks that Target the Web Browser, Hardening Web Servers, Protecting Systems from Communications-Based Attacks, Applying Software Security Applications.

UNIT-II:

Network Vulnerabilities and Attacks: Network Vulnerabilities, Categories of Attacks, Methods of Network Attacks.

Network Defenses: Crafting a Secure Network, Applying Network Security Devices, Host and Network Intrusion Prevention Systems (HIPS/NIPS), Protocol Analyzers, Internet Content Filters, Integrated Network Security Hardware.

UNIT-III:

Access Control: Access Control Models and Practices, Logical Access Control Methods, Physical Access Control.

Authentication: Definition of Authentication, Authentication Credentials, Extended Authentication Protocols, Remote Authentication and Security.

UNIT-IV:

Vulnerability Assessment: Risk Management, Assessment, and Mitigation, Identifying Vulnerabilities.

Security Audit: Privilege Auditing, Usage Auditing, Monitoring Methodologies and Tools.

UNIT-V:

Cryptography: Introduction to Cryptography, Cryptographic Algorithms, Using Cryptography on Files and Disks, Digital Certificates, Public Key Infrastructure, Key Management.

Text Book:

1. Security+ Guide to Network Security Fundamentals, Third Edition, Mark Ciampa, Cengage Learning.

References:

1. Principles of Information Security, Michael E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord, Cengage Learning.
2. Information Security: The Complete Reference, Rhodes-Ousley, Mark, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill.
3. Information Security: Principles and Practices, Mark S. Merkow, Jim Breithaupt, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.

IV Year I Semester	DEVOPS (OPEN ELECTIVE-III)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the DevOps Concepts and DevOps Tools
2. DevOps improves collaboration and productivity by automating infrastructure and
3. Workflows and continuously measuring applications performance.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will be able to

1. Enumerate the principles of continuous development and deployment, automation of configuration management, inter-team collaboration, and IT service agility
2. Describe DevOps & DevSecOps methodologies and their key concepts
3. Illustrate the types of version control systems, continuous integration tools, continuous monitoring tools, and cloud models
4. Set up complete private infrastructure using version control systems and CI/CD tools
5. Know about DevOps maturity model.

UNIT- I:

Phases of Software Development life cycle. Values and principles of agile software development.

UNIT –II:

Fundamentals of DevOps: Architecture, Deployments, Orchestration, Need, Instance of applications, DevOps delivery pipeline, DevOps eco system.

UNIT –III:

DevOps adoption in projects: Technology aspects, Agiling capabilities, Tool stack implementation, People aspect, processes.

UNIT –IV:

CI/CD: Introduction to Continuous Integration, Continuous Delivery and Deployment, Benefits of CI/CD, Metrics to track CICDpractices

UNIT -V:

DevOps Maturity Model: Key factors of DevOps maturity model, stages of DevOps maturity model, DevOps maturity Assessment

Text Books:

1. The DevOps Handbook: How to Create World-Class Agility, Reliability, and Security in Technology Organizations is considered the DevOps bible. It is written by Gene Kim, Jez Humble, Patrick Debois, and John Willis.
2. Continuous Delivery: Reliable Software Releases Through Build, Test, and Deployment Automation, is by Jez Humble and David Farley
3. Effective DevOps: Building A Culture of Collaboration, Affinity, and Tooling at Scale by Jennifer Davis & Ryn Daniels.

References/Web Links:

1. <https://www.udacity.com/course/intro-to-devops--ud611> - Good online course with sample exercises.
2. <http://www.edureka.co/devops> - Online Training covering high level process and tools. (Needs Registration)
3. https://www.edx.org/course?search_query=devops – Has no. of courses from MS and Redhat.
4. <https://www.codementor.io/devops/tutorial> - Basic Tutorial on DevOps.
5. <https://mva.microsoft.com/training-topics/devops#!lang=1033> – Lists no. of courses related to DevOps and various tools, methods used.
6. <http://devops.com/> - A good blog, has lots of contents.
7. <https://dzone.com/devops-tutorials-tools-news> - Lots of links and tutorials

IV Year I Semester	QUANTUM COMPUTING (OPEN ELECTIVE-III)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the components of computing in a Quantum world
2. To gain knowledge on mathematical representation of quantum physics and operations.
3. To write computations in the real world (standard) in a Quantum computer and simulator.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course, the student is able to

1. Analyze the behavior of basic quantum algorithms
2. Implement simple quantum algorithms and information channels in the quantum circuit model
3. Simulate a simple quantum error-correcting code
4. Prove basic facts about quantum information channels
5. Know about Quantum Computing Models

UNIT –I:

Introduction: Quantum Measurements Density Matrices, Positive-Operator Valued Measure, Fragility of quantum information: Decoherence, Quantum Superposition and Entanglement, Quantum Gates and Circuits.

UNIT –II:

Quantum Basics and Principles: No cloning theorem & Quantum Teleportation, Bell's inequality and its implications, Quantum Algorithms & Circuits.

UNIT -III:

Algorithms: Deutsch and Deutsch–Jozsa algorithms, Grover's Search Algorithm, Quantum Fourier Transform, Shore's Factorization Algorithm.

UNIT –IV:

Performance, Security and Scalability: Quantum Error Correction: Fault tolerance; Quantum Cryptography, Implementing Quantum Computing: issues of fidelity; Scalability in quantum computing.

UNIT -V:

Quantum Computing Models: NMR Quantum Computing, Spintronics and QED MODEL, Linear Optical MODEL, Nonlinear Optical Approaches; Limits of all the discussed approaches, Future of Quantum computing.

Text Books:

1. Eric R. Johnston, Nic Harrigan, Mercedes and Gimeno-Segovia “Programming Quantum Computers: Essential Algorithms And Code Samples, SHROFF/O’Reilly.
2. Dr. Christine Corbett Moran, Mastering Quantum Computing with IBM QX: Explore the world of quantum computing using the Quantum Composer and Qiskit, Kindle Edition Packt

IV Year I Semester	FUNDAMENTALS OF OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES (OPEN ELECTIVE-IV)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. Introduction to optimization techniques using both linear and non-linear programming.
2. The focus of the course is on convex optimization though some techniques will be covered for non-convex function optimization too.
3. After an adequate introduction to linear algebra and probability theory, students will learn to frame engineering minima maxima problems in the framework of optimization problems.

Course Outcomes: At the end of this course, the student will be able to

1. Comprehend the techniques and applications of engineering optimization.
2. Analyze characteristics of a general linear programming problem
3. Apply basic concepts of mathematics to formulate an optimization problem
4. Analyze various methods of solving the unconstrained minimization problem
5. Analyze and appreciate variety of performance measures for various optimization problems.

UNIT-I

Introduction to optimization Introduction to Classical Methods & Linear Programming Problems Terminology, Design Variables, Constraints, Objective Function, Problem Formulation. Calculus method, Kuhn Tucker conditions, Method of Multipliers.

UNIT-II

Linear Programming Problem Linear Programming Problem, Simplex method, Two-phase method, Big-M method, duality, Integer linear Programming, Dynamic Programming, Sensitivity analysis.

UNIT-III

Single Variable Optimization Problems Optimality Criterion, Bracketing Methods, Region Elimination Methods, Interval Halving Method, Fibonacci Search Method, Golden Section Method. Gradient Based Methods: Newton-Raphson Method, Bisection Method, Secant Method, Cubic search method.

UNIT-IV

Multivariable and Constrained Optimization Techniques Multi Variable and Constrained Optimization

Technique, Optimality criteria , Direct search Method, Simplex search methods, Hooke-Jeeve's pattern search method, Powell's conjugate direction method, Gradient based method, Cauchy's Steepest descent method, Newton's method, Conjugate gradient method. Kuhn - Tucker conditions, Penalty Function, Concept of Lagrangian multiplier, Complex search method, Random search method.

UNIT-V

Intelligent Optimization Techniques Introduction to Intelligent Optimization, Genetic Algorithm: Types of reproduction operators, crossover & mutation, Simulated Annealing Algorithm, Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO), Genetic Programming (GP): Principles of genetic programming, terminal sets, functional sets, differences between GA & GP, random population generation, solving differential equations using GP.

Text books:

1. S. S. Rao, Engineering Optimisation: Theory and Practice , Wiley, 2008.
2. K. Deb, Optimization for Engineering design algorithms and Examples , Prentice Hall, 2 nd edition 2012.

References:

1. C.J. Ray, Optimum Design of Mechanical Elements , Wiley, 2007.
2. R. Saravanan, Manufacturing Optimization through Intelligent Techniques , Taylor & Francis Publications, 2006.
3. D. E. Goldberg, Genetic algorithms in Search, Optimization, and Machine Learning , Addison-Wesley Longman Publishing, 1989.

IV Year I Semester	COMPUTER FORENSICS AND LAW PROTECTION (OPEN ELECTIVE-IV)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To correctly define and cite appropriate instances for the application of computer forensics
Correctly collect and analyze computer forensic evidence
2. Identify the essential and up-to-date concepts, algorithms, protocols, tools, and methodology of Computer Forensics
3. Designing procedures at a suspected crime scene which helps you to ensure that the digital evidence obtained is not corrupted.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

1. Understand the concept of Cyber security, issues and challenges associated with it.
2. Understand the cybercrimes, their nature, legal remedies and reporting the crimes through available platforms and procedures.
3. Appreciate various privacy and security concerns on online social media and understand there porting procedure of inappropriate content, underlying legal aspects and best practices forthe use of social media platforms.
4. Understand the basic concepts related to E-Commerce and digital payments.
5. Familiar with various digital payment modes and related cyber security aspects, RBI guidelines and preventive measures against digital payment frauds.

UNIT-I

Introduction: Computer Forensics Fundamentals – Types of Computer Forensics Technology – Types of Computer Forensics Systems –Vendor and Computer Forensics Services.

UNIT-II

Computer forensics evidence and capture: Data Recovery – Evidence Collection and Data SeizurE-Duplication and Preservation of Digital EvidenceE-Computer Image Verification and Authentication.
Current Digital Forensics Tools: Evaluating Digital Forensics Tool Needs, Digital Forensics Software Tools, Command-Line Forensics Tools, Digital Forensics Hardware Tools, Validating and Testing Forensics Software.

UNIT–III

Computer forensic analysis: Discover of Electronic Evidence Identification of Data – Reconstructing Past Events – Fighting against Macro Threats – Information Warfare Arsenal – Tactics of the Military – Tactics of Terrorist and Rogues – Tactics of Private Companies.

E-mail and Social Media Investigations: Exploring the Role of E-mail in Investigations, Exploring the Roles of the Client and Server in E-mail, Investigating E-mail Crimes and Violations, Understanding E-mail Servers, Using Specialized E-mail Forensics Tools, Applying Digital Forensics Methods to Social Media Communications.

UNIT–IV

Information warfare: Arsenal – Surveillance Tools – Hackers and Theft of Components – Contemporary Computer Crime Identity Theft and Identity Fraud – Organized Crime & Terrorism – Avenues Prosecution and Government Efforts – Applying the First Amendment to Computer Related Crime The Fourth Amendment and other Legal Issues.

UNIT–V

Computer forensic cases: Developing Forensic Capabilities – Searching and Seizing Computer Related Evidence – Processing Evidence and Report Preparation – Future Issues.

Basics of Law and Technology, Introduction to Indian Laws, Scope and Jurisprudence, Digital Signatures, ECommerce-an Introduction, possible crime scenarios, law coverage, data interchange, mobile communication development, smart card and expert systems

Text Books:

1. John R. Vacca, “Computer Forensics: Computer Crime Scene Investigation”, Cengage Learning, 2nd Edition, 2005. (CHAPTERS 1 – 18).(UNIT I – IV)
2. Nelson, Phillips, Steuart, “Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations, 6e”, Cengage.
3. Marjie T Britz, “Computer Forensics and Cyber Crime: An Introduction”, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2008. (CHAPTERS 3 – 13). (UNIT IV – V)
4. Doctrine of IT Act of India, Government of India Publication (2000)

Reference Books:

1. MariE-Helen Maras, “Computer Forensics: Cybercriminals, Laws, and Evidence”, Jones & Bartlett Learning; 2nd Edition, 2014.
2. Eamon P.Doherty, “Digital Forensics for Handheld Devices”, CRC Press.

3. Chad Steel, “Windows Forensics”, Wiley, 1st Edition, 2006.
4. Majid Yar, “Cybercrime and Society”, SAGE Publications Ltd, Hardcover, 2nd Edition, 2013.
5. Robert M Slade, “Software Forensics: Collecting Evidence from the Scene of a Digital Crime”, Tata McGraw Hill, Paperback, 1st Edition, 2004.

IV Year I Semester	ETHICAL HACKING (OPEN ELECTIVE-IV)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. Learn aspects of security, importance of data gathering, foot printing and system hacking.
2. Learn tools and techniques to carry out a penetration testing.
3. Explain Intrusion Detection, Policy Creation, Social Engineering, DDoS Attacks, Buffer

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate an understanding of the importance of security and ethical hacking
2. Explain the significance of buffer overflow vulnerabilities
3. Describe the concepts of active and passive sniffing
4. Analyze SQL injection and related web application attacks
5. Explain core web application security defense mechanisms

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Understanding the importance of security, Concept of ethical hacking and essential Terminologies-Threat, Attack, Vulnerabilities, Target of Evaluation, Exploit. Phases involved in hacking, Foot printing, Scanning, System Hacking, Session Hijacking.

UNIT-II:

Buffer Overflows: Significance of Buffer Overflow Vulnerability, Why Programs/Applications are vulnerable. Reasons for Buffer Overflow Attacks. Methods of ensuring that buffer overflows are trapped.

UNIT-III:

Sniffers: Active and passive sniffing. ARP poisoning and countermeasures. Man in the middle attacks, Spoofing and Sniffing attacks. Sniffing countermeasures.

UNIT-IV:

SQL Injection: Attacking SQL Servers, Sniffing, Brute Forcing and finding Application Configuration Files, Input validation attacks. Preventive Measures. Web Application Threats, Web Application Hacking, Cross Site Scripting / XSS Flaws / Countermeasures Correct Web Application Set-up.

UNIT-V:

Web Application Security: Core Defence Mechanisms. Handling User Access, Authentication, Session Management, Access Control.

Web Application Technologies: HTTP Protocol, Requests, Responses and Methods. Encoding schemes. Server side functionality technologies (Java, ASP, PHP).

Text books:

1. Patrick Engebretson, The Basics of Hacking and Penetration Testing, Elsevier, 2013.
2. Network Security and Ethical Hacking, Rajat Khare, Luniver Press, 2006.

Reference books:

1. Network intrusion alert: an ethical hacking guide to intrusion detection, Ankit Fadia, Manu Zacharia, Thomson Course Technology PTR, 2007.
2. Ethical Hacking, Thomas Mathew, OSB Publisher, 2003.
3. Hacking Exposed: Network Security Secrets & Solutions, Stuart McClure, Joel Scambray and George Kurtz, McGraw-Hill, 2005.

IV Year I Semester	AUGMENTED REALITY & VIRTUAL REALITY (OPEN ELECTIVE-IV)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Objectives:

1. Provide a foundation to the fast growing field of AR and make the students aware of the various AR concepts.
2. To give historical and modern overviews and perspectives on virtual reality.
3. Describes the fundamentals of sensation, perception, technical and engineering aspects of virtual reality systems.

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:

Explain the principles of AR displays, visual perception, and tracking systems

1. Apply computer vision techniques for augmented reality
2. Explain the geometric, optical, and physiological principles
3. Analyze visual perception aspects such as depth, motion, and color, and apply visual rendering techniques
4. Analyze motion dynamics in real and virtual environments

UNIT - I

Introduction to Augmented Reality: Augmented Reality - Defining augmented reality, history of augmented reality, Examples, Related fields

Displays: Multimodal Displays, Visual Perception, Requirements and Characteristics, Spatial Display Model, Visual Displays

Tracking: Tracking, Calibration, and Registration, Coordinate Systems, Characteristics of Tracking Technology, Stationary Tracking Systems, Mobile Sensors

UNIT - II

Computer Vision for Augmented Reality: Marker Tracking, Multiple-Camera Infrared Tracking, Natural Feature Tracking by Detection, Outdoor Tracking.

Interaction: Output Modalities, Input Modalities, Tangible Interfaces, Virtual User Interfaces on Real Surfaces, Augmented Paper, Multi-view Interfaces, Haptic Interaction

Software Architectures: AR Application Requirements, Software Engineering Requirements, Distributed

Object Systems, Dataflow, Scene Graphs

UNIT - III

Introduction to Virtual Reality: Defining Virtual Reality, History of VR, Human Physiology and Perception

The Geometry of Virtual Worlds: Geometric Models, Axis-Angle Representations of Rotation, Viewing Transformations

Light and Optics: Basic Behavior of Light, Lenses, Optical Aberrations, The Human Eye, Cameras, Displays

UNIT - IV

The Physiology of Human Vision: From the Cornea to Photoreceptors, From Photoreceptors to the Visual Cortex, Eye Movements, Implications for VR

Visual Perception: Visual Perception - Perception of Depth, Perception of Motion, **Perception of Color**

Visual Rendering: Visual Rendering -Ray Tracing and Shading Models, Rasterization, Correcting Optical Distortions, Improving Latency and Frame Rates, Immersive Photos and Videos

UNIT - V

Motion in Real and Virtual Worlds: Velocities and Accelerations, The Vestibular System, Physics in the Virtual World, Mismatched Motion and Vection

Interaction: Motor Programs and Remapping, Locomotion, Social Interaction

Audio: The Physics of Sound, The Physiology of Human Hearing, Auditory Perception, Auditory Rendering

Text Books:

1. Augmented Reality: Principles & Practice by Schmalstieg / Hollerer, Pearson Education India;First edition (12 October 2016),ISBN-10: 9332578494
2. Virtual Reality, Steven M. LaValle, Cambridge University Press, 2016

Reference Books:

1. Allan Fowler-AR Game Developmentll, 1st Edition, A press Publications, 2018, ISBN 978-1484236178
2. Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design, William R Sherman and Alan B Craig, (The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Computer Graphics)". Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, San Francisco, CA, 2002

3. Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design, Alan B Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009
4. Designing for Mixed Reality, Kharis O'Connell Published by O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2016, ISBN:9781491962381
5. Sanni Siltanen- Theory and applications of marker-based augmented reality. Julkaisija – Utgivare Publisher. 2012. ISBN 978-951-38-7449-0
6. Gerard Jounghyun Kim, “Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach”, 2005

IV Year I Semester	BIOMETRICS (OPEN ELECTIVE-IV)	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

Course Objective:

1. To understand the technologies of fingerprint, iris, face and speech recognition
2. To understand the general principles of design of biometric systems and the underlying trade-offs.
3. To recognize personal privacy and security implications of biometrics based identification technology.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand basic concepts of biometric technology.
2. Analyze fingerprint technology
3. Analyze face recognition systems
4. Understand voice based biometric recognition
5. Understand Multi-biometric systems

UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION TO BIOMETRICS

Introduction and background – biometric technologies – passive biometrics – active biometrics - Biometrics Vs traditional techniques – Benefits of biometrics - Operation of a biometric system– Key biometric processes: verification, identification and biometric matching – Performance measures in biometric systems: FAR, FRR, FTE rate, FTA rate and rate- Need for strong authentication – Protecting privacy and biometrics and policy –Biometric applications.

UNIT-II: FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGY

Fingerprint Patterns, Fingerprint Features, Fingerprint Image, width between two ridges -Fingerprint Image Processing - Minutiae Determination - Fingerprint Matching: Fingerprint Classification, Matching policies.

UNIT-III: FACE RECOGNITION

Introduction, components, Facial Scan Technologies, Face Detection, Face Recognition, Representation and Classification, Kernel- based Methods and 3D Models, Learning the FaceSpare, Facial Scan Strengths

and Weaknesses, Methods for assessing progress in Face Recognition.

UNIT-IV: VOICE SCAN

Introduction, Components, Features and Models, Addition Method for managing Variability, Measuring Performance, Alternative Approaches, Voice Scan Strengths and Weaknesses, NIST Speaker Recognition Evaluation Program, Biometric System Integration.

UNIT-V: FUSION IN BIOMETRICS

Introduction to Multi biometric - Advantages of multimodal system, Information Fusion in Biometrics - Issues in Designing a Multi biometric System - Sources of Multiple Evidence -Levels of Fusion in Biometrics – Sensor level, Feature level, Rank level, Decision level fusion - Score level Fusion. Examples –gait based biometric systems.

Text Books:

1. James Wayman, Anil Jain, Davide Maltoni, Dario Maio, —Biometric Systems, Technology Design and Performance Evaluation, Springer.
2. David D. Zhang, —Automated Biometrics: Technologies and Systems, Kluwer Academic Publishers, New Delhi.
3. Arun A. Ross, Karthik Nandakumar, A.K.Jain, —Handbook of Multibiometrics, Springer, New Delhi.

References:

1. Paul Reid, —Biometrics for Network Security, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. Nalini K Ratha, Ruud Bolle, —Automatic fingerprint Recognition System, Springer.
3. L C Jain, I Hayashi, S B Lee, U Halici, —Intelligent Biometric Techniques in Fingerprint and Face Recognition, CRC Press, 1999.
4. John Chirillo, Scott Blaul, —Implementing Biometric Security, John Wiley, 2003.
5. S.Y. Kung, S.H. Lin, M.W.Mak, —Biometric Authentication: A Machine Learning Approach, Prentice Hall, 2005

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
DATA COMMUNICATION					

Course Objectives:

1. To have a detailed study of various analog and digital modulation and demodulation techniques
2. To have a thorough knowledge of various multiplexing schemes and Data communication protocols
3. To know about the standards and mechanisms of television systems.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course, the student will be able to

1. Have the knowledge of working of basic communication systems
2. Explore about the Transmission media
3. Know about Digital Transmission and Multiplexing
4. Know about Wireless Communication systems
5. Have in-depth knowledge about Telephone Instruments and Cellular Systems

UNIT- I:

INTRODUCTION TO DATA COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKING: Standards Organizations for Data Communications, Layered Network Architecture, Open Systems Interconnection, Data Communications Circuits, Serial and parallel Data Transmission, Data communications Networks, Alternate Protocol Suites.

SIGNALS, NOISE, MODULATION, AND DEMODULATION: Signal Analysis, Electrical Noise and Signal-to-Noise Ratio, Analog Modulation Systems, Information Capacity, Bits, Bit Rate, Baud, and M-ary Encoding, Digital Modulation.

UNIT-II:

METALLIC CABLE TRANSMISSION MEDIA: Metallic Transmission Lines, Transverse Electromagnetic Waves, Characteristics of Electromagnetic Waves

OPTICAL FIBER TRANSMISSION MEDIA: Advantages of Optical Fiber cables, Disadvantages of Optical Fiber Cables, Electromagnetic spectrum, Optical Fiber Communications System Block Diagram, Optical Fiber construction, Propagation of Light Through an Optical fiber Cable, Optical Fiber Modes and Classifications, Optical Fiber Comparison, Losses in Optical Fiber Cables, Light sources, Light Detectors, Lasers.

UNIT-III:

DIGITAL TRANSMISSION: Pulse Modulation, Pulse code Modulation, Dynamic Range, Signal Voltage to- Quantization Noise Voltage Ratio, Linear Versus Nonlinear PCM Codes, Companding, PCM Line Speed, Delta Modulation PCM and Differential PCM.

MULTIPLEXING AND T CARRIERS: Time- Division Multiplexing, T1 Digital Carrier System, Digital Line Encoding, T Carrier systems, Frequency- Division Multiplexing, Wavelength- Division Multiplexing, Synchronous Optical Network.

UNIT- IV:

WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS: Electromagnetic Polarization, Electromagnetic Radiation, Optical Properties of Radio Waves, Terrestrial Propagation of Electromagnetic Waves, Skip Distance, Free-Space Path Loss, Microwave Communications Systems, Satellite Communications Systems.

UNIT-V:

TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS AND SIGNALS: The Subscriber Loop, Standard Telephone Set, Basic Telephone Call Procedures, Call Progress Tones and Signals, Cordless Telephones, Caller ID, Electronic Telephones, Paging systems.

CELLULAR TELEPHONE SYSTEMS: First- Generation Analog Cellular Telephone, Personal Communications system, Second-Generation Cellular Telephone Systems, N-AMPS, Digital Cellular Telephone, Interim Standard, Global system for Mobile Communications.

Text Books

1. Introduction to Data Communications and Networking, Wayne Tomasi, Pearson Education.

Reference Books

1. Data Communications and Networking, Behrouz A Forouzan, Fourth Edition.TMH.
2. Data and Computer communications, 8/e, William Stallings, PHI.
3. Computer Communications and Networking Technologies, Gallow, Second Edition Thomson
4. Computer Networking and Internet, Fred Halsll, Lingana Gouda Kulkarni, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
INTERNETWORKING WITH TCP/IP					

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the fundamental concepts in Internetworking, Internet Addressing, IP, UDP, and TCP Protocols, Routing Architecture, Network Virtualization and Software Defined Networking
2. Analyze the benefits and challenges of SDN
3. **Describe the role and functionality of OpenFlow protocol**

Course outcomes:

By the end of this course, the student will be able to Understand

1. **Explain the fundamentals of computer networking**, including basic concepts, evolution, and the significance of internetworking in modern communication systems.
2. **Analyze the structure and purpose of Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)** and its role in error reporting and network diagnostics.
3. Compare and contrast different intra-domain routing protocols
4. **Describe the principles of label switching and MPLS (Multiprotocol Label Switching)**, and evaluate their roles in efficient packet forwarding and traffic engineering.
5. Explain the architecture and principles of Software Defined Networking (SDN)

UNIT – I:

Introduction and Overview, Overview of Underlying Network Technologies, Internetworking Concept and Architectural Model, Protocol Layering Internet Addressing, Mapping Internet Addresses To Physical Addresses (ARP), Internet Protocol: Connectionless Datagram Delivery (IPv4, Ipv6) CIDR Sub netting.

UNIT – II:

Internet Protocol: Forwarding IP Datagram's, Internet Protocol: Error and Control Messages (ICMP), User Datagram Protocol (UDP)

UNIT – III:

Reliable Stream Transport Service (TCP) Routing Architecture: Cores, Peers, and Algorithms, Routing Among Autonomous Systems (BGP), Routing Within An Autonomous System (RIP, RIPng, OSPF, IS-IS).

UNIT – IV:

Internet Multicasting , Label Switching, Flows, And MPLS, Packet Classification, Mobility And Mobile IP, Network Virtualization: VPNs, NATs, And Overlays Bootstrap And Auto configuration (DHCP, NDP, Ipv6-ND), Voice And Video Over IP (RTP, RSVP, QoS)

UNIT – V:

Software Defined Networking (SDN, OpenFlow)

Text Books:

1. Behrouz A Forouzan, “TCP/IP Protocol Suite”, TMH, 3rd Edition
2. B.A. Forouzan, “Data communication & Networking”, TMH, 4th Edition.

References:

1. Mahbub Hasan & Raj Jain, ” High performance TCP/IP Networking”, PHI -2005
2. Douglas. E.Comer, “Internetworking with TCP/IP “, Volume I PHI
3. Larry L. Perterson and Bruce S. Davie , “Computer Networks- A Systems Approach”, 2011, Morgan Kaufmann
4. Jochen Schiiler, “Mobile Communications”, Pearson, 2nd Edition.
5. Douglas E Comer, “Internetworking with TCP/IP Principles, Protocol, and Architecture” , Volume I, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013
6. William Stallings, “Data and Computer Communications”, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2011

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
NETWORK PROGRAMMING					

Course Objectives:

1. To understand to Linux utilities
2. To understand file handling, signals
3. To understand IPC, network programming in Java

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course, the student will be able to

1. Write socket API based programs
2. Design and implement client-server applications using TCP and UDP sockets
3. Analyze network programs
4. Design and implement client/server programs using a variety of protocols and platforms.
5. Implement specific network programming constructs on UNIX platforms to create robust real-world sockets-based applications.

UNIT – I:

Introduction to Network Programming: OSI model, UNIX standards, TCP and UDP & TCP connection establishment and Format, Buffer sizes and limitation, standard internet services, Protocol usage by common internet application.

Sockets: Address structures, value – result arguments, Byte ordering and manipulation function and related functions Elementary TCP sockets – Socket, connect, bind, listen, accept, fork and exec function, concurrent servers. Close function and related function.

UNIT – II:

TCP client server: Introduction, TCP Echo server functions, Normal startup, terminate and signal handling server process termination, Crashing and Rebooting of server host shutdown of server host.

Elementary UDP sockets: Introduction UDP Echo server function, lost datagram, summary of UDP example, Lack of flow control with UDP, determining outgoing interface with UDP.

I/O Multiplexing: I/O Models, select function, Batch input, shutdown function, poll function, TCP Echo server,

UNIT – III:

Socket options: getsockopt and setsockopt functions. Socket states, Generic socket option IPV6 socket option ICMPV6 socket option IPV6 socket option and TCP socket options.

Advanced I/O Functions-Introduction, Socket Timeouts, recv and send Functions, readv and writev Functions, recvmsg and sendmsg Functions, Ancillary Data, How Much Data Is Queued, Sockets and Standard I/O, T/TCP: TCP for Transactions.

UNIT – IV:

Elementary name and Address conversions: DNS, gethost by Name function, Resolver option, Function and IPV6 support, uname function, other networking information.

Daemon Processes and inetdSuperserver –Introduction, syslogd Daemon, syslog Function, daemon_init Function, inetd Daemon, daemon_inetd Function

Broadcasting-Introduction, Broadcast Addresses, Unicast versus Broadcast, dg_cli Function Using Broadcasting, Race Conditions

Multicasting-Introduction, Multicast Addresses, Multicasting versus Broadcasting on A LAN, Multicasting on a WAN, Multicast Socket Options, mcast_join and Related Functions, dg_cli Function Using Multicasting, Receiving MBone Session Announcements, Sending and Receiving, SNTP: Simple Network Time Protocol, SNTP (Continued)

UNIT-V:

Raw Sockets-Introduction, Raw Socket Creation, Raw Socket Output, Raw Socket Input, Ping Program, Traceroute Program, An ICMP Message Daemon, Datalink Access- Introduction, BPF: BSD Packet Filter, DLPI: Data Link Provider Interface, Linux: **SOCK_PACKET**, **libpcap**: Packet Capture Library, Examining the UDP Checksum Field. Remote Login: Terminal line disciplines, Pseudo-Terminals, Terminal modes, Control Terminals, rlogin Overview, RPC Transparency Issues.

Text Books:

1. UNIX Network Programming, by W. Richard Stevens, Bill Fenner, Andrew M. Rudoff, Pearson Education
2. UNIX Network Programming, 1st Edition, - W. Richard Stevens. PHI.

References:

1. UNIX Systems Programming using C++ T CHAN, PHI.
2. UNIX for Programmers and Users, 3rd Edition Graham GLASS, King abls, Pearson Education
3. Advanced UNIX Programming 2nd Edition M. J. ROCHKIND, Pearson Education

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
WIRELESS NETWORK TECHNOLOGIES					

Course Objectives:

1. Introduce the OSI Network Model **and explain the functions of each layer**
2. Explain the functionalities of the 802.11 MAC and PHY layers
3. Explain the mechanisms for supporting voice and Quality of Service (QoS) in WiMAX networks, and assess their performance in real-time communication.

Course Outcomes:

1. At the end of this course, students will be able to
2. Understand Cellular communication concepts
3. Study the mobile radio propagation
4. Study the wireless network different type of MAC protocols
5. Demonstrate wireless Local and Wide area networks and their specifications.

UNIT – I:**Wireless Network Architecture:**

The OSI Network Model, Network Layer Technologies, Data Link Layer Technologies, Physical Layer Technologies, Operating System Considerations

Wired Network Topologies – A Refresher, Wireless Network Topologies, Wireless LAN Devices, Wireless PAN Devices, Wireless MAN Devices.

UNIT – II:**Wireless Communication:**

Radio Communication Basics: The RF Spectrum, Spread Spectrum Transmission, Wireless Multiplexing and Multiple Access Techniques, Digital Modulation Technique, RF Signal Propagation and Reception, Ultra Wideband Radio, MIMO Radio, Near Field Communications

Infrared Communication Basics: The Ir Spectrum, Infrared Propagation and Reception

UNIT – III:**Wireless LAN Standards:**

The 802.11 WLAN Standards, the 802.11 MAC Layer, 802.11 PHY Layer, 802.11 Enhancements, Other WLAN Standards.

Implementing Wireless LANs: Evaluating Wireless LAN Requirements, Planning and Designing the Wireless LAN, Pilot Testing, Installation and Configuration, Operation and Support

UNIT – IV:

Wireless PAN Implementation:

Introduction, Bluetooth (IEEE 802.15.1), WirelessUSB, Contents vii ZigBee (IEEE 802.15.4) ,IRDA, Near Field Communications

Implementing Wireless PANs:

Wireless PAN Technology Choices,Pilot Testing ,Wireless PAN Security

UNIT – V:

Wireless MANs (WiMaX):

802.16 standards, Voice and QoS support

Trends: Overlay networks

The Future of Wireless Networking Technology:

Wireless Mesh Network Routing, Network Independent Roaming, Gigabit Wireless LANs, Cognitive Radio

Text Books:

1. Wireless Networking Technology: From Principles to Successful Implementation -Steve Rackley
2. Principles of Wireless Networks, K. Pahlavan and P. Krishnamurthy, Pearson Education, 2002.
3. Wireless Communication and Networks, W. Stallings, Pearson Education, 2002.
4. Mobile Communications, Jochen Schiller, Addison Wesley, 2003.

References:

1. Wireless Communications and Networking, Vijay Garg, Elsevier Publications, 2007.
2. Wireless Communications-Andrea Goldsmith, Cambridge University Press, 2005.
3. Ad Hoc Wireless Networks: Architectures and Protocols-C. Siva ram Murthy and B.S. Manoj, 2004, PHI.
4. Wireless Communications-Theodore. S. Rapport, Pearson Education, 2nd Edn., 2002.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
CYBER SECURITY ESSENTIALS					

Course Objective:

1. To introduce information security concepts to undergraduate engineering students, so they can defend their personal and organizational information from probable security attacks and incidents.
2. Classify and analyze various categories of network attacks
3. Describe and compare various cryptographic algorithms,

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course, the student will be able to

1. Understand the basics and need for information security
2. Identify, analyze, and evaluate infrastructure and network vulnerabilities.
3. Understand and analyze different access control and authentication methods.
4. Identify and assess current and anticipated security risks and vulnerabilities with vulnerability assessment and auditing methods.
5. Learn the fundamentals of cryptography and how cryptography serves as the central language of information security.

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Security: Challenges of Securing Information, Definition of Information Security, Attackers, Attacks and Defenses.

Systems Threats and Risks: Software-Based Attacks, Hardware-Based Attacks, Attacks on Virtualized Systems, Hardening the Operating System, Preventing Attacks that Target the Web Browser, Hardening Web Servers, Protecting Systems from Communications-Based Attacks, Applying Software Security Applications.

UNIT-II:

Network Vulnerabilities and Attacks: Network Vulnerabilities, Categories of Attacks, Methods of Network Attacks.

Network Defenses: Crafting a Secure Network, Applying Network Security Devices, Host and Network Intrusion Prevention Systems (HIPS/NIPS), Protocol Analyzers, Internet Content Filters, Integrated Network Security Hardware.

UNIT-III:

Access Control: Access Control Models and Practices, Logical Access Control Methods, Physical Access Control.

Authentication: Definition of Authentication, Authentication Credentials, Extended Authentication Protocols, Remote Authentication and Security.

UNIT-IV:

Vulnerability Assessment: Risk Management, Assessment, and Mitigation, Identifying Vulnerabilities.

Security Audit: Privilege Auditing, Usage Auditing, Monitoring Methodologies and Tools.

UNIT-V:

Cryptography: Introduction to Cryptography, Cryptographic Algorithms, Using Cryptography on Files and Disks, Digital Certificates, Public Key Infrastructure, Key Management.

Text Book:

1. Security+ Guide to Network Security Fundamentals, Third Edition, Mark Ciampa, Cengage Learning.

Reference Books:

1. Principles of Information Security, Michael E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord, Cengage Learning.
2. Information Security: The Complete Reference, Rhodes-Ousley, Mark, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill.
3. Information Security: Principles and Practices, Mark S. Merkow, Jim Breithaupt, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
SECURE CODING					

Course Objectives:

1. Understanding of the various security attacks and knowledge to recognize and remove common coding errors that lead to vulnerabilities.
2. Knowledge of outline of the techniques for developing a secure application.
3. Recognize opportunities to apply secure coding principles.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will be able to

1. List of secure systems and various security attacks
2. Demonstrate the development of process of software leads to secure coding practices
3. Apply Secure programs and various risk in the software's
4. Classify various errors that lead to vulnerabilities
5. Design Real time software and vulnerabilities

UNIT–I: Introduction-Need for secure systems, Proactive security development process, Security principles to live by and threat modeling.

UNIT–II: Secure Coding in C-Character strings- String manipulation errors, String Vulnerabilities and exploits Mitigation strategies for strings, Pointers, Mitigation strategies in pointer based vulnerabilities Buffer Overflow based vulnerabilities

UNIT–III: Secure Coding in C++ and Java-Dynamic memory management, Common errors in dynamic memory management, Memory managers, Double –free vulnerabilities, Integer security, Mitigation strategies

UNIT–IV: Database and Web Specific Input Issues-Quoting the Input, use of stored procedures, Building SQL statements securely, XSS related attacks and remedies

UNIT–V: Software Security Engineering-Requirements engineering for secure software: Misuse and abuse cases, SQUARE process model Software security practices and knowledge for architecture and design

Text Book:

1. Michael Howard, David LeBlanc, “Writing Secure Code”, Microsoft Press, 2nd Edition, 2003.

Reference Books:

1. Robert C. Seacord, “Secure Coding in C and C++”, Pearson Education, 2nd edition, 2013.
2. Julia H. Allen, Sean J. Barnum, Robert J. Ellison, Gary McGraw, Nancy R. Mead, “Software Security Engineering: A guide for Project Managers”, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2008.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT & PENETRATION TESTING					

Course Objectives:

1. To identify security vulnerabilities and weaknesses in the target applications.
2. To identify how security controls can be improved to prevent hackers gaining access to operating systems and networked environments.
3. To test and exploit systems using various tools.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course, the student will be able to

1. Explain Penetration testing phases
2. Illustrate information gathering methodologies
3. Apply System Hacking Techniques in real time applications
4. Explore advanced System hacking
5. Describe Bypassing WLAN Authentication

UNIT-I: Introduction-Penetration Testing phases/Testing Process, types and Techniques, Blue/Red Teaming, Strategies of Testing, Non-Disclosure Agreement Checklist, Phases of hacking, Open-source/proprietary Pentest Methodologies

UNIT -II - Information Gathering and Scanning-

Information gathering methodologies- Foot printing, Competitive Intelligence- DNS Enumerations- Social Engineering attacks, Port Scanning-Network Scanning- Vulnerability Scanning- NMAP scanning tool- OS Fingerprinting-Enumeration.

UNIT-III -System Hacking

Password cracking techniques- Key loggers- Escalating privileges- Hiding Files, Double Encoding, Steganography technologies and its Countermeasures. Active and passive sniffing- ARP Poisoning, MAC Flooding- SQL Injection - Error- based, Union-based, Time-based, Blind SQL, Out-of-band. Injection Prevention Techniques.

UNIT- IV – Advanced System Hacking:

Broken Authentication, Sensitive Data Exposure, XML External Entities, Broken Access Code, XSS -

Stored, Reflected, DOM Based

UNIT-V –Wireless Pen test:

Wi-Fi Authentication Modes, Bypassing WLAN Authentication, Types of Wireless Encryption, WLAN Encryption Flaws, AP Attack, Attacks on the WLAN Infrastructure, DoS-Layer1, Layer2, Layer 3, DDoS Attack, Client Misassociation, Wireless Hacking Methodology, Wireless Traffic Analysis

Text Books:

1. Kali Linux 2: Windows Penetration Testing, By Wolf Halton, Bo Weaver , June 2016 Packt Publishing

References:

1. Mastering Modern Web Penetration Testing By Prakhar Prasad, October 2016 Packt Publishing.
2. SQL Injection Attacks and Defense 1st Edition, by Justin Clarke-Salt, Syngress Publication

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
MALWARE ANALYSIS					

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the purpose of computer infection program.
2. To implement the covert channel and mechanisms.
3. To test and exploit various malware in open-source environment.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will be able to

1. Explain the characteristics of Malware and its effects on Computing systems.
2. Predict the given system scenario using the appropriate tools to Identify the vulnerabilities and to perform Malware analysis.
3. Analyze the given Portable Executable and Non-Portable Executable files using Static and dynamic analysis techniques.
4. Demonstrate the Malware functionalities.
5. How to apply anti-reverse engineering in different Applications

UNIT–I: Malware Basics- General Aspect of Computer infection program, Non Self Reproducing Malware, How does Virus Operate, Virus Nomenclature, Worm Nomenclature, Recent Malware Case Studies.

UNIT– II: Basic Analysis- Antivirus Scanning, x86 Disassembly, Hashing, Finding Strings, Packed Malware, PE File Format, Linked Libraries & Functions, PE Header File &Section.

UNIT–III: Advanced Static & Dynamic Analysis-IDA Pro, Recognizing C code constructs, Analyzing malicious windows program, Debugging, OllyDbg, Kernel Debugging with WinDbg, Malware Focused Network Signatures.

UNIT–IV: Malware Functionalities-Malware Behavior, Covert Malware Launch, Data Encoding, Shell code Analysis.

UNIT–V: Reverse Engineering Malware (REM): REM Methodology, Resources for Reverse-Engineering Malware (REM) Understanding Malware Threats, Malware indicators, Malware Classification, Examining Clam AV-Signatures.

Text books:

1. Michael Sikorski, Andrew Honig “Practical Malware Analysis: The Hands-On Guide to Dissecting Malicious Software” publisher Williampollock

Reference Books:

1. ErciFiliol, “Computer Viruses: from theory to applications”, Springer, 1st edition, 2005.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING					

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to

1. Comprehend the relation between human visual system and machine perception and processing of digital images.
2. Provide a detailed approach towards image processing applications like enhancement, Segmentation, and compression.
3. Explain edge linking and boundary detection techniques

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Apply the spatial and frequency domain image transforms
2. Apply image enhancement techniques.
3. Understand restoration of images
4. Understand segmentation of images.
5. Apply image compression techniques and evaluate the basic compression algorithms.

UNIT - I

Digital Image Fundamentals & Image Transforms: Digital Image Fundamentals, Sampling and Quantization, Relationship between Pixels.

Image Transforms: 2-D FFT, Properties, Walsh Transform, Hadamard Transform, Discrete Cosine Transform, Haar Transform, Slant Transform, Hotel ling Transform.

UNIT - II

Image Enhancement (Spatial Domain): Introduction, Image Enhancement in Spatial Domain, Enhancement through Point Processing, Types of Point Processing, Histogram Manipulation, Linear and Non – Linear Gray Level Transformation, Local or Neighborhood criterion, Median Filter, Spatial Domain High-Pass Filtering.

Image Enhancement (Frequency Domain): Filtering in Frequency Domain, Low Pass (Smoothing) and High Pass (Sharpening) Filters in Frequency Domain.

UNIT - III

Image Restoration: Degradation Model, Algebraic Approach to Restoration, Inverse Filtering, Least Mean Square Filters, Constrained Least Squares Restoration, Interactive Restoration.

UNIT – IV

Image Segmentation: Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Linking and Boundary Detection, thresholding, Region Oriented Segmentation.

Morphological Image Processing: Dilation and Erosion: Dilation, Structuring Element Decomposition, Erosion, Combining Dilation and Erosion, Opening and Closing, Hit or Miss Transformation.

UNIT - V

Image Compression: Redundancies and their Removal Methods, Fidelity Criteria, Image Compression Models, Huffman and Arithmetic Coding, Error Free Compression, Lossy Compression, Lossy and Lossless Predictive Coding, Transform Based Compression, JPEG 2000 Standards.

Text Books:

1. Digital Image Processing - Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, 3rd Edition, Pearson.
2. Digital Image Processing- S Jayaraman, S Esakkirajan, T Veerakumar- MC GRAW HILL EDUCATION.

References:

1. Digital Image Processing and Analysis-Human and Computer Vision Application with using CVIPTools - ScotteUmbaugh, 2nd Ed, CRC Press, 2011
2. Digital Image Processing using MATLAB – Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E Woods and Steven L.Eddings, 2nd Edition, MC GRAW HILL EDUCATION, 2010.
3. Digital Image Processing and Computer Vision – Somka, Hlavac, Boyle- Cengage Learning (Indianedition) 2008.
4. Introductory Computer Vision Imaging Techniques and Solutions- Adrian low, 2008, 2nd Edition.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
BIO METRICS					

Course Objective:

1. To understand the technologies of fingerprint, iris, face and speech recognition
2. To understand the general principles of design of biometric systems and the underlying trade-offs.
3. To recognize personal privacy and security implications of biometrics based identification of technology.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand basic concepts of biometric technology.
2. Analyze fingerprint technology
3. Analyze face recognition systems
4. Understand voice based biometric recognition
5. Understand Multi-biometric systems

UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION TO BIOMETRICS

Introduction and background – biometric technologies – passive biometrics – active biometrics - Biometrics Vs traditional techniques – Benefits of biometrics - Operation of a biometric system– Key biometric processes: verification, identification and biometric matching – Performance measures in biometric systems: FAR, FRR, FTE rate, FTA rate and rate- Need for strong authentication – Protecting privacy and biometrics and policy –Biometric applications.

UNIT-II: FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGY

Fingerprint Patterns, Fingerprint Features, Fingerprint Image, width between two ridges -Fingerprint Image Processing - Minutiae Determination - Fingerprint Matching: Fingerprint Classification, Matching policies.

UNIT-III: FACE RECOGNITION

Introduction, components, Facial Scan Technologies, Face Detection, Face Recognition, Representation and Classification, Kernel- based Methods and 3D Models, Learning the Face Spare, Facial Scan

Strengths and Weaknesses, Methods for assessing progress in Face Recognition.

UNIT-IV: VOICE SCAN

Introduction, Components, Features and Models, Addition Method for managing Variability, Measuring Performance, Alternative Approaches, Voice Scan Strengths and Weaknesses, NIST Speaker Recognition Evaluation Program, Biometric System Integration.

UNIT-V: FUSION IN BIOMETRICS

Introduction to Multibiometric - Advantages of multimodal system, Information Fusion in Biometrics - Issues in Designing a Multibiometric System - Sources of Multiple Evidence - Levels of Fusion in Biometrics – Sensor level, Feature level, Rank level, Decision level fusion - Score level Fusion. Examples – gait based biometric systems.

Text Books:

1. James Wayman, Anil Jain, Davide Maltoni, Dario Maio, —Biometric Systems, Technology Design and Performance Evaluation, Springer.
2. David D. Zhang, —Automated Biometrics: Technologies and Systems, Kluwer Academic Publishers, New Delhi.
3. Arun A. Ross, Karthik Nandakumar, A.K. Jain, —Handbook of Multibiometrics, Springer, New Delhi.

References:

1. Paul Reid, —Biometrics for Network Security, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. Nalini K Ratha, Ruud Bolle, —Automatic fingerprint Recognition System, Springer.
3. L C Jain, I Hayashi, S B Lee, U Halici, —Intelligent Biometric Techniques in Fingerprint and Face Recognition, CRC Press, 1999.
4. John Chirillo, Scott Blaul, —Implementing Biometric Security, John Wiley, 2003.
5. S.Y. Kung, S.H. Lin, M.W. Mak, —Biometric Authentication: A Machine Learning Approach, Prentice Hall, 2005

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
SPEECH PROCESSING					

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is to

1. The aim of the course is to make the students to understand the basic characteristics of the speech
2. Signal about the production and perception of speech by humans.
3. To describe the basic techniques and practical aspects of speech analysis.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand and describe the mechanisms of speech production.
2. Determine the speech sounds from the acoustic characteristics.
3. Analyze the speech signal in time and frequency domains
4. Analyze the speech signal in terms of the parameters of a source-filter model.
5. Design a simple speaker recognition system.

UNIT - I

Fundamentals of Digital Speech Processing: Anatomy & Physiology of Speech Organs, The process of Speech Production, Acoustic Phonetics, Articulatory Phonetics, The Acoustic Theory of Speech Production- Uniform Lossless Tube Model, Effect of Losses In Vocal Tract, Effect of Radiation at Lips, Digital Models for Speech Signals.

UNIT - II

Time Domain Models for Speech Processing: Introduction, Window Considerations, Short-Time-Energy and Average Magnitude Short Time Average Zero Crossing Rate, Speech Vs Silence Discrimination Using Energy and Zero Crossing, Pitch Period Estimation using a Parallel Processing Approach, The Short Time Autocorrelation Function, The Short Time Average Magnitude Difference Function, Pitch Period Estimation using The Autocorrelation Function.

UNIT - III

Linear Predictive Coding (LPC) Analysis: Basic Principles of Linear Predictive Analysis, The Autocorrelation Method, The Covariance Method, Solution of LPC Equations: Cholesky Decomposition Solution for Covariance Method, Durbin's Recursive Solution For the Autocorrelation Equations,

Comparison between the Methods of Solution of the LPC Analysis Equations, Applications of LPC Parameters: Pitch Detection Using LPC Parameters, Formant Analysis Using LPC Parameters.

UNIT - IV

Automatic Speech & Speaker Recognition: Basic Pattern Recognition Approaches, Parametric Representation of Speech, Evaluating the Similarity of Speech Patterns, Isolated Digit Recognition System, Continuous Digit Recognition System Hidden Markov Model (HMM) For Speech: Hidden Markov Model (HMM) for Speech Recognition, Viterbi algorithm, Training and Testing using HMMS.

UNIT - V

Speaker Recognition: Recognition techniques, Features That Distinguish Speaker, Speaker Recognition Systems: Speaker Verification System, Speaker Identification System. Overview of speech Enhancement, speech synthesis.

Textbooks:

1. Digital Processing of Speech Signals: L.R Rabinar and R W Jhaung, Pearson Education.
2. Digital Processing of Speech Signals: L.R. Rabiner and S. W. Schafer, Pearson Education.
3. Speech Communications: Human & Machine - Douglas O'Shaughnessy, 2nd Ed., WileyIndia.

References:

1. Discrete Time Speech Signal Processing: Principles and Practice, Thomas F. Quateri, 1st Edition, Pearson Education.
2. Speech & Audio Signal Processing: Ben Gold & Nelson Morgan, 1st Edition, Wiley.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
ADVANCED COMPUTER VISION					

Course Objectives:

1. Able to apply the core theories and algorithms of computer vision and video processing
2. Understand the state-of-the-art of computer vision and image/video processing,
3. Apply the applications such as vision-based modeling and interaction.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Identify basic concepts, terminology, theories, models and methods in the field of computer vision.
2. Able to know principles of human visual system.
3. Understanding the advanced methods of computer vision related to GAN, RNN, Deep Dream implementation, LeNet and MNIST etc...
4. Apply a design of a computer vision system for a specific problem.
5. Apply applications of RNN in real time applications.

UNIT – I:**Introduction to Deep Learning, Tensor flow and Keras:**

What is Deep learning? Why Deep learning, Advantages, and limitations of Deep learning. Tensor flow basics, how to build Deep learning models with Keras and Tensor flow as back end. Tensor board for visualizations.

UNIT - II:**CNN for Vision Tasks:**

Introduction to CNN, Deep Convolutional networks, LeNet, VGG16Net, and Classification of MNIST hand written digits by CNN and FCNN models.

UNIT - III: Generative Adversal Networks(GAN's):

What is GAN?, DGAN, Some interesting GAN structures, SRGAN, Cycle GAN, info GAN. MNIST using GAN in Tensor flow.

UNIT - IV: Recurrent Neural Networks:

The basic RNN, RNN Cell, RNN variants, RNN topologies, Example applications of RNN. Image

captioning and Annotation.

UNIT - V: Deep Dream and Neural Style Transfer:

How the Deep dream algorithm works, Deepdream implementation in keras and tensor flow. Neural Style Transfer: Content loss, Style loss, Total varianlosses, network training.

Text Books:

1. Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systemsby AurélienGéron,Orielly.
2. Deep Learning with Python 1st Edition by François Chollet,MannigPublicatons.
3. Mastering Computer Vision with TensorFlow 2.x: Build advanced computer vision applications using machine learning and deep learning techniquesby Krishnendu Kar ,Packt Publications.
4. Deep Learning with TensorFlow 2 and Keras: Regression, ConvNets, GANs, RNNs,NLP, and more with TensorFlow 2 and the Keras API, 2nd Edition

References:

1. Richard Szeliksy “Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications” (<http://szeliski.org/Book/>)
2. Haralick& Shapiro, “Computer and Robot Vision”, Vol II
3. G_erardMedioni and Sing Bing Kang “Emerging topics in computer vision”
4. Emanuele Trucco and AlessandroVerri “Introductory Techniques for 3-D Computer Vision”, Prentice Hall, 1998.
5. Olivier Faugeras, “Three-Dimensional Computer Vision”, The MIT Press, 1993

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4
MATHEMATICAL ESSENTIAL FOR DATA SCIENCE					

Course Objectives:

1. Recall the basics of sets, natural numbers, integers, rational numbers, and real numbers.
2. Learn to use the coordinate system, and plot straight lines.
3. Identify the properties and differences between linear, quadratic, polynomial, exponential, and logarithmic functions.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate understanding of basic mathematical concepts in data science, relating to linear algebra, probability, and calculus.
2. Employ methods related to these concepts in a variety of data science applications.
3. Apply logical thinking to problem-solving in context.
4. Use appropriate technology to aid problem-solving and data analysis.
5. Demonstrate skills in writing mathematics.

UNIT – 1:

Set Theory - Number system, Sets and their operations

Relations and functions - Relations and their types, Functions and their types, Rectangular coordinate system

UNIT – 2:

Straight Lines- Slope of a line, Parallel and perpendicular lines, Representations of a Line, General equations of a line, Straight-line fit

Quadratic Functions - Quadratic functions, Minima, maxima, vertex, and slope, Quadratic Equations

UNIT – 3:

Algebra of Polynomials - Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division, Algorithms

UNIT – 4:

Graphs of Polynomials - X-intercepts, multiplicities, end behavior, and turning points, Graphing &

polynomial creation

Functions - Horizontal and vertical line tests, Exponential functions, Composite functions, Inverse functions

Logarithmic Functions - Properties, Graphs, Exponential equations, Logarithmic equations

UNIT – 5:

Graph Theory - Representation of graphs, Breadth-first search, Depth-first search, Applications of BFS and DFS

Directed Acyclic Graphs - Complexity of BFS and DFS, Topological sorting and longest path, Transitive closure, Matrix multiplication

Graph theory Algorithms - Single source shortest paths, Dijkstra's algorithm, Bellman-Ford algorithm, All-pairs shortest paths, Floyd–Warshall algorithm, Minimum cost spanning trees, Prim's algorithm, Kruskal's algorithm

Text Book:

1. Introductory Algebra: a real-world approach (4th Edition) - by Ignacio Bello

References:

1. Mathematical Foundations Of Data Science Using R by Emmert-Streib Frank.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE					

Course Objectives:

1. The course teaches critical concepts and skills in computer programming and statistical inference, in conjunction with hands-on analysis of real-world datasets, including economic data, document collections, geographical data, and social networks.
2. It delves into social issues surrounding data analysis such as privacy and design.
3. Explain out-of-sample evaluation metrics

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Apply dimensionality reduction tools such as principle component analysis
2. Evaluate outcomes and make decisions based on data
3. Understand how to Use exploratory tools such as clustering and visualization tools to analyze data.
4. Apply dimensionality reduction tools such as principle component analysis
5. Able to know how to perform basic analysis of network data.

UNIT – I: INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Data Science – Evolution of Data Science – Data Science Roles – Stages in a Data Science Project – Applications of Data Science in various fields – Data Security Issues.

UNIT – II: DATA COLLECTION AND DATA PRE-PROCESSING

Data Collection Strategies – Data Pre-Processing Overview – Data Cleaning – Data Integration and Transformation – Data Reduction – Data Discretization.

UNIT – III: EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYTICS

Descriptive Statistics – Mean Standard Deviation, Skewness and Kurtosis – Box Plots – Pivot Table – Heat Map Correlation Statistics – ANOVA.

UNIT – IV: MODEL DEVELOPMENT

Simple and Multiple Regression – Model Evaluation using Visualization – Residual Plot –Distribution Plot – Polynomial Regression and Pipelines – Measures for In-sample Evaluation – Prediction and

Decision Making.

UNIT – V: MODEL EVALUATION

Generalization Error – Out-of-Sample Evaluation Metrics – Cross Validation – Over fitting –Under Fitting and Model Selection – Prediction by using Ridge Regression – Testing Multiple Parameters by using Grid Search.

Text Books:

1. Data Science for Beginners, by Andrew Park
2. The Art of Data Science — A Guide for Anyone Who Works With Data, by Roger D. Peng and Elizabeth Matsui.

References:

1. JojoMoolayil, “Smarter Decisions : The Intersection of IoT and Data Science”,PACKT, 2016.
2. Cathy O’Neil and Rachel Schutt , “Doing Data Science”, O'Reilly, 2015.
3. David Dietrich, Barry Heller, Beibei Yang, “Data Science and Big data Analytics”,EMC 2013
4. Raj, Pethuru, “Handbook of Research on Cloud Infrastructures for Big DataAnalytics”, IGI Global.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
DATA ANALYTICS AND VISUALIZATION					

Course Objectives:

1. To demonstrate expert knowledge of data analysis, statistics, tools, techniques and technologies of data analytics and Visualization.
2. To enable learners to develop knowledge and skills in current and emerging areas of data analytics and Visualization.
3. To formulate and implement a novel research idea and conduct research in the field of data analytics and Visualization.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course, student will be able to:

1. Present data with visual representations for your target audience, task, and data;
2. Identify appropriate data visualization techniques given particular requirements imposed by the data;
3. Display types, Geospatial displays, Interactivity
4. Data Definitions and Analysis Techniques
5. Implement the analytic algorithms and Basic analysis techniques

UNIT -1: INTRODUCTION AND TABLEAU PRIMER:

Introduction to data visualization Data for data graphics Tableau introduction

UNIT-2: DESIGN PRINCIPLES

Design principles Categorical, time series, and statistical data graphics

UNIT-3: Display types, Geo spatial displays, Interactivity

Storytelling Multivariate displays, Geospatial displays, Dashboards, interactive and animated displays

UNIT-4: Data Definitions and Analysis Techniques:

Elements, Variables, and Data categorization, Levels of Measurement, Data management and indexing, Introduction to statistical learning.

Descriptive Statistics:

Measures of central tendency, Measures of location of dispersions.

UNIT-5: Basic analysis techniques

Statistical hypothesis generation and testing, Chi-Square test, t-Test, Analysis of variance, Correlation analysis, Maximum likelihood test.

Text Books:

1. Sosulski, K. (2018). Data Visualization Made Simple: Insights into Becoming Visual. New York: Routledge.
2. Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists (9th Edn.), Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers and Keying Ye, Prentice Hall Inc.
3. The Elements of Statistical Learning, Data Mining, Inference, and Prediction (2nd Edn.), Trevor Hastie Robert Tibshirani Jerome Friedman, Springer, 2014

References:

1. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, G James, D. Witten, T Hastie, and R. Tibshirani, Springer, 2013
2. Software for Data Analysis: Programming with R (Statistics and Computing), John M. Chambers, Springer
3. Mining Massive Data Sets, A. Rajaraman and J. Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2012
4. Advances in Complex Data Modeling and Computational Methods in Statistics, Anna Maria Paganoni and Piercesare Secchi, Springer, 2013

Optional readings:

1. Few, S. (2012). Show me the numbers: Designing tables and graphs to enlighten. Burlingame, CA: Analytics Press.
2. Few, S. (2006). Information dashboard design: The effective visual communication of data. Sebastopol: O'Reilly.
3. Ware, C & Kaufman, M. (2008). Visual thinking for design. Burlington: Morgan Kaufmann Publishers.
4. Wong, D. (2011). The Wall Street Journal guide to information graphics: The dos and don'ts of presenting data, facts and figures. New York: W.W. Norton & Company.
5. Yau, N. (2011). Visualize This: The FlowingData Guide to Design, Visualization, and Statistics. Indianapolis: O'Reilly.
6. Yau, N. (2013). Data Points: Visualization that means something. Indianapolis: O'Reilly.

	Honor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
PYTHON FOR DATA SCIENCE					

Course Objectives:

1. The course aims at equipping participants to be able to use python programming for solving data science problems
2. Develop proficiency in using Pandas DataFrames
3. Analyze and interpret results from classification case studies

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand how to work in Jupiter Notebook.
2. Know how to import data in Python.
3. Ability to learn pandas library, the main methods for Data Frames.
4. Able to apply the Basic Data types, Operators, how to clean and merge datasets.
5. Apply Classification and Regression case studies in real time environment.

UNIT-I

Introduction to Python for Data Science, Introduction to Python, Introduction to Spyder - Part 1, Introduction to Spyder - Part 2, Variables and Datatypes, Operators,

UNIT-II

Jupyter setup, Sequence_data_part_1, Sequence_data_part_2, Sequence_data_part_3, Numpy

UNIT-III

Reading Data, Pandas Data frames I, Pandas Data frames II, Pandas Dataframes III, Control Structures and Functions, Exploratory Data Analysis, Data visualization Part-I, Data visualization Part-II, Dealing with Missing Data

UNIT-IV

Introduction to Classification. Case Study on Classification Part I, Case Study on Classification Part II

UNIT-V

Introduction to Regression. Case Study on Regression Part I, Case Study on Regression Part II

Text Books:

1. Python Data Science Handbook: Essential Tools for Working with Data-Oreilly Publication-author by Jake Vander Plus.
2. Python for Data Science For Dummies authors by Luca Massaron John Paul Mueller.

References:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106212/>

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
DATA STRUCTURES					

Course Objectives:

1. To teach efficient storage mechanisms of data for an easy access.
2. To design and implementation of various basic and advanced data structures.
3. To introduce various techniques for representation of the data in the real world.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. **Analyze time and space complexity** to evaluate the efficiency of algorithms and data structure operations
2. **Implement stacks using both array-based and linked list-based representations**
3. **Explain the basic operations and characteristics of queues**, including their role in managing data flow.
4. Compare and evaluate the performance of different sorting and searching methods
5. **Perform and implement binary tree traversals**, including in-order, pre-order, and post-order

UNIT-I

Time and space complexity, Data Structures – Introduction to Data Structures, abstract data types, Linear list – singly linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations on linear list, circular linked list implementation, Double linked list implementation, insertion, deletion and searching operations, Applications of linked lists.

UNIT –II

Stacks-Operations, array and linked representations of stacks, stack applications -infix to postfix conversion, postfix expression evaluation, recursion implementation.

UNIT-III

Queues-operations, array, and linked representations. Circular Queue operations, Dequeues, applications of queues.

UNIT-IV

Searching and Sorting – Sorting- selection sort, bubble sort, insertion sort, quick sort, merge sort, shell sort, radix sort, Searching-linear and binary search methods, comparison of sorting and searching methods.

UNIT-V

Trees – Definitions, tree representation, properties of trees, Binary tree, Binary tree representation, binary tree properties, binary tree traversals, binary tree implementation, applications of trees.

Lab Experiments:

1. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list:
i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal
2. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on Doubly linked list:
i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal
3. Write a program that uses functions to perform the following operations on circular linked list:
i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal
4. Write a program that implement stack (its operations) using
i) Arrays ii) Linked lists
5. Write a program that implement Queue (its operations) using
i) Arrays ii) Linked lists
6. Write a program to implement the tree traversal methods.
7. Write a program to perform the following operations:
 - i. Insert an element into a binary search tree.
 - ii. Delete an element from a binary search tree.
 - iii. Search for a key element in a binary search tree.
8. Write a program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order i) Bubble sort ii) Selection sort iii) Insertion sort
9. Write a program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order i) merge sort ii) Quick sort.
10. Write a program that uses both recursive and non-recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers: i) Linear search ii) Binary search.

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Data structures in C, 2nd Edition, E.Horowitz, S.Sahni and Susan Anderson-

Freed, Universities Press.

2. Data structures A Programming Approach with C, D.S.Kushwaha and A.K.Misra, PHI.

References:

1. Data structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C, 2nd edition,
2. R.F.Gilberg and B.A.Forouzan, CengageLearning.
3. Data structures and Algorithm Analysis in C, 2nd edition, M.A.Weiss, Pearson.
4. Data Structures using C, A.M.Tanenbaum, Y. Langsam, M.J.Augenstein, Pearson.
5. Data structures and Program Design in C, 2nd edition, R.Kruse, C.L.Tondo and B.Leung, Pearson

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS					

Course Objectives:

1. To learn the principles of systematically designing and using large scale Database Management Systems for various applications.
2. **Explain the significance of null values and relational constraints,**
3. Explain various constraints and data abstraction mechanisms

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Describe a relational database and object -oriented database.
2. Create, maintain, and manipulate a relational database using SQL
3. Describe ER model and normalization for database design.
4. Examine issues in data storage and query processing and can formulate appropriate solutions.
5. Understand the role and issues in management of data such as efficiency, privacy, security, ethical responsibility, and strategic advantage and Design and build database system for a given real world problem

UNIT -I: INTRODUCTION -Database system, Characteristics (Database Vs File System), Database Users (Actors on Scene, Workers behind the scene), Advantages of Data base systems, Database applications. Brief introduction of different Data Models; Concepts of Schema, Instance and data independence; Three tier schema architecture for data independence; Database system structure, environment, Centralized and Client Server architecture for the database.

UNIT -II: RELATIONAL MODEL: Introduction to relational model, concepts of domain, attribute, tuple, relation, importance of null values, constraints (Domain, Key constraints, integrity constraints) and their importance **BASIC SQL:** Simple Database schema, data types, table definitions (create, alter), different DML operations (insert, delete, update), basic SQL querying (select and project) using where clause, arithmetic & logical operations, SQL functions (Date and Time, Numeric, String conversion).

UNIT -III: ENTITY RELATIONSHIP MODEL: Introduction, Representation of entities, attributes, entity set, relationship, relationship set, constraints, sub classes, super class, inheritance, specialization, generalization using ER Diagrams. **SQL:** Creating tables with relationship,

implementation of key and integrity constraints, nested queries, sub queries, grouping, aggregation, ordering, implementation of different types of joins, view(updatable and non -updatable), relational set operations.

UNIT -IV: SCHEMA REFINEMENT (NORMALIZATION): Purpose of Normalization or schema refinement, concept of functional dependency, normal forms based on functional dependency(1NF, 2NF and 3 NF), concept of surrogate key, Boyce -codd normal form(BCNF), Lossless join and dependency preserving decomposition, Fourth normal form(4NF).

UNIT V: TRANSACTION CONCEPT: Transaction State, Implementation of atomicity and durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for Serializability, Failure Classification, Storage, Recovery and Atomicity, Recovery algorithm.

B+ Trees: Search, Insert, Delete algorithms, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indexes, Index data Structures, Hash Based Indexing: Tree base Indexing, Comparison of File Organizations, Indexes and Performance Tuning

Lab Experiments:

1. Creation, altering and dropping of tables and inserting rows into a table (use constraints while creating tables) examples using SELECT command.
2. Queries (along with sub Queries) using ANY, ALL, IN, EXISTS, NOTEXISTS, UNION, INTERSET, Constraints. Example:- Select the roll number and name of the student who secured fourth rank in the class.
3. Queries using Aggregate functions (COUNT, SUM, AVG, MAX and MIN), GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.
4. Queries using Conversion functions (to_char, to_number and to_date), string functions (Concatenation, lpad, rpad, ltrim, rtrim, lower, upper, initcap, length, substr and instr), date functions (Sysdate, next_day, add_months, last_day, months_between, least, greatest, trunc, round, to_char, to_date)
5. Queries to Build Report in SQL*PLUS.
6. Create a simple PL/SQL program which includes declaration section, executable section and exception –Handling section (Ex. Student marks can be selected from the table and printed for those who secured first class and an exception can be raised if no records were found)
7. Develop a PL/SQL program that includes the features NESTED IF, CASE and CASE expression.

8. Create a simple PL/SQL Program using WHILE LOOPS, numeric FOR LOOPS, nested loops using ERROR Handling, BUILT –IN Exceptions, USE defined Exceptions, RAISE- APPLICATION ERROR.
9. Create a simple PL/SQL Programs using creation of procedures, passing parameters IN and OUT of PROCEDURES.
10. Create a simple PL/SQL Program using creation of stored functions, invoke functions in SQL Statements and write complex functions.
11. Develop PL/SQL programs using CURSOR, FOR UPDATE CURSOR, WHERE CURRENT of clause and CURSOR variables.

Text Books:

1. Data base Management Systems, 3/ e, Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, TMH
2. Data base System Concepts, 5/ e, Silberschatz, Korth, TMH
3. Introduction to Database Systems, 8/ e C J Date, PEA.

References:

1. Database Management System, 6/ e RamezElmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, PEA
2. Database Principles Fundamentals of Design Implementation and Management, Corlos Coronel, Steven Morris, Peter Robb, Cengage Learning.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
OPERATING SYSTEMS					

Course Objectives:

1. Provide knowledge about the services rendered by operating systems.
2. Present detail discussion on processes, threads and scheduling algorithms.
3. Expose the student with different techniques of process synchronization and handling deadlocks.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the importance of operating systems and different types of system calls.
2. Analyze the communication between processes and various process scheduling algorithms.
3. Understand the process synchronization, different ways for deadlocks handling.
4. Analyze various memory mapping techniques and different page replacement methods.
5. Evaluate various file allocation and disk scheduling algorithms.

UNIT-I: Operating Systems Overview:

Introduction: what is an operating system, Types of operating systems, operating systems concepts, operating systems services, Introduction to System call, System call types, Operating System Generation.

UNIT-II: Process Management:

Process concept: Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Operations on Processes, Inter process Communication.

Multithreaded Programming: Overview, Multithreading models, Threading Issues. Process scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms.

UNIT-III: Synchronization:

Process Synchronization: The Critical-Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware, Semaphores, Classic Problems of Synchronization, Monitors, Synchronization examples.

Principles of deadlock – System Model, Deadlock Characterization, Deadlock Prevention, Detection and Avoidance, Recovery from Deadlock.

UNIT-IV: Memory Management:

Memory Management strategies: Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Segmentation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table.

Virtual Memory Management: Virtual Memory, Demand Paging, Page-Replacement Algorithms, Thrashing.

UNIT-V: File system Interface-

The concept of a file, Access Methods, Directory and Disk structure, File system mounting. File System implementation: File system structure, allocation methods, free-space management. Mass-storage structure: Overview of Mass-storage structure, Disk scheduling, Device drivers.

Text Books:

1. Silberschatz A, Galvin P B, and Gagne G, Operating System Concepts, 9th edition, Wiley, 2013.
2. Tanenbaum A S, Modern Operating Systems, 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
(for Interprocess Communication and File systems).

References:

1. Tanenbaum A S, Woodhull A S, Operating Systems Design and Implementation, 3rd edition, PHI, 2006.
2. Dhamdhare D M, Operating Systems A Concept Based Approach, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2012.
3. Stallings W, Operating Systems -Internals and Design Principles, 6th edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
4. Nutt G, Operating Systems, 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COMPUTER NETWORKS					

Course Objectives:

1. To introduce the fundamental various types of computer networks.
2. To understand state-of-the-art in network protocols, architectures, and applications.
3. To explore the various layers of OSI Model.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand OSI and TCP/IP reference models with an emphasis to Physical Layer, Data Link Layer and Network Layer.
2. Analyze the issues related to data link, medium access and transport layers by using channel allocation and connection management schemes.
3. Solve problems related to Flow control, Error control, Congestion control and Network Routing.
4. Design and compute subnet masks and addresses for networking requirements Understand how internet works.
5. Understand the Application Layer protocols

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Network Hardware and software Reference models- The OSI Reference Model-the TCP/IP Reference Model - A Comparison of the OSI and TCP/IP Reference Models, Examples of Networks: Novell Networks, Arpanet, Internet, Network Topologies WAN, LAN,MAN.

Physical Layer: Guided Transmission Media, Digital Modulation and Multiplexing: frequency division multiplexing, wave length division multiplexing, synchronous time division multiplexing, statistical time division multiplexing.

UNIT-II:

The Data Link Layer - Design Issues, Services Provided to the Network Layer – Framing –Error Control – Flow Control, Error Detection and Correction – Error-Correcting Codes – Error Detecting Codes, Elementary Data Link Protocols, Sliding Window Protocols.

Channel allocation methods: TDM, FDM, ALOHA, Carrier sense Multiple access protocols, Collision Free protocols – IEEE standard 802 for LANS – Ethernet, Token Bus, Token ring, Bridges and IEEE

802.11 and 802.16. Data link layer switching, virtual LANs.

UNIT-III:

Network layer Routing Algorithms: Design Issues, Routing Algorithms-Shortest path, Flooding, Flow based Distance vector, Link state, Hierarchical, Broadcast routing, Congestion Control algorithms-General principles of congestion control, Congestion prevention policies, Choke packets, Load shedding, and Jitter Control.

Internet Working : Tunnelling, internetworking, Fragmentation, Network layer in the internet– IP protocols, IP address, Subnets, Internet control protocols, OSPF, BGP, Internet multicasting, Mobile IP, IPV6.

UNIT IV:

The Transport Layer: Elements of transport protocols – addressing, establishing a connection, releasing connection, flow control and buffering and crash recovery, End to end protocols: UDP, Real Time Transport Protocol.

The Internet Transport Protocol: TCP- reliable Byte Stream (TCP) end to end format, segment format, connection establishment and termination, sliding window revisited, adaptive retransmission, TCP extension, Remote Procedure Call.

UNIT – V:

Application Layer: WWW and HTTP: Architecture- Client (Browser), Server, Uniform Resource Locator HTTP: HTTP Transaction, HTTP Operational Model and Client/Server Communication, HTTP Generic Message Format, HTTP Request Message Format, HTTP Response Message Format.

The Domain Name System: The DNS Name Space, Resource Records, Name Servers, Electronic Mail: Architecture and Services, The User Agent, Message Formats, Message Transfer, Final Delivery.

Text Books:

1. Data Communications and Networks – Behrouz A. Forouzan, Third Edition TMH.
2. Computer Networks, 5ed, David Patterson, Elsevier
3. Computer Networks: Andrew S Tanenbaum, 4th Edition. Pearson Education/PHI
4. Computer Networks, Mayank Dave, CENGAGE

References:

1. Tanenbaum and David J Wetherall, Computer Networks, 5th Edition, Pearson Edu, 2010
2. Computer Networks: A Top Down Approach, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Firouz Mosharraf, McGraw

Hill Education

3. An Engineering Approach to Computer Networks-S.Keshav, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education
4. Understanding communications and Networks, 3rd Edition, W.A. Shay, Thomson The TCP/IP Guide, by Charles M. Kozierok,

Free online Resource:

1. <http://www.tcpipguide.com/free/index.htm>

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE					

Course Objectives:

1. To have a basic proficiency in a traditional AI language including an ability to write simple to intermediate programs and an ability to understand code written in that language
2. To understand the basic issues of knowledge representation and blind and heuristic search, as well as an understanding of other topics such as minimax, resolution, etc. that play an important role in AI programs
3. To have a basic understanding of some of the more advanced topics of AI such as learning, natural language processing, agents and robotics, expert systems, and planning.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Outline problems that are amenable to solution by AI methods, and which AI methods may be suited to solving a given problem
2. Apply the language/framework of different AI methods for a given problem
3. Implement basic AI algorithms- standard search algorithms or dynamic programming
4. Design and carry out an empirical evaluation of different algorithms on problem formalization, and state the conclusions that the evaluation supports
5. Design Expert Systems using fuzzy logic theory

UNIT- I:

Introduction: history, intelligent systems, foundations of AI, applications, tic-tac-toe game playing, development of AI languages, current trends.

UNIT -II:

Problem Solving: state-space search and control strategies: Introduction, general problem solving, characteristics of problem, exhaustive searches, heuristic search techniques, iterative deepening A*, constraint satisfaction.

Problem reduction and game playing: Introduction, problem reduction, game playing, alpha beta pruning, two-player perfect information games.

UNIT –III:

Logic concepts: Introduction, propositional calculus, propositional logic, natural deduction system, axiomatic system, semantic tableau system in propositional logic, resolution refutation in propositional logic, predicate logic.

UNIT -IV:

Knowledge representation: Introduction, approaches to knowledge representation, knowledge representation using semantic network, extended semantic networks for KR, knowledge representation using frames.

Advanced knowledge representation techniques: Introduction, conceptual dependency theory, script structure, CYC theory, case grammars, semantic web

UNIT-V:

Expert system and applications: Introduction phases in building expert systems, expert system versus traditional systems Uncertainty measure: probability theory: Introduction, probability theory, Bayesian belief networks, certainty factor theory, dempster-shafer theory ,Fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic: Introduction, fuzzy sets, fuzzy set operations, types of membership functions, multi valued logic, fuzzy logic, linguistic variables and hedges, fuzzy propositions, inference rules for fuzzy propositions, fuzzy systems.

Text Books:

1. Artificial Intelligence- Saroj Kaushik, CENGAGE Learning
2. Artificial intelligence, A modern Approach , 2nded, Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig, PEA

Reference Books:

1. Artificial Intelligence- Deepak Khemani, TMH, 2013
2. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Patterson, PHI
3. Artificial intelligence, structures and Strategies for Complex problem solving, -George F Luger, 5th ed, PEA

E-Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/>
2. <http://aima.cs.berkeley.edu/>

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
MATHEMATICS FOR MACHINE LEARNING					

Course Objectives:

1. The purpose of this course is to provide a mathematically rigorous introduction to these developments with emphasis on methods and their analysis.
2. Explain and apply matrix decomposition techniques
3. Explain parameter estimation using the Maximum Likelihood method

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the strengths and weaknesses of many popular machine learning approaches.
2. Justify the underlying mathematical relationships within and across Machine Learning algorithms.
3. Evaluate the several areas of mathematics beyond calculus
4. Solve problems in a range of mathematical applications
5. Apply various methods to compute the probabilities of events, Analyze and interpret statistical data using appropriate probability distributions.

UNIT-I:

Linear Algebra: Systems of Linear Equations, Matrices, Solving systems of linear equations, Vector Spaces, Linear Independence, Basis and Rank, Linear Mappings.

Analytic Geometry: Norms, Inner Products, Lengths and Distances, Angles and Orthogonality, Orthonormal Basis, Orthogonal Complement, Inner Product of Functions, Orthogonal Projections.

UNIT-II:

Matrix Decompositions: Determinant and Trace, Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Cholesky Decomposition, Eigen decomposition and Diagonalization, Singular Value Decomposition, Matrix Approximation.

Vector Calculus: Differentiation of Univariate Functions, Partial differentiation and Gradients, Gradients of vector valued functions, Gradients of Matrices, Useful identities for computing gradients, Back propagation and Automatic Differentiation

UNIT-III:

Probability and Distributions: Construction of a Probability space, Discrete and Continuous

probabilities, sum rule, product rule and Bayes Theorem, Summary statistics and Independence, Gaussian Distribution.

Continuous Optimization: Optimization using Gradient Descent, Constrained optimization and Lagrange Multipliers, Convex Optimization.

UNIT-IV:

Linear Regression: Problem Formulation, Parameter Estimation, Bayesian Linear Regression, Maximum Likelihood as Orthogonal Projection.

Dimensionality Reduction with Principal Component Analysis: Problem setting, Maximum Variance Perspective, Projection Perspective, Eigenvector computation and Low Rank Approximations, PCA in High Dimensions, Latent Variable Perspective.

UNIT-V:

Density Estimation with Gaussian Mixture Models: Gaussian Mixture Model, Parameter Learning via Maximum Likelihood, EM Algorithm, Latent-Variable Perspective.

Classification with Support Vector Machines: Separating Hyper planes, Primal Support Vector Machine, Dual Support Vector Machine, Kernels, Numerical Solution.

Text Books:

1. <https://mml-book.github.io/book/mml-book.pdf> - c 2021 M. P. Deisenroth, A. A. Faisal, C. S. Ong. Published by Cambridge University Press (2020).

Reference Books:

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1VSZtNYMntM>

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
MACHINE LEARNING					

Course Objectives:

1. To learn well -known machine learning algorithms
2. To evaluate and compare the performance of various machine learning algorithms
3. Able to differentiate regression models and distance based models and ANNS.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Recognize the characteristics of machine learning algorithms and their applications to real world problems
2. Able to differentiate linear and logistic regressions.
3. Able to write and evaluate hypothesis
4. Understand the concepts of Artificial neural networks
5. Can apply kernel methods to solve real world problems.

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION: Well -posed learning problems, designing a learning system, Perspectives, and issues in machine learning. Concept learning and the general to specific ordering – Introduction, A concept learning task, Concept learning as search, Find -S: finding a maximally specific hypothesis, Version spaces and the candidate elimination algorithm, Remarks on version spaces and candidate elimination, Inductive bias.

UNIT II: LINEAR REGRESSION & LOGISTIC REGRESSION:

PREDICTING NUMERIC VALUES: REGRESSION - Finding the best fit lines with linear regression, locally weighted linear regression, Shrinking Coefficients, The bias / Variance tradeoff.

LOGISTIC REGRESSION: Classification with logistic regression and the sigmoid function, Using optimization to find the best regression coefficients.

UNIT III: ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS: Introduction, Neural network representation, Appropriate problems for neural network learning, Perceptions, Multilayer networks and the back propagation algorithm, Remarks on the back propagation algorithm, An illustrative example face recognition, Advanced topics in artificial neural networks

UNIT IV: EVALUATION HYPOTHESES: Motivation, Estimation hypothesis accuracy, Basics of sampling theory, A general approach for deriving confidence intervals, Difference in error of two hypotheses, Comparing learning algorithms.

UNIT V: SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINES: Separating data with the maximum margin, finding the maximum margin, efficient optimization with SMO algorithm, speeding up optimization with full Platt SMO, Using Kernels for more Complex data.

Text Books:

1. Machine Learning ,Tom M. Mitchell, MGH
2. Machine Learning in Action, Peter Harington, 2012, Cengage.

Reference Books:

1. Introduction to Machine Learning, EthemAlpaydin, PHI, 2004
2. A course in Machine Learning , Hal Daum'e III

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	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
DEEP LEARNING					

Course Objectives:

At the end of the course, the students will be expected to:

1. Learn deep learning methods for working with sequential data,
2. Learn deep recurrent and memory networks,
3. Learn deep Turing machines,

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Demonstrate the basic concepts fundamental learning techniques and layers.
2. Discuss the Neural Network training, various random models.
3. Explain different types of deep learning network models.
4. Classify the Probabilistic Neural Networks and Sequence model neural networks.
5. Implement tools on Deep Learning techniques.

UNIT I:

Introduction: Various paradigms of learning problems, Perspectives and Issues in deep learning framework, review of fundamental learning techniques.

Feed forward neural network: Artificial Neural Network, activation function, multi-layer neural network.

UNIT II:

Training Neural Network: Risk minimization, loss function, back propagation, regularization, model selection, and optimization.

Conditional Random Fields: Linear chain, partition function, Markov network, Belief propagation, Training CRFs, Hidden Markov Model, Entropy.

UNIT III:

Deep Learning: Deep Feed Forward network, regularizations, training deep models, dropouts, Convolution Neural Network, Recurrent Neural Network, and Deep Belief Network.

UNIT IV:

Probabilistic Neural Network: Hopfield Net, Boltzmann machine, RBMs, Sigmoid net, Auto encoders.

Sequence Modeling: LSTM, Gated RNNs & Deep Generative Models

UNIT V:

Applications: Object recognition, sparse coding, computer vision, natural language processing.

Introduction to Deep Learning Tools: Caffe, Theano, Torch.

Text Books:

1. Good fellow, I., Bengio, Y., and Courville, A., Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016..
2. Bishop, C., M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.

Reference Books:

1. Artificial Neural Networks, Yeg nanarayana, B., PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009.
2. Matrix Computations, Golub, G., H., and Van Loan, C., F, JHU Press, 2013.
3. Neural Networks: A Classroom Approach, Satish Kumar, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
CYBER SECURITY					

Course Objectives:

In this course, the student will learn about

1. The essential building blocks and basic concepts around cyber security such as Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability, Authentication, Authorization, Vulnerability, Threat & Risk and so on.
2. Analyze various browser-based attacks
3. Explore strategic network defense mechanisms

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Illustrate the broad set of technical, social & political aspects of Cyber Security and security management methods to maintain security protection
2. Appreciate the vulnerabilities and threats posed by criminals, terrorist and nation states to national infrastructure
3. Illustrate the nature of secure software development and operating systems
4. Demonstrate the role security management plays in cyber security defense and legal and social issues at play in developing solutions
5. Assess privacy concerns in data mining and web-based applications

UNIT –I:

Introduction: Introduction to Computer Security, Threats, Harm, Vulnerabilities, Controls, Authentication, Access Control, and Cryptography, Authentication, Access Control, Cryptography. Programs and Programming: Unintentional (Non-malicious) Programming Oversights, Malicious Code—Malware, Countermeasures.

UNIT –II:

Web Security: User Side, Browser Attacks, Web Attacks Targeting Users, Obtaining User or Website Data, Email Attacks.

Operating Systems Security: Security in Operating Systems, Security in the Design of Operating Systems, Root kit.

UNIT -III:

Network Security: Network Concepts, Threats to Network Communications, Wireless Network Security, Denial of Service, Distributed Denial-of-Service Strategic Defenses: Security Countermeasures, Cryptography in Network Security, Firewalls, Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems, Network Management .

Cloud Computing and Security: Cloud Computing Concepts, Moving to the Cloud, Cloud Security Tools and Techniques, Cloud Identity Management, Securing IaaS.

UNIT- IV:

Privacy: Privacy Concepts, Privacy Principles and Policies, Authentication and Privacy, Data Mining, Privacy on the Web, Email Security, Privacy Impacts of Emerging Technologies, Where the Field Is Headed.

Management and Incidents: Security Planning, Business Continuity Planning, Handling Incidents, Risk Analysis, Dealing with Disaster.

UNIT –V:

Legal Issues and Ethics: Protecting Programs and Data, Information and the Law, Rights of Employees and Employers, Redress for Software Failures, Computer Crime, Ethical Issues in Computer Security, Incident Analysis with Ethics Emerging Topics: The Internet of Things, Economics, Computerized Elections, Cyber Warfare.

Text Books:

1. Pfleeger, C.P., Security in Computing, Prentice Hall, 2010, 5th edition.
2. Schneier, Bruce. Applied Cryptography, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1996

Reference Books:

1. Rhodes-Ousley, Mark. Information Security: The Complete Reference, Second Edition, Information Security Management: Concepts and Practice, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
2. Whitman, Michael E. and Herbert J. Mattord. Roadmap to Information Security for IT and Infosec Managers. Boston, MA: Course Technology, 2011.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
CYBER CRIME INVESTIGATION AND DIGITAL FORENSICS					

Course Objectives:

1. Able to identify security risks and take preventive steps
2. To understand the forensics fundamentals.
3. To understand the evidence capturing process.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student will be able to

1. Acquire the definition of computer forensics fundamentals.
2. Describe the types of computer forensics technology
3. Analyze various computer forensics systems.
4. Illustrate the methods for data recovery, evidence collection and data seizure.
5. Summarize duplication and preservation of digital evidence.

UNIT–I: Introduction: Introduction and Overview of Cyber Crime, Nature and Scope of Cyber Crime, Types of Cyber Crime: Social Engineering, Categories of Cyber Crime, Property Cyber Crime.

UNIT–II: Cyber Crime Issues: Unauthorized Access to Computers, Computer Intrusions, White collar Crimes, Viruses and Malicious Code, Internet Hacking and Cracking, Virus Attacks, Pornography, Software Piracy, Intellectual Property, Mail Bombs, Exploitation ,Stalking and Obscenity in Internet, Digital laws and legislation, Law Enforcement Roles and Responses.

UNIT–III: Investigation: Introduction to Cyber Crime Investigation, Investigation Tools, e-Discovery, Digital Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation, E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E-Mail Recovery, Hands on Case Studies. Encryption and Decryption Methods, Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking.

UNIT–IV: Digital Forensics: Introduction to Digital Forensics, Forensic Software and Hardware, Analysis and Advanced Tools, Forensic Technology and Practices, Forensic Ballistics and Photography, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Recognition, Audio Video Analysis, Windows System Forensics, Linux System

Forensics, Network Forensics.

UNIT– V: Laws And Acts: Laws and Ethics, Digital Evidence Controls, Evidence Handling Procedures, Basics of Indian Evidence ACT IPC and CrPC ,Electronic Communication Privacy ACT, Legal Policies.

Reference Books:

1. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, “Computer Forensics and Investigations”, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
2. Kevin Mandia, Chris Proise, Matt Pepe, “Incident Response and Computer Forensics“, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.
3. Robert M Slade,” Software Forensics”, Tata McGraw - Hill, New Delhi, 2005

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
CRYPTOGRAPHY AND APPLICATIONS					

Course Objective:

This course aims at training students to master the:

1. The concepts of classical encryption techniques and concepts of finite fields and number theory
2. Working principles and utilities of various cryptographic algorithms including secret key cryptography, hashes and message digests, and public key algorithms.
3. Design issues and working principles of various authentication protocols and PKI standards.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Identify information security goals and acquire fundamental knowledge on the concepts of finite fields and number theory
2. Compare and apply different encryption and decryption techniques to solve problems related to confidentiality and authentication
3. Apply the knowledge of cryptographic checksums and evaluate the performance of different message digest algorithms for verifying the integrity of varying message sizes.
4. Apply different digital signature algorithms to achieve authentication and create secure applications
5. Apply network security basics, analyze different attacks on networks and evaluate the performance of security protocols like SSL, IPsec, and PGP

UNIT- I:

Introduction to Security: Security Attacks, Security Services, Security Mechanisms, Fundamental Security Design Principles, Attack Surfaces and Attack Trees, a Model for Network Security

Mathematics of Cryptography: Algebraic Structures (Groups, Rings, Fields and Galois Fields), Divisibility and the Division Algorithm, The Euclidean Algorithm, Modular Arithmetic, Prime Numbers, Fermat's and Euler's Theorems, Testing for Primality, The Chinese Remainder Theorem, Discrete Logarithms

UNIT- II:

Classical Encryption Techniques: Symmetric Cipher Model, Substitution Techniques, Transposition Techniques, Rotor Machines, Steganography

Block Ciphers: Traditional Block Cipher Structure, The Data Encryption Standard, The Strength of DES, Block Cipher Design Principles, Advanced Encryption Standard, AES Structure, AES Transformation Functions, AES Key Expansion, Multiple Encryption and Triple DES, Block Cipher Modes of Operation

UNIT- III:

Public-Key Cryptography: Principles of Public-Key Cryptosystems, The RSA Algorithm, Diffie- Hellman Key Exchange, Elgamal Cryptographic System, Elliptic Curve Cryptography, Cryptographic Hash Functions: Applications of Cryptographic Hash Functions, Requirements and Security, Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA), Message Authentication Codes: Requirements for Message Authentication Codes, HMAC, CMAC

UNIT- IV:

Digital Signatures: Digital Signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Scheme, Schnorr Digital Signature Scheme, NIST Digital Signature Algorithm, Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm

Key Management and Distribution: Symmetric Key Distribution Using Symmetric Encryption, Symmetric Key Distribution Using Asymmetric Encryption, Distribution of Public Keys, X.509 Certificates, Public-Key Infrastructure

User Authentication: Remote User-Authentication Principles, Remote User-Authentication Using Symmetric Encryption, Kerberos, Remote User-Authentication Using Asymmetric Encryption:

UNIT -V:

Transport-Level Security: Web Security Considerations, Transport Layer Security, Secure Shell (SSH)

Electronic Mail Security: S/MIME, Pretty Good Privacy

IP Security: IP Security Overview, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Internet Key Exchange

Text Book:

1. Cryptography and Network Security, William Stallings, 8th Edition, Pearson Education

Reference Books:

1. Cryptography, Network Security and Cyber Laws, Bernard L. Menezes, Ravinder Kumar, Cengage Learning.
2. Cryptography and Network Security, Behrouz A Forouzan, Debdeep Mukhopadhyaya, 3rd Edition, Mc-GrawHill.
3. Network Security Illustrated, Jason Albanese, Wes Sonnenreich, and McGraw Hill.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
BLACK CHAIN TECHNOLOGY					

Course Objectives:

1. To provide conceptual understanding of the function of Block chain as a method of securing distributed ledgers.
2. To understand the structure of a Block chain and why/when it is better than a simple distributed database
3. To make students understand the technological underpinnings of Block chain operations as distributed data structures and decision making systems

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Define and explain the fundamentals of Block chain.
2. Understand decentralization and the role of Block chain in it.
3. Understand and analyze Bitcoin Crypto currency and underlying Block chain network.
4. Understand Ethereum currency and platform, and develop applications using Solidity.
5. Understand Hyper ledger project and its components; critically analyze the challenges and future opportunities in Block chain technology.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: History and basics, Types of Block chain, Consensus, CAP Theorem. Cryptographic Hash Functions: Properties of hash functions, Secure Hash Algorithm, Merkle trees, Patricia trees.

UNIT-II:

Decentralization: Decentralization using Block chain, Methods of decentralization, decentralization framework, Blockchain and full ecosystem decentralization, Smart contracts, Decentralized Organizations, Platforms for decentralization.

UNIT-III:

Bitcoin: Introduction to Bitcoin, Digital keys and addresses, Transactions, Blockchain, The Bitcoin network, Bitcoin payments, Bitcoin Clients and APIs, Alternatives to Proof of Work, Bitcoin limitations.

UNIT-IV:

Ethereum: Smart Contracts, Introduction to Ethereum, The Ethereum network, Components of the Ethereum ecosystem, Blocks and Blockchain, Fee schedule, Ethereum Development Environment, Solidity.

UNIT-V:

Hyperledger: Introduction, Hyperledger Projects, Protocol, Architecture, Hyperledger Fabric, Sawtooth Lake, Corda.

Challenges and Opportunities: Scalability, Privacy, Blockchain for IoT, Emerging trends

Text Book:

1. Mastering Blockchain, Imran Bashir, Second Edition, Packt Publishing.

Reference Books:

1. Mastering Bitcoin: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies, Andrea Antonopoulos, and O'Reilly.
2. Blockchain Blueprint for a New Economy, Melanie Swan, O'Reilly.
3. Mastering Bitcoin: Programming the Open Blockchain, Antonopoulos, Andreas M. O'Reilly.
4. Blockchain Technology: Cryptocurrency and Applications, S. Shukla, M. Dhawan, S. Sharma, S. Venkatesan, Oxford University Press.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA					

Course Objectives:

1. Implementing programs for user interface and application development using core java principles.
2. Focus on object oriented concepts and java program structure and its installation.
3. Comprehension of java programming constructs, control structures in Java Programming Constructs.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand Java programming concepts and utilize Java Graphical User Interface in Program writing.
2. Write, compile, execute and troubleshoot Java programming for networking concepts.
3. Build Java Application for distributed environment.
4. Design and Develop multi-tier applications.
5. Identify and Analyze Enterprise applications.

UNIT I:**Introduction to OOP**

Introduction, Need of Object Oriented Programming, Principles of Object Oriented Languages, Procedural languages Vs OOP, Applications of OOP, History of JAVA, Java Virtual Machine, Java Features, Program Structures, Installation of JDK1.6.

UNIT II:

Variables, Primitive Data types, Identifiers- Naming Conventions, Keywords, Literals, Operators-Binary, Unary and Ternary, Expressions, Precedence rules and Associativity, Primitive Type Conversion and Casting, Flow of Control-Branching, Conditional Loops.

Classes and Objects- Classes, Objects, Creating Objects, Methods, Constructors-Constructor Overloading, Cleaning up Unused Objects-Garbage Collector, Class Variable and Methods-Static Keyword, this keyword, Arrays, Command Line Arguments.

UNIT III:

Inheritance: Types of Inheritance, Deriving Classes using Extends Keyword, Method Overloading, Super Keyword, Final Keyword, Abstract Class.

Interfaces, Packages and Enumeration: Interface-Extending Interface, Interface Vs Abstract Classes, Packages-Creating Packages, Using Packages, Access Protection, java.lang Package.

Exceptions & Assertions - Introduction, Exception Handling Techniques-try...catch, throw, throws, finally block, User Defined Exception, Exception Encapsulation and Enrichment, Assertions.

UNIT IV:

Multi-Threading: java.lang.Thread, The main Thread, Creation of New Threads, Thread Priority, Multithreading- Using isAlive() and join(), Synchronization, Suspending and Resuming Threads, Communication between Threads.

Input/Output: Reading and Writing data, java.io package.

Applet: Applet Class, Applet Structure, Applet Life Cycle, Sample Applet Programs.

UNIT V:

Event Handling: Event Delegation Model, Sources of Event, Event Listeners, Adapter Classes, Inner Classes.

Abstract Window Toolkit :Importance of AWT, Java.awt.package, Components and Containers, Button, Label, Check Box, Radio Buttons, List Boxes, Choice Boxes, Text Field and Text Area, Container Classes, LayOuts, Menu, Scroll bar.

Swings: Introduction, JFrame, JApplet, JPanel, Components in Swings, Layout Managers, List and JScroll Pane, SplitPane, JTabbedPane, JTree, DialogBox, Pluggable Look and Feel.

Text Books:

1. The Complete Reference Java, 8ed, Herbert Schildt, TMH.
2. Programming in JAVA, Sachin Malhotra, Saurabh Choudhary, Oxford.
3. JAVA for Beginners, 4e, Joyce Farrell, Ankit R. Bhavsar, Cengage Learning.

Reference Books:

1. JAVA Programming, K.Rajkumar, Pearson.
2. Core JAVA, Black Book, Nageswara Rao, Wiley, Dream Tech.
3. Core JAVA for Beginners, Rashmi Kanta Das, Vikas.
4. Object Oriented Programming through JAVA , P Radha Krishna , University Press.

5. Object oriented programming with JAVA, Essentials and Applications, Raj Kumar Bhuyya, Selvi, Chu TMH.
6. Introduction to Java Programming, 7th ed, Y Daniel Liang, Pearson.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
PYTHON PROGRAMMING					

Course Objectives:

1. Introduction to Scripting Language
2. Exposure to various problems solving approaches of computer science
3. **Teach the use of multiple `except` blocks** to handle different types of exceptions individually and appropriately.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the fundamentals of scripting language and its learning environment.
2. Acquire the knowledge of data types, operators and control structures.
3. Understand Object oriented concepts and apply the concepts of data structures to real world data.
4. Apply the concept of modularity and implement different packages to solve complex problems.
Understand Object oriented concepts and handle different errors through exceptions.
5. Develop multithreaded application using standard libraries.

UNIT-I:

Features and History of Python, Print and Input functions, variables, keywords, comments, Types: Numerical Types (int, float, complex), Strings, Boolean, Type Conversion, Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Bitwise, Assignment, Identity, Membership, Control Flow: Indentation, if-elseif-else, while, for, break, continue, pass, else-with loops

UNIT-II:

Functions: Introduction, Required Arguments, Default Arguments, Keyword Arguments, Variable Number of Arguments, Variable Scope and Lifetime, global variables, Lambda Functions, Command Line Arguments

Object Oriented Programming: Classes and Objects, built-in class methods and attributes, 'self', constructor, destructor, inheritance, data hiding, overriding methods and overloading operators

UNIT-III:

Data Structures: Lists, Nested Lists, List Comprehensions, Tuples and Sequences, Sets, Dictionaries

File I/O: opening, closing, reading and writing.

UNIT-IV:

Exception Handling: Exceptions, Multiple Except Blocks, Multiple Exceptions in a Single Block, Except Block without Exception, the else Clause, Raising Exceptions, Built-in and User-defined Exceptions, The finally block

Introduction modules, import and from-import, Packages in Python, used defined modules and packages, PIP.

UNIT-V:

The Python Standard Library: numeric and mathematical modules, string processing, date & time, calendar, operating system, web browser

Graphics with turtle: Motion Control, Pen, Colour, Fill, multiple turtles, reset and clear

GUI design with tkinter: Button, Canvas, Check button, Entry, Frame, Label, Listbox, Menu, Menu button, Message, Radio button, Scale, Scrollbar, Text

Text Books:

1. Python Programming using problem solving approach, Reema Thareja, Oxford University Press.
2. Learning Python, Mark Lutz, O'Reilly
3. Programming Python, Fourth Edition, Mark Lutz, O'Reilly Media.

Reference Books:

1. Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python with Application to Understanding, John V. Guttag, PHI.
2. Think Python: How to think like a Computer Scientist, Allen Downey, Green Tea Press.
3. Head First Python: A Brain-Friendly Guide, Second Edition, Paul Barry, O'Reilly
4. The Python Standard Library, Python 3.6.5 documentation (Web Resource)
<https://docs.python.org/3/library/>

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
BASIC WEB DESIGNING					

Course Objectives:

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

1. How does a website work and web related terminology.
2. Web standards and W3C elements
3. Responsive Web Designing

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Learn the basic terminology related to web and web development.
2. Learn how to design static web pages by using HTML.
3. Should be able to create web pages with enhanced look and feel by Using CSS.
4. Learn to use Java Script for design thick clients and to design interactive responsive form design and validations.
5. Learn to design and host and publish websites in various domains.

UNIT - I: Introduction to Web and Web Design Principles:

Brief History of Internet, What is World Wide Web, Why create a web site, Web Standards, Web pages, Website, Web browsers and Web servers and Web protocols.

Basic principles involved in developing a web site, Planning process, Five Golden rules of web designing ,Designing navigation bar , Page design ,Home Page Layout ,Design concept.

UNIT - II: Introduction to HTML:

What is HTML, HTML Documents, Basic structure of an HTML document, Creating an HTML document, Mark up Tags, Heading-Paragraphs, Line Breaks, HTML Tags.

Introduction to elements of HTML, Working with Text, Working with Lists, Tables and Frames, Working with Hyperlinks, Images and Multimedia ,Working with Forms and controls.

UNIT - III: Introduction to Cascading Style Sheets:

Concept of CSS, Creating Style Sheet, CSS Properties, CSS Styling(Background, Text Format, Controlling Fonts), Working with block elements and objects, working with Lists and Tables, CSS Id and Class ,Box Model(Introduction, Border properties, Padding Properties, Margin properties) ,CSS Advanced(Grouping, Dimension, Display, Positioning, Floating, Align, Pseudo class, Navigation Bar,

Image Sprites, Attribute sector) , CSS Color ,Creating page Layout and Site Designs.

UNIT - IV: Introduction to Java Script:

What is Java Script? Basics of Java Script: Variables, functions, and Operators, select HTML elements with Java Script, Java Script Events and Event Handlers, Regular expressions and pattern matching in Java Script. Form validation using Java Script.

UNIT - V: Introduction to Web Publishing or Hosting:

Creating the Web Site, Saving the site, working on the web site, Creating web site structure, Creating Titles for web pages, Themes-Publishing web sites. Case study: Web publishing and hosting using Heroku cloud platform (<https://www.heroku.com/>).

Text Books		
Name of Authors	Title of the Book	Publisher
Kogent Learning Solutions Inc.	HTML 5 in simple steps	Dreamtech Press
	A beginner's guide to HTML	NCSA, 14 th May, 2003
Murray, Tom/Lynchburg	Creating a Web Page and Web Site	College, 2002
Reference Books		
	Web Designing & Architecture-Educational Technology Centre	University of Buffalo
Steven M. Schafer	HTML, XHTML, and CSS Bible, 5ed	Wiley India
John Duckett	Beginning HTML, XHTML, CSS, and JavaScript	Wiley India
Ian Pouncey, Richard York	Beginning CSS: Cascading Style Sheets for Web Design	Wiley India
Kogent Learning	Web Technologies: HTML, Javascript	Wiley India

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		2	0	2	3
ADVANCED WEB TECHNOLOGIES					

Course Objectives:

The objectives of this course is to acquire knowledge on the

1. This course is designed to introduce students with basic web programming experience to the advanced web programming languages and techniques associated with the World Wide Web.
2. The course will introduce web-based media-rich programming tools for creating interactive web pages.
3. The course will introduce Web Frame works like React JS and Angular JS for quick and efficient design and implementation of web applications.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Analyze a web page and Create web pages using HTML5 and Cascading Styles sheets 3 and Boot strap.
2. Build dynamic web pages using Java Script and Write simple client-side scripts using AJAX.
3. Learn to use XML for data exchange and transfer over web and XML parsing and validation techniques.
4. Build web applications using PHP.
5. Describe a java web services.

UNIT - I Introduction to HTML5, CSS3 and Boot strap:

Basic Syntax, Standard HTML Document Structure, HTML5 tags, Audio, video, 2D canvas Drawing and animations using HTML5.

CSS 3: What is SCSS, Difference between CSS and SCSS, Introduction to SASS tool and CSS template design using Bootstrap

UNIT - II: Java Script and DHTML:

DHTML: Java Script DOM, Interactive and responsive web page designing, Positioning Moving and Changing Elements.

Java Script Web Frame works: React JS, Angular JS and Vue JS, Single Page Application (SPA) Design and Development using Angular JS.

UNIT - III: XML:

Introduction to XML, XML vs HTML, Document type Definition, XML schemas, Document object model, XSLT, DOM and SAX Approaches. AJAX A New Approach: Introduction to AJAX. Request and Response mechanism of AJAX.

UNIT - IV: PHP Programming:

Introducing PHP: Creating PHP script, Running PHP script. Working with variables and constants: Using variables, Using constants, Datatypes, Operators. Controlling program flow: Conditional statements, Control statements, Arrays, functions. Working with forms and Databases such as MySQL.

UNIT - V: Web Services:

JAX-RPC-Concepts-Writing a Java Web Service-Writing a Java Web Service Client- Describing Web Services: WSDL- Representing Data Types: XML Schema Communicating Object Data: SOAP Related Technologies-Software Installation-Storing Java Objects as Files-Databases and Java Servlets.

Text Books:

1. Programming the World Wide Web, Robert W Sebesta, 7ed, Pearson.
2. Introducing HTML5 (Voices That Matter) 2nd Edition by Bruce Lawson / Remy Sharp Lawson / Sharp, Kindle publishers.
3. Web Technologies, Uttam K Roy, Oxford
4. HTML, CSS, and JavaScript All in One: Covering HTML5, CSS3, and ES6, Sams Teach Yourself 3rd Edition, by Julie Meloni and, Jennifer Kyrnin. Pearson
5. JavaScript Frameworks for Modern Web Development: The Essential Frameworks, Libraries, and Tools to Learn Right Now 2nd ed. Edition by Sufyan bin Uzayr, Nicholas Cloud, Tim Ambler. Apress.
6. Java Web Services: Up and Running: A Quick, Practical, and Thorough Introduction 2nd Edition, Kindle Edition by Martin Kalin.

Reference Books:

1. Ruby on Rails Up and Running, Lightning fast Web development, Bruce Tate, Curt Hibbs, Oreilly(2006
2. Programming Perl, 4ed, Tom Christiansen, Jonathan Orwant, Oreilly (2012)
3. Web Technologies, HTML < JavaScript, PHP, Java, JSP, XML and AJAX, Black book, Dream Tech.
4. An Introduction to Web Design, Programming, Paul S Wang, Sanda S Katila, Cengage Learning.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE					

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the structure, function and characteristics of computer system.
2. To understand the design of the various functional units and components of computers.
3. To explain the function of each element of a memory hierarchy.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the architecture of modern computer.
2. Analyze the Performance of a computer using performance equation.
3. Understand different instruction types.
4. Calculate the effective address of an operand by addressing modes.
5. Understand how computer stores positive and negative numbers.
6. Understand how computer performs arithmetic operation of positive and negative numbers.

UNIT -I:**Basic Structure of Computers:**

Functional unit, Basic Operational Concepts, Bus Structures, System Software, Performance, The History of Computer Development. Data Representation: Data Types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation.

Basic Computer Organization and Design:

Instruction Codes, Computer Registers, Computer Instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction Cycle, Memory – Reference Instructions, Interrupt, Design of Basic Computer, Design of Accumulator Logic.

UNIT -II:

Machine Instruction and Programs: Instruction and Instruction Sequencing: Register Transfer Notation, Assembly Language Notation, Addressing Modes, Basic Input/output Operations, Importance of Stacks and Queues in Computer Programming Equation. Component of Instructions: Logic Instructions, Shift and Rotate Instructions, Branch Instructions.

Computer Arithmetic: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division Algorithms. Floating point Arithmetic Operations and Decimal Arithmetic Operations.

UNIT -III:

The Memory System: Memory System Consideration RAM and ROM, Flash Memory, Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary Memory, Associative Memory, Cache Memory and Virtual Memory, Secondary Storage: Magnetic Hard Disks, Optical Disks.

Pipeline Processing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline.

UNIT -IV:

Processing Unit: Fundamental Concepts: Register Transfers, Performing an Arithmetic or Logic Operation, Fetching a Word from Memory, Execution of Complete Instruction, Hardwired Control.

Micro Programmed Control: Microinstructions, Micro Program Sequencing, Wide Branch Addressing and Microinstructions with Next – Address Field.

UNIT -V:**Input / Output Organization:**

Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts: Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory Access, Buses: Synchronous Bus, Asynchronous Bus, Interface Circuits, Standard I/O Interface: Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) Bus, Universal Serial Bus (USB).

Parallelism:

Instruction-Level-Parallelism – Parallel Processing Challenges – Flynn's Classification: SISD, MIMD, SIMD, SPMD and Vector Architectures, – Hardware Multithreading – Multi-Core Processors and Other Shared Memory Multiprocessors.

Text Books:

1. Computer Organization, Carl Hamacher, ZvonksVranesic, SafeaZaky, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Computer Architecture and Organization, John P. Hayes, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill.

Reference Books:

1. Computer Organization and Architecture – William Stallings tenth Edition, Pearson/PHI.
2. Computer System Architecture, M. Morris Mano, 3 rd Edition Pearson Education.
3. Structured Computer Organization – Andrew S.Tanenbaum, 4th Edition PHI/Pearson.
4. Fundamentals of Computer Organization and Design, Sivarama Dandamudi Springer Int.Edition.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS					

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the foundations of distributed systems.
2. To learn issues related to clock Synchronization, the need for global state and remote invocation in distributed systems.
3. To learn distributed mutual exclusion and deadlock detection algorithms.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the foundations and issues of distributed systems.
2. Illustrate the various synchronization issues, global state and remote invocation for distributed systems.
3. Develop the Mutual Exclusion and Deadlock detection algorithms in distributed systems.
4. Apply the features of peer-to-peer, distributed shared memory systems and security.
5. Analyze the distributed transactions, agreement protocols and fault tolerance mechanisms in distributed systems.

UNIT- I:

Characterization of Distributed Systems: Introduction, Examples of Distributed Systems, Resource Sharing and the Web, Challenges, Relation to Computer system Components, Motivation, Relation to Parallel Systems, Message-Passing systems versus Shared Memory systems, Primitives for Distributed Communication, Synchronous versus Asynchronous executions, Design issues and Challenges. A model of Distributed Computations: A distributed program, A model of distributed executions, Models of communication networks, Global state, Cuts, Past and future cones of an event, Models of Process Communications. Logical Time: A framework for a system of logical clocks, Scalar time, Vector time, Physical clock synchronization: NTP.

UNIT –II:

Message Ordering and Group Communication: Message ordering paradigms, Asynchronous execution with synchronous communication, Synchronous program order on an asynchronous system, Group communication, Causal order (CO), Total order.

Global state and Snapshot Recording Algorithms: Introduction, System model and definitions, Snapshot algorithms for FIFO channels. Remote Invocation: Introduction, Design Issues for RMI, Implementation of RMI, Distributed Garbage Collection, Remote Procedure Call, Events and Notifications, Case Study: JAVA RMI.

UNIT- III:

Distributed Mutual Exclusion Algorithms: Introduction, Preliminaries, Lamport's algorithm, Ricart-Agrawala algorithm, Maekawa's algorithm, Suzuki-Kasami's broadcast algorithm. Deadlock Detection in Distributed Systems: Introduction, System model, Preliminaries, Models of deadlocks, Knapp's Classification, Algorithms for the Single Resource Model, the AND model and the OR model.

UNIT -IV:

Peer-to-Peer Computing and Overlay Graphs: Introduction, Data indexing and overlays, Chord distributed hash table, Content addressable networks, Tapestry. Distributed Shared Memory: Abstraction and advantages, Memory consistency models, Shared Memory Mutual Exclusion.

Security: Introduction, Overview of Security Techniques, Cryptographic Algorithms, Digital Signatures, Cryptography Pragmatics.

UNIT –V:

Distributed Transactions: Introduction, Flat and Nested Distributed Transactions, Atomic commit protocols, Concurrency control in distributed transactions. Check Pointing and Rollback Recovery: Introduction, Background and definitions, Issues in Failure recovery, Checkpoint-based recovery, Log-based rollback recovery, coordinated check pointing algorithm, Algorithms for asynchronous and synchronous check pointing and recovery. Consensus and Agreement Algorithms: Problem definition, Overview of results, Agreement in a Failure-Free system (synchronous or asynchronous).

Text Books:

1. Distributed computing: Principles, algorithms, and systems, Ajay D Kshemkalyani and Mukesh Singhal, Cambridge University Press, 2011.
2. Distributed Systems Concepts and Design, George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg, 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

Reference Books:

1. Distributed Operating Systems: Concepts and Design, Pradeep K Sinha, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.

2. Advanced concepts in operating systems. Mukesh Singhal and Niranjana G. Shivaratri, McGraw-Hill, 1994.
3. Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms, Tanenbaum A.S., Van Steen M., Pearson Education, 2007.

E-Resources:

1. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106168/>

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
CLOUD COMPUTING					

Course Objective:

1. **Explain the evolution of computing paradigms,**
2. **Differentiate cloud computing as both a service and a platform**
3. **Identify and evaluate different types of applications suitable for cloud deployment,**

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand and analyze different computing paradigms
2. Understand the basics of cloud computing and different cloud deployment models.
3. Understand different cloud implementation and management strategies.
4. Understand and evaluate different cloud service models.
5. Identify, analyze and use different cloud services/applications/tools available from key cloud providers.

UNIT-I:

Computing Paradigms: High-Performance Computing, Parallel Computing, Distributed Computing, Cluster Computing, Grid Computing, Cloud Computing, Bio computing, Mobile Computing, Quantum Computing, Optical Computing, Nano computing.

UNIT-II:

Cloud Computing Fundamentals: Motivation for Cloud Computing, The Need for Cloud Computing, Defining Cloud Computing, Definition of Cloud Computing, Cloud Computing is a Service, Cloud Computing is a Platform, Principles of Cloud computing, Five Essential Characteristics, Four Cloud Deployment Models

UNIT-III:

Cloud Computing Architecture and Management: Cloud architecture, Layer, Anatomy of the Cloud, Network Connectivity in Cloud Computing, Applications on the Cloud, Managing the Cloud, Managing the Cloud Infrastructure, Managing the Cloud Application, Migrating Application to Cloud, Phases of Cloud Migration Approaches for Cloud Migration.

UNIT-IV:

Cloud Service Models: Infrastructure as a Service, Characteristics of IaaS. Suitability of IaaS, Pros and Cons of IaaS, Summary of IaaS Providers, Platform as a Service, Characteristics of PaaS, Suitability of PaaS, Pros and Cons of PaaS, Summary of PaaS Providers, Software as a Service, Characteristics of SaaS, Suitability of SaaS, Pros and Cons of SaaS, Summary of SaaS Providers, Other Cloud Service Models.

UNIT-V:

Cloud Providers and Applications: EMC, EMC IT, Captiva Cloud Toolkit, Google Cloud Platform, Cloud Storage, Google Cloud Connect, Google Cloud Print, Google App Engine, Amazon Web Services, Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud, Amazon Simple Storage Service, Amazon Simple Queue service, Microsoft, Windows Azure, Microsoft Assessment and Planning Toolkit, SharePoint, IBM, Cloud Models, IBM Smart Cloud, SAP Labs, SAP HANA Cloud Platform, Virtualization Services Provided by SAP, Sales force, Sales Cloud, Service Cloud: Knowledge as a Service, Rackspace, VMware, Manjra soft, Aneka Platform.

Text Book:

1. Essentials of Cloud Computing, K. Chandrasekhran, CRC press, 1st edition, 2014.

Reference Books:

1. Cloud Computing: Principles and Paradigms, Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej M. Goscinski, Wiley, 1st edition, 2010.
2. Distributed and Cloud Computing, Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack J. Dongarra, Elsevier, 1st edition, 2011.
3. Cloud Security and Privacy: An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance, Tim Mather, SubraKumaraswamy, ShahedLatif, O'Reilly, 2009.

	Minor Course	L	T	P	C
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QUANTUM COMPUTING					

Course Objectives

1. To introduce the fundamentals of quantum computing
2. The problem-solving approach using finite dimensional mathematics
3. **Explain the principle of superposition and the concept of entanglement**, highlighting their significance in quantum mechanics and computation.

Course Outcome

1. Understand the Basics of complex vector spaces
2. Quantum mechanics as applied in Quantum computing
3. Apply Quantum Architecture and algorithms to solve real time problems.
4. Understand and explore the models of Quantum Computer and Quantum Simulation tools
5. Analyze and implement basic quantum algorithms involving superposition, entanglement, and measurement operations.

UNIT-I:

Introduction: Complex numbers and its geometrical representations, Complex vector spaces, inner products and Hilbert spaces, Hermitian and unitary matrices, Tensor products of vector spaces Deterministic Systems.

UNIT-II:

Dirac formalism, superposition of states, entanglement Bits and Qubits. Qubit operations, Hadamard Gate, CNOT Gate, Phase Gate, Z-Y decomposition, Quantum Circuit Composition, Basic Quantum circuits.

UNIT-III:

Quantum Algorithm- I: Quantum parallelism, Quantum Evolution, Deutsch's Algorithm, Deutsch-Jozsa Algorithm, Simon's periodicity algorithm.

UNIT-4

Quantum Algorithm- II: Grover's search algorithm, Shor's Factoring algorithm. Application of entanglement, teleportation, superdense coding.

UNIT-5**Quantum Software Development and Programming:**

Quantum programming languages, Probabilistic and Quantum computations, introduction to quantum cryptography and quantum information theory.

Text Books:

1. Quantum computing explained, David McMahon, Wiley-interscience, John Wiley & Sons, 2008
2. Quantum computing for computer scientists, Noson S. Yanofsky, Mirco A. Mannucci, Cambridge University Press 2008

Reference Books:

1. Quantum computation and quantum information, Michael A. Nielsen and Isaac L. Chuang, Cambridge University Press 2010
2. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, David J. Griffiths, Prentice Hall New Jersey 1995